

Part II Wellhead Protection Plan

Potential Contaminant Inventory, Goals, and Management Strategy

City of Avon, Minnesota AVONM 178036 | July 31, 2024



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Part II Wellhead Protection Plan

Potential Contaminant Inventory, Goals, and Management Strategy City of Avon, Minnesota

SEH No. AVONM 178036

July 31, 2024

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Glossary of Terms

Data Element

A specific type of information required by the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) to prepare a wellhead protection plan.

Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA)

The area delineated using identifiable landmarks that reflects the scientifically calculated wellhead protection area boundaries as closely as possible (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5100, subPart I3).

Drinking Water Supply Management Area Vulnerability

An assessment of the likelihood that the aquifer within the DWSMA is subject to impact from land and water uses within the wellhead protection area. It is based upon criteria that are specified under Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5210, subpart 3.

Emergency Response Area (ERA)

The part of the wellhead protection area that is defined by a one-year time of travel within the aquifer that is used by the public water supply well (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5250, subpart 3). It is used to set priorities for managing potential contamination sources within the DWSMA.

Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ)

The land that is within 200 feet of a public water supply well (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5100, subpart I9). The public water supplier must manage the IWMZ to help protect it from sources of pathogen or chemical contamination that may cause an acute health effect.

Potential Contaminant Source Inventory (PCSI)

The identification and assessment of potential sources of contamination and other threats within the DSWMA to be managed to reduce the risk of contamination and other threats to the water supply.

Surface Water Contribution Area (SWCA)

In a conjunctive delineation, the geographic area that may provide recharge to the aquifer within the well capture zone, attributed to: 1) the presence of a surface hydraulic feature; and 2) the runoff of precipitation or meltwater.

Wellhead Protection (WHP)

A method of preventing well contamination by effectively managing potential contamination sources in all or a portion of the well's recharge area.

Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)

The surface and subsurface area surrounding a well or well field that supplies a public water system, through which contaminants are likely to move toward and reach the well or well field (Minnesota Statutes, section 103I.005, subdivision 24).

Well Vulnerability

An assessment of the likelihood that a well is at risk to human-caused contamination, either due to its construction or indicated by criteria that are specified under Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5550, subpart II.

Acronyms

CWI	County Well Index
CMWEA	Central Minnesota Water Education Alliance
MWI	Minnesota Well Index
DNR	Minnesota Department of Natural Resources
DWSMA	Drinking Water Supply Management Area
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
ERA	Emergency Response Area
IWMZ	Inner Wellhead Protection Management Zone
MDA	Minnesota Department of Agriculture
MDH	Minnesota Department of Health
MGS	Minnesota Geological Survey
MnDOT	Minnesota Department of Transportation
MPARS	DNR Permitting and Reporting System (formerly known as SWUDS)
MPCA	Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
PCSI	Potential Contaminant Source Inventory
PLS	Public Land Survey
SWCA	Surface Water Contributing Area
SWCD	Soil and Water Conservation District
UMN	University of Minnesota
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WHP	Wellhead Protection
WHPA	Wellhead Protection Area

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Part II Wellhead Protection Plan

Potential Contaminant Inventory, Goals, and Management Strategy

Prepared for the City of Avon, Minnesota

1 | Introduction

The wellhead protection (WHP) plan for the City of Avon was prepared in cooperation with the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH). It contains specific actions that the city will take to fulfill WHP requirements that are specified under Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5100 to 4720.5590. Also, the support that federal, state, and local agencies will provide is presented to identify their roles in protecting the city's drinking water supply. The Plan was developed for the City's municipal wells identified in **Table 1** and is effective for 10 years after the approval date specified by MDH. The city is responsible for implementing its WHP plan of action as described in **Table 13** of this report. Furthermore, the city will evaluate the status of plan implementation at least every two and one half years to identify whether its WHP plan is being implemented on schedule.

The wellhead protection area (WHPA) is the region that supplies groundwater to The City. The area around the WHPA, which is to be protected and managed, is defined as the Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA). These areas were delineated in Part 1 of the Wellhead Protection Plan. Geographic landmarks, such as roads and property lines, were used to map the boundaries of the DWSMA so that it is readily identifiable. The location of the DWSMA, relative to other communities, is shown on **Figure 1**. The well vulnerabilities, WHPA, and DWSMA were established by the MDH in August 2023 and are also shown on **Figure 1** and **Figure 2**.

The City utilizes two active municipal wells and one emergency well (Wells 4, 5, and 3 (emergency) corresponding to MN Unique Well Nos. 696861, 696862, 242069, respectively). All three wells are completed in sand and gravel aquifers and have all but well 5 have been determined to be vulnerable to contamination from land surface activities based on the geologic setting. Based on the local geologic conditions, the DWSMA has been delineated with areas of moderate vulnerability. Consequently, the potential sources of contamination to the source water aquifers include select land uses and other wells that penetrate the aquifer. This information was presented during the Second Scoping Meeting held with MDH staff on October 23, 2023, when the necessary requirements for the content of Part II were outlined and discussed in detail.

The DWSMA vulnerability was established based upon the shallow groundwater table and the lack of geologic material (i.e. clay) at depth, inhibiting vertical groundwater flow, there appears to be a connection between surface water and groundwater within the DWSMA. Additionally, detectable tritium in wells 3 and 4 indicates the presence of young (post-1953) water. This is reinforced by the chloride concentration and chloride/bromide ratios presented below (**Appendix B**). Higher concentrations or concentration ratios indicate recent recharge from the surface. Well #5 also shows evidence for human impact based on chloride and bromide, but apparently the proportion of young water at this well is lower due to the absence of detectable tritium.

1.1 | Report Contents

This report is Part II of the WHP Plan for the City of Avon and includes the following:

- A review and assessment of the data elements per the MDH Scoping Notice documented in **Appendix A**.
- The results of the Potential Contaminant Source Inventory (PCSI).
- A review of changes, issues, problems, and opportunities related to the public water supply and the identified potential contaminant sources.
- A detailed discussion of the potential contaminant source management strategies and corresponding goals, objectives, and action plans.
- A review of the wellhead/source water protection evaluation program.
- An alternative water supply contingency strategy.

1.2 Content of Appendices

Much of the technical information that was used to prepare this plan is contained in the appendices and summarized in the main body of this plan.

Appendix A contains the Scoping Decision Notice No. 2 which was developed by the MDH based on the findings of Part I.

Appendix B contains the Part I of the Plan completed in 2023 by the MDH. Part I of the Plan is summarized in **Section 2**. In Part I of the Plan, the Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA) and Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA) were delineated, and vulnerability assessments of the wells and corresponding DWSMA were based on data available on the source water aquifer used by the municipal wells.

Appendix C contains the inventory of potential contamination sources that may present a risk to the city's drinking water. This part of the Plan is discussed in **Section 3** in terms of assigning risk to the city's water supply and is discussed as issues, problems, or opportunities summarized in **Section 6**.

Appendix D contains the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (DNR) approval letter for the City of Avon's Water Supply Plan under DNR jurisdiction and has been determined to meet contingency requirements for the WHPP Amendment water contingency plan.

Appendix E contains the Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ) – Potential Contaminant Source Inventory (PCSI) Report.

Appendix F contains the MDH Public Water Supply Sources Report for Old Municipal Wells. Also provided in this appendix are sealing records for old Municipal Wells.

Appendix G contains written comments received during the 60-day Local Units of Government (LUG) period.

1.3 General Information

The municipal water supply wells included in the WHP Plan are listed in **Table 1**.

Public Water Supply

• Name: City of Avon PWSID # 1730002

• Address: P.O. Box 69, Avon, Minnesota 56310

Wellhead Protection Manager(s)

- Justin Kurtz, Water/Wastewater Foreman
- Address: P.O. Box 69, Avon, Minnesota 56310
- Telephone: (320)342-8101
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Wellhead Protection Manager(s)

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- Email: josh.b@cityofavonmn.com

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- Telephone: (651)201-5847
- Email: <u>Chad.R.Anderson@state.mn.us</u> | Web: <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/environment/water/swp/index.htm</u>

Minnesota Department of Health - Source Water Protection Planner

- Gail Haglund, Hydrologist
- Address: 625 Robert St. N P.O. Box 64975 St. Paul, MN 55164-0975
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Stearns Soil and Water Conservation District

- Wayne Cymbaluk, Community Conservationist
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- Telephone: (320)-293-6498
- Email: <u>Wayne.Cymbaluk@mn.nacdnet.net</u> | Web: <u>https://www.stearnscountyswcd.net</u>

Stearns Soil and Water Conservation District

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2 Delineation of the Wellhead Protection Area, Drinking Water Supply Management Area, and Vulnerability Assessments

2.1 WHPA and DWSMA Delineation

The boundaries of the WHPA and DWSMA and the DWSMA vulnerability are shown on **Figures 1** and **2**. Well vulnerability is listed in **Table 2**. A detailed description of the process used for 1) delineating the WHPA and the DWSMA, and 2) preparing the vulnerability assessments of the city water supply well(s) and DWSMA is presented in the Part I Wellhead Protection Plan, which can be found in **Appendix B**. The Part I WHP plan was completed by the MDH and delineated the DWSMA corresponding to the source water used to supply the City's active municipal wells.

The WHPA is defined by the surface and subsurface area surrounding a well or well field that supplies a public water system for a 10-year time of travel through which contaminants are likely to move toward and reach the well or well field (Minnesota Statutes, section 1031.005, subdivision 24). Furthermore, the DWSMA is defined by correlating the WHPAs to the outer extent of geographically identifiable features or administrative boundaries. The WHPAs and DWSMA are shown on **Figure 1**. Additionally, **Figure 1** shows the emergency response areas (ERAs), which are defined by a 1-year time of travel and the IWMZs, which are defined by the area within a 200-foot radius around each well. Definitions of rule-specific terms that are used are provided in the "Glossary of Terms".

2.2 DWSMA Vulnerability Assessment

The significance of this assessment relative to the likelihood that a contaminant may move to the source water aquifer is summarized below in terms of travel time. Generally, a higher the vulnerability rating, the greater the risk that a contaminant may result in contaminated drinking water.

An assessment of DWSMA vulnerability was completed in Part I (MDH, 2023) including a review of isotopic sampling information, water chemistry, well construction, and boring logs. From this assessment the DWSMA was assigned a Moderate vulnerability for the DWSMA. **Figure 2** shows vulnerability for the DWSMA.

MDH has determined the following definition for the vulnerabilities found within the DWSMA:

 Moderate vulnerability DWSMA indicates that vertical recharge to the source water aquifer occurs over a time period of years to several decades.

3 Data Elements and Assessment

3.1 Scoping Notice Required Data Elements

Chapter 3, outlined below, follows requirements of the Scoping 2 Data elements and provides a summary of information gathered for the part 2 WHP plan.

The data elements that are included in this plan document establish potential contaminant sources and determine the need for the WHP measures that will be implemented to help protect

the city's water supply from potential sources of contamination. The city met with representatives from MDH to discuss the data elements that are specified in Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5400, for preparing a WHP plan.

For the Part II WHPP, the Scoping 2 meeting was held on October 23, 2023 and discussed the data elements required to 1) identify potential risks to the public water supply and 2) develop effective management strategies to protect the public water supply in relation to the well and DWSMA vulnerability. The results of the meeting were communicated to the city by MDH through a formal scoping decision notice. The formal scoping decision notice for the Part II WHPP is included in **Appendix A**. **Figure 2** shows the vulnerability for the DWSMA, the WHP Area, and the ERAs.

The Part II data elements are based on the determination in the Part I that the DWSMA vulnerability is moderate. Each data element is required to be assessed for its impact on 1) use of the well(s), 2) quality and quantity of water supplying the public water supply well(s), and 3) land and groundwater uses in the DWSMA. This information is found in **Appendix A**.

The availability of the information relating to each data element that is used in this plan was evaluated by staff from the MDH, the City of Avon, and Short Elliott Hendrickson Inc. (SEH[®]). During the evaluation process the City of Avon, SEH, and MDH discussed whether a data element was considered an issue, concern, or opportunity that the City of Avon must address in this plan. Any such items identified are discussed in **Section 3** and summarized in **Section 4** with PCSI data elements detail found in **Appendix C** and non-PCSI data elements depicted in the figures. The PCSI locations (**Appendix C**) queried as part of this plan were assessed for locational accuracy during the development of this plan. Potential contaminant sources that were found to have poor or incorrect locations were reassigned based on local knowledge or historical data provided with each data source. Over 150 unlocated wells were reviewed and reassigned to parcels within or outside of the DWSMA.

The following sections detail each scoping notice item and its relevance to the source water quality and quantity when relevant to the City of Avon WHP part II.

3.2 Data Elements to be Submitted in the Plan

The Scoping II Notice determined that the following information must be submitted in the Part 2 by including it in the plan narrative and/or appendix.

- A map that indicates the vulnerability and includes the DWSMA, WHP Area, and Emergency Response Area must be included in the Part 2.
 - **Figure 1** depicts the IWMZ, ERA, WHPA, and DWSMA. **Figure 2** depicts the vulnerability for the entire DWSMA.

3.2.1 Data Elements about the Land Use-

3.2.1.1 Land Use

- An existing map of political boundaries.
 - Figure 3 depicts political boundaries that intersect the DWSMA. The DWSMA falls within one Minnesota County: Stearns County. Parcels for the county are illustrated on Figure 11 through Figure 12 and are also available for download from the Minnesota Geospatial data commons and on the respective County interactive

mapping website. The ERA intersects the City of Avon and Avon Township. Land use information and the extent and limits of the WHPA and DWSMA will be helpful to decision-makers in future planning efforts, by considering groundwater quality issues and wellhead and source water protection. Since there are areas within the DWSMA where the source water aquifers have been classified as moderately vulnerable, most land uses have also been considered as part of the potential contaminant source inventory **Appendix C**. The City of Avon may have limited authority in proactively addressing any such past or future contaminant source. The City will need to work cooperatively with neighboring local government units to address any issues. Stearns County, Sauk River Watershed District, and Stearns County Soil Water Conservation District, hereby referred to as "Stearns SWCD", are important partnerships to maintain to help work with neighboring communities outside of Avon's jurisdiction.

- An existing map of public land surveys including township, range, section.
 - Multiple Township, Range, and Section (TRS) Boundaries intersect the DWSMA and are shown on Figure 3. The DWSMA fully or partially intersects 4 sections within portions of Township 125, Range 30, and Sections 21, 22, 28, and 27.

3.2.1.2 Potential Contaminant Source Inventory (PCSI)

Potential Contaminant Sources were inventoried as determined from the Scoping Notice.

- 1. A map and an inventory of the current and historical agricultural, residential, commercial, industrial, recreational, and institutional land uses and potential contaminant sources.
 - The DWSMA consists of primarily commercial, residential, and agricultural land within the City of Avon and Avon Township. Historically most major development within the DWSMA has been around the City center and changes and records of previous contaminated sites are documented in state agency files. Any future commercial and industrial land uses may become potential contaminant sources as land activities may affect source water quality and quantity. At this time, most of Avon Township that intersects the DWSMA is expected to be developed into low density residential property. The area around County Road 155 is depicted as turning into commercial property. The sections below detail maps and tables related to these details.

The Potential Contaminant Source Inventory (PCSI) data in both a table and a map format must be created and included in the Part 2. Include potential contaminant sources as listed on the PCSI attachment provided for each existing vulnerability within the DWSMA. The Scoping 2 Meeting WHP Planning Issues Summary may also be used to provide guidance on the PCSI. PCS Inventory Requirements for Moderately Vulnerable DWSMA.

1. Inventory potential contaminant sources in the DWSMA as identified in the listed on Moderately Vulnerable PCSI Requirements.

- PCSI identified for this plan are detailed in **Appendix C** and depicted on **Figure 11 to Figure 12**. The inventory, mapping, and management of land uses and potential sources of contamination for the DWSMA reflect what is known about these data elements. PCSI identified for this plan are discussed in greater detail in **Chapter 4**.
- The Scoping Notice requires assessment of many types of PCSI depending on the DWSMA Vulnerability. The PCSI that were and were not identified within the DWSMA are listed in **Table 7**.
- 2. A land use/land cover map and table.
 - Land cover from the United States Geologic Survey's National Land Cover Database (USGS NLCD) is depicted on **Figure 7** and detailed in **Table 5**. Land cover for the

DWSMA is primarily open water and developed area. Areas of development with varying intensity is centered around the City of Avon.

- 3. Inventory of the Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ).
 - Detailed in **Appendix E** and listed on **Table 6**. The IWMZ was completed by the SWP Planner with assistance from the PWS staff. The IWMZ was completed for each primary and emergency well with management recommendations on the MDH form, or a table that summarizes the number and type of contaminant sources with the management recommendations must be included. The summary of these reports was incorporated into **Table 13**.
- 4. An Existing Comprehensive Land-Use Map.
 - Avon's comprehensive land-use map including Zoning and Future Land Use is depicted on Figure 5 and Figure 6 and total acreage of each type is summarized in Table 3 and Table 4. Land use changes over the lifetime of this plan are expected to remain a mixture of residential, commercial, and industrial. Avon intends to expand municipal limits and develop additional residential and commercial areas within Avon Township. At this time, most of Avon Township that intersects the DWSMA is expected to be developed into low density residential property. The area around County Road 155 is depicted as turning into commercial property. Land use changes can affect both water quality and quantity. Industrial and commercial users may require additional supply from the City and/or apply for their own wells to supply water. Any development could potentially bring potential contaminant sources that could negatively impact the source water aquifer or remove protective geologic layers during construction/development. Best management practices should be followed for any future wells or chemical use on properties. Additionally, setback distances for Community PWS wells should be maintained as development occurs.
- 5. An Existing Zoning Map.
 - The City of Avon does not have a separate land use and zoning map. Zoning is depicted on **Figure 5** (along with zoning from Avon Township). Zoning within the DWSMA is primarily commercial/industrial around primary city streets and increasingly residential away from the City center. Avon Township currently zones the DWSMA as urban development. Zoning will likely reflect the future land use map as the municipal boundaries update and urban development occurs.

3.2.1.3 Public Utility Services

- An existing map of transportation routes or corridors
 - Transportation Routes are depicted in Figure 10. Multiple major and minor roadways traverse the areas to be managed within the DWSMA. Interstate 94 runs through southern portion of the DWSMA. County State Aid Highways include CSAH 9, 54, and 50. County Highway's 155, 157, and 159run through the DWSMA. Multiple county, township, and city roads are within DWSMA. Roadway corridors pose a risk for transportation related spills and dumping. Industry and commercial business pose some risk with their associated transportation of hazardous substances through traffic activities. The presence of these transportation routes will be managed by proactively working with local emergency management entities to make them aware of the DWSMA and consider DWSMA protection should any spills occur. Emergency Responders, The Minnesota Department of Transportation (MnDOT) and Stearns County have multiple programs and specifications for helping to mitigate the dispersal, flow, or recharge of contamination.

- No railroad lines were found to intersect the DWSMA; however one former railroad line ran through Avon in the southern portion of the DWSMA.
- An existing map of storm sewers, sanitary sewers, and public water supply systems.
 - Public water supply systems, storm sewers, and sanitary sewers within the DWSMA are generally in good condition.
 - <u>Public water supply systems</u>. A map of public water supply systems is available at the City. The public water supply system water main is depicted on **Figure 10**.
 - <u>Stormwater systems</u>. Stormwater utilities are depicted in Figure 10.
 - <u>Sanitary systems</u>. Sanitary systems are depicted in **Figure 10**.
- An existing map of the gas and oil pipelines used by gas and oil suppliers.
 - The National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) Public Viewer shows no hazardous liquid pipelines within the DWSMA.

3.3 Data Elements Required to be Discussed in the Plan

3.3.1 Data Elements about the Physical Environment

3.3.1.1 Water Resources

Management of the DWSMA must consider local and federal knowledge on Water Resources. Water Features. The following data elements are required to be discussed:

- An existing map of the boundaries and flow directions of major watershed units and minor watershed units:
 - Water resources including watersheds, and flow direction are depicted on Figure 8-1 and Figure 8-2. Surface water resources in The City's WHPA is within the following two watersheds as delineated by the Minnesota DNR:
 - 1. North Fork Watab River (HUC12-070102010602)
 - 2. Spunk Lakes (070102010201)
 - The Avon DWSMA is located within the Mississippi River Sartell Watershed. The watershed partners, which includes SWCDs and Counties, are organizing to create a comprehensive watershed management plan (CWMP) through the Board of Water and Soil Resources' (BWSR) One Watershed, One Plan (1W1P) program. The partners are applying for a planning grant in June 2024 and expect to hear if the grant is awarded in August 2024. After that time, municipalities within the watershed will receive invitations to participate in the planning efforts.
 - The DWSMA is also intersected by Spunk Creek. Water planning efforts should be coordinated with 1W1P, Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategies (WRAPS), and/or Groundwater Restoration and Protection Strategies (GRAPS). WRAPS lists a portion of the North Fork Watab River as highest priority for strategy implementation. The City should stay aware of any planning efforts by 1W1P especially if they go into active planning in August 2024.
 - The general water flow direction of Watersheds are depicted on Figure 8-1 and Figure 8-2, which depicts DNR catchment flow network (flow through wetlands, lakes, rivers, ditches) and catchment pour points. within the WHPA follows the series of regional lakes and rivers/public ditches. The primarily river running through the DWSMA is spunk creek which flows to the North.
- An existing map and a list of public waters as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.005, subdivision 15, and public drainage ditches.

- Public Drainage systems are depicted in Figure 8-1 and Figure 8-2. Depicted on the figure is the Department of Natural Resources Buffer Protection Map (watercourses and ditches), DNR stream centerlines (including confluence and flow direction), wetlands, and local watersheds. Public Drainage systems can help understand surface to groundwater interactions, recharge to groundwater, and contaminant travel.
- Multiple water bodies are within the DWSMA including Lower Spunk Lake, Middle Spunk Lake, Lake Anna, and Ochotto Lake.
- An existing map showing those areas delineated as floodplain by existing local ordinances:
 - Figure 9 depicts floodplain delineated as part of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) flood zone survey. These layers typically depict the annual flood chance based on a 0.2% and 1% (500 year and 100 year) chance based upon historical data. A portion of the DWSMA around Lower Spunk Lake is depicted as within an area with a 100 year floodplain. No flood hazard areas pertaining to 100 year or 500 year floods are within the IWMZ or ERA areas. Additionally, the City is not aware of any issues related to flooding around their public water supply wells.

3.3.2 Data Elements about the Land Use-

3.3.2.1 Land Use

- An existing map of parcel boundaries.
 - **Figure 11** and **12** depicts parcels that intersect the DWSMA. The DWSMA falls within Stearns County.
 - Alternatively, for more detailed information, parcel data is also available on the respective County interactive mapping website and available where it is also available for download.

3.4 Data Elements Pertaining to the Part 1 WHPP

Data Elements pertaining to the Part 1 WHPP are summarized, reviewed, and assessed in this document. The Part I WHPP is included in **Appendix B**.

3.4.1 Data Elements about the Physical Environment -

- An existing geologic map and a description of the geology, including aquifers, confining layers, recharge areas, discharge areas, sensitive areas as defined in Minnesota Status section 103H.005, subdivision 13, and groundwater flow characteristics.
 - The geology for the area was described in the Part I WHPP (MDH, 2023) and is included in this report as **Appendix B**.
 - The Quaternary glacial deposits in the area consist of Des Moines Lobe outwash and Superior Lobe till and ice contact deposits. Outwash deposits consist of sand and gravel deposited by the meltwater of the Des Moines Lobe margin. Outwash deposits cover the majority of the City. Superior Lobe till is present to the northwest, northeast, southwest, and southeast. Till is pitted supraglacial till and subglacial till consisting of reddish brown to yellowish brown, sandy loam textured, unsorted sediment (MGS 1995). The Quaternary deposits are relatively thin (typically approximately 50 feet, not within the buried bedrock valley) in the area. At the

	surface the deposits are described as sand, gravelly, sand, and cobbly gravel (see soil description below).
_	The bedrock geology of Stearns County consists of Precambrian bedrock of Archean and Proterozoic age. In a large portion of the county, the Precambrian bedrock is overlain by a thin veneer of Cretaceous shale and siltstone. These Cretaceous deposits are variable in thickness and extent due to the erosional surface at the base and subsequent glacial erosion at the top of the unit.
-	The city of Avon has two primary wells screened in a sand aquifer that is buried beneath a layer of clay-rich sediment. Such aquifers are known generically as Quaternary Buried Artesian Aquifers (QBAA). Regionally, groundwater flows towards Avon from the northwest and the south, draining to the northeast.
_	The city of Avon is located west of St. Cloud along Highway 94 in Stearns County. The surrounding area is covered by sandy loam textured, unsorted sediment ranging from silty sand to cobbly gravel lenses associated with the Superior or Rainy Lobes (Meyer et al. 1995). The city of Avon wells draws groundwater from a QBAA composed of sand found approximately 220 feet below land surface. The buried aquifer is separated from the land surface by clay-rich sediments that act as natural geologic protection against surficial contaminants. The aquifer thickness is estimated to be approximately 27 - 30 feet at the well sites but is spatially variable beneath the city of Avon and surrounding area.
• Exis	ting records of the geologic materials penetrated by Wells, borings, exploration test
hole	s, or excavations, including those submitted to the department.
	A list of existing state environmental boreholes, including unique well number, aquifer measured, years of record, and water levels is provided to the public by the MDH. The MDH tracks wells and boreholes information through the Minnesota Well Index (MWI). Information from the MWI is included in Appendix C and detailed in the PCSI part of this plan.
 Exis 	ting borehole geophysical records from wells, borings, and exploration test holes.
_	The Minnesota Geologic Survey and the Minnesota Department of Natural Resource provide information on geophyiscal records from wells, borings, and exploration test holes within the County Atlas Program (published in 1995). The geology of the area is fairly well established and no additional data from geophysical records were addressed or dicsussed within the Part I WHPP.
• Exis	ting surface geophysical studies.
-	No additional surface geophysical studies were included in the Part I WHPP. Detailed information on studies can be obtained from the Minnesota Geologic Survey.
Data Ele	ements about the Physical Environment –
Public Utili	ty Service
• An e and	existing record of construction, maintenance, and use of the public water supply well other wells within the DWSMA.
	Detailed information on the construction, maintenance, and use of the public water

- Detailed information on the construction, maintenance, and use of the public water supply wells are detailed in **Table 1** and **Table 2**. Vulnerability and sensitivity of the public water supply wells were established in the Part I WHPP.
- The groundwater sensitivity and susceptibility (estimated vertical travel time for water-borne surface contaminants to reach the source water aquifer) for the Avon area is moderate, with travel time ranging from years to decades.
- Other wells are depicted on **Figure 11** and detailed in **Appendix C**.

3.4.2 3.4.2.1

3.4.3 Data Elements about Water Quantity –

3.4.3.1 Groundwater Quantity

- An existing list of wells covered by State appropriation permits, including amounts of water appropriated, type of use, and aquifer source.
 - A list of existing wells covered by state appropriation permits, including amounts of water appropriated, type of use, and aquifer source is listed in the Part I WHPP (Appendix B) and can also be obtained from the MnDNR Permitting and Reporting System (MPARS). No other high capacity wells were identified within the Avon DWSMA.
- An existing description of known well interference problems and water use conflicts.
 - No known groundwater conflicts have been identified due to groundwater pumping from The City wellfield. The DNR regulates water quantity through appropriation permits.
- An existing list of state environmental bore holes, including unique well number, aquifer measured, years of record, and average monthly levels.
 - A list of existing state environmental boreholes, including unique well number, aquifer measured, years of record, and water levels is provided to the public by the MDH.
 The MDH tracks wells and boreholes information through the Minnesota Well Index (MWI) and can be accessed on the State's interactive map. Information from the MWI compiled for the PCSI is included in **Appendix C**.

3.4.4 Data Elements about Water Quality -

- 3.4.4.1 Groundwater Quality
 - An existing summary of water quality data, including: 1. bacteriological contamination indicators; 2. inorganic chemicals; and 3. organic chemicals.
 - Samples from The City water supply system are routinely collected and analyzed by the MDH as required under the Minnesota Public Water Supply Program and the federal *Safe Drinking Water Act*. The samples from the water supply system distribution are tested for microorganisms, inorganic compounds, organic chemicals, pesticides and herbicides, and radioactive contaminants. No contaminants were detected at levels that violated federal drinking water standards or the Minnesota Department of Health: Health Based Guidelines. There are currently no known issues related to the quality of the water obtained by the public water supply wells.
 - The MDH recommended that the City of Avon take additional water samples to better understand the source water aquifer. These recommended samples are detailed in Table 13.
 - A list of existing water chemistry and isotopic data from wells, springs, or other groundwater sampling points.
 - Water samples collected from both wells 4 and 5 were analyzed for tritium, nitrate, chloride, and bromide (Appendix B). Elevated tritium was detected in the sample from Well #4, confirming its vulnerable nature of the wells (Alexander and Alexander, 1989). In addition, the chloride and bromide results confirm that the well has been impacted by land-use activities. Well #5 showed no detectable tritium but did show elevated chloride and chloride/bromide ratio, suggesting it is also capturing water impacted by human activities. It is presumed that it is capturing a smaller proportion of young, human-impacted water than Well #4 based on their differing tritium results.
 - A report of existing groundwater tracer studies.

- No known tracer studies have been conducted in the area.
- An existing site study and well water analysis of known areas of groundwater contamination.
 - The MPCA and MDA documents and records known areas of groundwater contamination within the "What's in My Neighborhood" (WIMN) database. Listings from this database are included in **Appendix C** and detailed in **Section 4**. Additionally, the MPCA provides groundwater plumes via the groundwater contamination atlas of state superfund sites. No such sites were depicted within the DWSMA.
 - Since 2002, the MDH has partnered with the MPCA to investigate Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) in Minnesota. At this time no known PFAS plumes intersect the DWSMA. As with other emerging contaminants, The City should remain aware of PFAS in Minnesota and work with the MPCA and the MDH to complete sampling or monitoring in wells.
- An existing property audit identifying contamination.
 - The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency documents sites with Affidavits, Deed Restrictions and Environmental Covenants. This database can be accessed via the Minnesota Geospatial Data commons. No sites with property audits were identified in the DWSMA.
- An existing report to the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency of contaminant spills and releases.
 - The MDA spills and the MPCA incident reports (MPCA "spills") databases contain information pertaining to known and documented spill sites. These reports can be accessed through the agencies websites and are also when relevant included in Appendix C and detailed in Section 4 of this report.

4 Assigning Potential Contamination Sources

The types of potential contamination sources that may be inventoried within the DWSMA were derived from the information collected to satisfy the data element requirements described in **Section 3** based upon the scoping notice provided by the MDH (**Appendix A**). The scoping notice further defines required data elements based upon 1) results of the assessment of DWSMA and well vulnerability; and 2) the presence or absence of human-caused contaminants in the source water. Data elements that meet the requirements laid out by the scoping notice are included in the PCSI and are discussed in **Section 4.1** and **Section 4.2** and are summarized in **Appendix C**. **Table 6** indicates the risk that the City of Avon has assigned to potential point sources of contamination that are located within the IWMZ. Whereas **Table 7** indicates the risk that the City of Avon has assigned to potential point sources of contamination that are located within the IWMZ.

4.1 Issues, Problems, and Opportunities related to Potential Contaminant Sources

An overview of required data elements are discussed in **Section 3**, Identification and Assessment of the Data Elements. Local, state, and federal databases were assessed in determining potential contaminant sources to satisfy required data elements. From these requirements, the following sources were identified for the DWSMA.

4.1.1 Aquifers

Avon's DWSMA and vulnerabilities increased from low vulnerability to moderate vulnerability from the Part I WHPP Amendment (MDH, 2023). The Part I WHPP noted higher vulnerability due to detections of tritium in primary wells.

The vulnerability of the DWSMA is based upon the following

information:

- 1. Isotopic and water chemistry data from the Avon wells indicate that the aquifer is a mix of old and younger water with some evidence of human-caused contamination. The groundwater age as determined from tritium is mixed (DNR-MDH, 2020). Human-caused contamination is evidenced by elevated chloride and chloride/bromide.
- Review of the geologic logs contained in the MWI database, geological maps, and reports indicate that the deep source aquifer exhibits a low geologic sensitivity throughout the DWSMA. Therefore, given the information currently available, it is prudent to assign a moderate vulnerability rating to the DWSMA, in accordance with the Minnesota Wellhead Protection Rule (parts 4720.5100 to 4720.5590).

At present, none of the contaminants for which the Safe Drinking Water Act has established health-based standards are found above maximum allowable levels in the city's water supply, nor are any present at one-half of those levels. However, arsenic has been detected at very low levels.

Lastly, the potential contaminant sources identified as part of this plan can help identify, manage, limit, and prevent future anthropogenic alteration to the drinking water quality and quantity.

4.1.2 Land Use

Zoning for the DWSMA is under the ordinances, planning, and jurisdiction of the City of Avon and the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between Avon Township and Stearns County. Changes in land use have the potential to introduce pathways from contaminants to reach the aquifer or sources of contamination to the source water aquifers. The City of Avon will work with the township to assure that potential contaminants within each other's jurisdictional boundaries are given a high priority, are monitored and or eliminated, if possible, to help protect the aquifer used by the City of Avon for a public water supply.

Due to the information contained in Part 1, which indicates that the public water supply (PWS) has a moderate vulnerability, an inventory of other wells that reach or penetrate the aquifer the public water supply is using for a drinking water source, chemical and petroleum storage tanks, shallow disposal wells, leaking underground storage tanks, pipelines, other potential contamination sites such as superfund sites or solid waste management sites, spills and chemical storage and preparation areas located within the DWSMA is required. The City of Avon staff and a SEH representative conducted a potential contaminant source inventory (PCSI). A spreadsheet and map of potential contaminants identified in the DWSMA are presented in the **Appendix C**.

Landowners not connected to City water or that have the need for additional water may utilize a private well. Wells can both act as a pathway for contaminants to enter the source water aquifer or over utilize water resources and decrease water quantity in the aquifer. Industrial, commercial, or agricultural land uses may also use large quantities of water and require a DNR appropriations

permit. If so, such water users may increase the water consumption in the source water aquifer. Overuse of water, where losses outpace the recharge of new water, from the source water aquifer may lead to drawdowns in the aquifer and depletion of potable water.

The City of Avon is unaware of any proposed large-scale land use changes within the DWSMA that could potentially impact the municipal wells or source water aquifers; however, commercial business is expected to be developed along County Road 155. Due to the proximity to the City's wellfields, The City should remain aware of future business and their potential for hazardous materials that could impact the wellfield. The City could enact additional ordinances for PCSI such as tanks to ensure hazardous materials are properly stored.

4.1.3 Wells within the DWSMA

Other wells in the DWSMA are considered a potential threat to the source water aquifers and the City's public water supply system. If improperly constructed or maintained, they can act as direct conduits for contaminants at the land surface to vertically migrate downward into the deeper aquifers. In addition, high-capacity wells near the municipal wells can cause groundwater interference and decrease the performance and capacity of the municipal wells.

Wells identified within the DWSMA through the Minnesota Geological Survey-MDH Minnesota Well Index are shown in **Figure 11** along with other potential contaminant sources. Information regarding these wells, including addresses and Parcel Identification Numbers is provided in **Appendix C**.

The MnDNR manages the water appropriation permits for the state. An Appropriation Permit is required for any person or business that uses more than 10,000 gallons of water per day or 1,000,000 gallons per year. The permits are cataloged in the State Water Use Data System. This database was queried for Part I of the Plan to identify high-capacity wells that could potentially influence or impact the local groundwater flow fields and the City's municipal wells. No other high capacity wells within the DWSMA are known to exist.

This wellhead protection plan is also concerned with other unsealed water supply wells, which are classified as one type of PCSI, at any depth located within the DWSMA. The MDH provides a database with indexed wells known as the Minnesota Well Index (MWI) within the DWSMA to be included as part of this PCSI. Private and public wells can both impact the quality or quantity of the source water aquifer. Wells that penetrate confining layers can act as a preferential pathway, or conduit, for potential contaminant sources to reach the source water aquifer. Additionally, wells that draw a large quantity of water from the source water aquifer have the possibility to adversely affect source water quantity. Wells inventoried as part of this plan are included in **Appendix C** and depicted on **Figure 11**.

The MDH provides the Old Municipal well data to aid in locating and identifying old municipal wells in need of sealing. Old Municipal well data provided from the MDH is included in **Appendix F**. The Old Municipal Well report did not identify any additional old municipal wells.

The placement of additional high-capacity wells, increased pumping from existing wells, or significant changes in current groundwater appropriations within the DWSMA may have an impact on groundwater availability to all users, or increased risk that contamination may enter the part of the aquifer used by the public water supply wells.

4.1.4 Disposal Wells (Class V Injection Wells)

The EPA is the regulatory authority for Class V Wells. The EPA is required to maintain an inventory of Class V shallow disposal wells. Class V Wells are typically shallow disposal systems that are used to place a variety of fluids below the land surface. Examples of Class V injection wells include: motor vehicle waste disposal wells, large capacity cesspools, storm water drainage wells, aquifer remediation wells, and large capacity septic systems.

Class V Wells can act as a direct pathway for contaminants to penetrate the source water aquifer. No Class V Wells were listed within the DWSMA

The following EPA representative for the State of Minnesota Underground Injection Control division can be reached for more information:

Lawrence Curley

Email: curley.lawrence@epa.gov

Phone: 312-886-6339

Or https://www.epa.gov/uic/underground-injection-control-epa-region-5-il-mi-mn-oh-and-wi

The City should remain aware of Class V Wells and prevent the installation of any such type of well as they can pose an immediate threat to the source water aquifer.

4.1.4.1 Transportation Corridors

Transportation corridors within the DWSMA are discussed in this plan as they have easement or Right-of-Way and have the potential to affect water quantity or quality. Transportation corridors may manage stormwater through culverts, ditches or ponds all of which may supply recharge to the source water aquifer. Potential contaminant sources may be transported and traffic accidents may lead to spills.

Any such spills that occur within this transportation corridor are reported to the MPCA Duty officer and associated emergency response will be assessed or completed by the MPCA's Emergency Management Unit following MPCA's Emergency Management Program Spill Cleanup Policy.

4.1.5 MPCA Potential Contaminant Source Inventory

The MPCA provides multiple statewide database sources for potential contaminate sources as part of their GIS ready "What's in my Neighborhood" database and Spills database. Resources are described as follows:

- MPCA "What's in My Neighborhood" database is mapped using the following locating methodology including Address Matching House Number, Digitized-DRG, Digitized - Map Tool, Zip Code Centroid, Interpolation Unknown, and GPS – Other. These location methods are considered reliable aside from Zip Code Centroid and Interpolation Unknown.
- The MPCA Spills (incidents reports) database provides an address that was used to geocode registered Spills within the DWSMA.

Sites which were located by the MPCA using poor location accuracy were attempted to be relocated by the City of Avon and SEH using address matching and local knowledge.

4.1.5.1 Tank Sites

Underground and above ground storage tanks used to store large quantities of liquids and potentially hazardous substances are considered high risk for groundwater contamination. If leaking or ruptured, tanks could release large quantities of chemicals into the subsurface, which could enter source water aquifers and public water supply wells. Tank sites depicted in **Figure 12** and detailed in **Appendix C** can remain a potential source of contaminants even after closure.

4.1.5.2 Leak Sites

Leaking storage tanks sites also pose a high risk for groundwater contamination. As discussed in the previous section, these sites have had a storage tank release its contents into or onto the ground. Although many have been "cleaned" and "closed" by the MPCA, some of these sites may still have remaining soil and/or groundwater contamination. Leak sites depicted in **Figure 12** and detailed in **Appendix C** can remain a potential source of contaminants after closure.

4.1.5.3 VIC Sites and Petroleum Brownfield Sites

The MPCA Voluntary Investigation and Cleanup (VIC) Program database lists properties with known or suspected environmental contamination. The VIC sites include sites or facilities, which present a substantial danger to the public health, welfare, or the environment in the state of Minnesota. The VIC Program is a non-petroleum brownfield program. VIC provides technical assistance to buyers, sellers, developers, or local governments seeking to voluntarily investigate or clean up contaminated land. Properties often enter the VIC program in preparation for sale, financing, or redevelopment. Voluntary parties that complete investigation and/or cleanup activities under MPCA oversight can receive liability assurances that protect them from future Superfund liability. In some cases, the MPCA may use institutional controls as part of the overall site remedy and notify interested parties of any property use conditions or restrictions. VIC sites depicted in **Figure 12** and detailed in **Appendix C** can remain a potential source of contaminants after closure.

Petroleum Brownfield sites may have been contaminated with petroleum due to a past or current leak. Petroleum Brownfields program staff assesses the risk associated with petroleum contamination at these sites and then provide technical assistance to help get the site cleaned up, developed, and/or transferred to a new owner. Petroleum Brownfields depicted in **Figure 12** and detailed in **Appendix C** can remain a potential source of contaminants after closure.

MPCA VIC and Brownfields sites are listed in the PCSI (Appendix C) under the code "PCS".

4.1.5.4 MPCA Spill Listings (MPCA Incident Reports)

In the State of Minnesota, spills that may cause pollution, such as spills of toxic, flammable, corrosive, and dangerous industrial chemicals, are required to be reported. Spills of any quantity are required to be reported, with the exception of petroleum that has a reporting threshold of greater than five gallons. Spill sites depicted in **Figure 12** and detailed in **Appendix C** can remain a potential source of contaminants after closure.

4.1.6 Minnesota Department of Agriculture

MDA listings represent emergencies and locations of spills and investigations managed by the MDA for agricultural chemical incidents. MDA listings are depicted in **Figure 12** and detailed in **Appendix C**.

4.2 Inventory Results and Risk Assessment

A map and description of the locations of potential contamination sources are presented in **Appendix C** and depicted on **Figures 11 and 12**.

The priority assigned to each type of potential contamination source addresses each of the following: 1) the number inventoried; 2) its proximity to a City well; 3) the capability of local geologic conditions to absorb a contaminant; 4) the effectiveness of existing regulatory controls; and 5) the time required for the City of Avon to obtain cooperation from governmental agencies that regulate it. Risk assigned for each type of PCSI is listed in **Table 7**.

A high (H) risk potential implies that the potential source type has the greatest likelihood to negatively impact the City water supply and should receive highest priority for management.

A moderate (M) risk potential implies that the potential source type may have an impact on the City water supply and should receive an intermediate priority for management.

A low (L) risk potential implies that a potential source type may have a marginal or negligible impact on the City water supply and should receive a low priority for management.

4.2.1 Data Accuracy and Limitations

For this plan, the City of Avon has attempted to identify and specifically locate as many potential contaminant sources as possible and feasible given the current level of information and available resources. However, some potential contaminant sources may exist within the DWSMA that have not yet been identified or accurately located.

5 Impact of Land and Water Use Changes on the Public Water Supply Wells

The City of Avon anticipates minimal changes to the physical environment, land use, surface water, and groundwater may occur over the ten-year period that the WHP plan is in effect. Any changes must be considered to determine whether new potential sources of contamination may be introduced in the future and to identify future actions for addressing these anticipated sources. Land and water use changes may introduce new contamination sources or result in changes to groundwater use and quality. The anticipated changes may occur within the jurisdictional authority of the City of Avon and thus the City should remain aware of all land use changes within their DWSMA.

Table 8 describes the anticipated changes to the physical environment, land use, and surface water or groundwater in relationship to the following: 1) the influence that existing governmental land and water programs and regulations may have on the anticipated change; and 2) the administrative, technical, and financial considerations of the City of Avon and property owners within the DWSMA.

6 Issues, Problems, and Opportunities 6.1 Identification of Issues, Problems, and Opportunities

The City of Avon has identified water and land use issues, problems, and opportunities related to the following: 1) the aquifer used by the City water supply wells; 2) the quality of the well water; or 3) land or water use within the DWSMA.

The City assessed each of the following parameters: 1) input from public meetings and written comments that it received; 2) the data elements identified by MDH during the scoping meetings; and 3) and the status and adequacy of the City's official controls and plans on land use and water uses, as well as those of local, state, and federal government programs. The results of this effort are presented in **Table 9** which defines the nature and magnitude of contaminant source management issues in the City's DWSMA. Identifying the issues, problems, and opportunities as well as resource needs enables the City to: 1) take advantage of opportunities that may be available to make effective use of existing resources; 2) set meaningful priorities for source management; and 3) solicit support for implementing specific source management strategies.

6.2 Comments Received

There have been several occasions for local governments, state agencies and the general public to identify issues and comment on the city's WHP plan. At the beginning of the planning process, local units of government were notified that the city was going to develop its WHP plan and were given the opportunity to identify issues, as well as to comment. Following completion of the WHPP Part I, a public information meeting was held to review the results of the delineation of the WHPP area, DWSMA, and the vulnerability assessments. On May 2, 2024 The City of Avon held a meeting with SEH and local governments including the MDH, Stearns County, Stearns SWCD, Sauk River Watershed District to discuss their help in assisting the City in implementing their WHPP and to allow them to review the draft plan and allow them to provide comments, which were subsequently incorporated into the plan.

Also, a public hearing was held before the completed WHP plan was sent to MDH for state agency review and approval.

Comments received during the official 60 day local government review are included in **Appendix G** with written responses provide below.

During the official 50 day local government review, comments were received from Stearns SWCD, Stearns County, and the MDH. The comments are re-stated below followed by respective responses:

1. Stearns SWCD: Page 19 section 7.4 support provided by nonprofit organizations.

1W1P, WRAPS, GRAPS, BWSR – these should be moved to section 7.3 State Agency and Federal Agency Support

Stearns SWCD, Stearns County – these should be moved to section 7.2 Local Government Controls and Programs

Response: Local and State agencies have been updated as suggested in the text.

Stearns SWCD: Measure 3 – remove the text "the City of Avon must participate in the 1W1P
process to be considered for project funding." While it would be ideal for the city to participate it is
not a requirement to access funding for projects.

Response: Measure 3 of the Plan's Management strategies have been updated as suggested.

 Stearns County: The zoning of Avon Township is not shown correctly. Below is the correct zoning shown from the Property Viewer available here: <u>https://stearns-county-gisstearns</u>. hub.arcgis.com/apps/fbc70d782fc547f9b8220218eac3c966. There are some small areas in the NW area of the WHPA that are zoned Ag-40 (green) and are not Urban Expansion (purple).

Response: The plan has been updated to include the zoning corrections.

4. MDH: Update plan to include a management strategy for cross connection.

Response: The plan has been updated to include an updated measure #7 on cross connections.

7 Existing Authority and Support Provided by Local, State, and Federal Governments

In addition to its own controls, the City of Avon will have to rely upon partnerships formed with local units of government, state agencies, and federal agencies with regulatory controls or resource management programs in place to help implement its WHP plan. The level of support that a local, state, and federal agency can provide to help offset the risk that is presented by a potential contamination source will depend up on its legal authority as well as the resources that are available to local governments.

7.1 Existing City of Avon Controls and Programs

The City has identified a number of legal controls and/or programs that it has in-place that can be used to support the management of potential contamination sources within the DWSMA. These can be found in **Table 10**.

7.2 Local Government Controls and Programs

Table 11 details departments or programs within the County that may be able to assist the city with issues relating to potential contamination sources that: 1) have been inventoried; or 2) may result from changes in land and water use within the DWSMA.

The Stearns SWCD is a local unit of government that manages and directs voluntary natural resource management programs at the local level to carry out a program for the conservation, use, and development of soil, water, and related resources. The SWCD also provides educational material for communities to use for Wellhead Protection. The Stearns County can provide technical assistance in well sealing, feedlots (MMP), and private septic system management. Stearns SWCD can provide technical assistance and financial assistance for well sealing and other voluntary conservation practices.

7.3 State Agency and Federal Agency Support

MDH will serve as the contact for enlisting the support of other state agencies on a case-by-case basis regarding technical or regulatory support that may be applied to the management of potential contamination sources. Participation by other state agencies and the federal

government is based on legal authority granted to them and resource availability. Furthermore, MDH services include: 1) administration of state regulations that affect specific potential sources of contamination and 2) can provide technical assistance for property owners to comply with these regulations.

Table 12 identifies specific regulatory programs or technical assistance that state and federal agencies may provide to the City of Avon to support implementation of its WHP plan. It is likely that other opportunities for assistance may be available over the ten-year period that the Plan is in effect due to changes in legal authority or increases in funding granted to state and federal agencies. Therefore, the table references opportunities available when the City's WHP plan was first approved by MDH.

One Watershed, One Plan (1W1P) is a program through the Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) that was developed by the Local Government Water Roundtable (Association of Minnesota Counties, and the Minnesota Associations of Watershed Districts and Soil and Water Conservation Districts) which charges local governments with water management responsibilities to organize and develop focused implementation plans on a watershed scale. Other programs and strategies that can provide support are the Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategies (WRAPS) and Groundwater Restoration and Protection Strategies (GRAPS).

7.4 Support Provided by Nonprofit Organizations

A number of existing organizations work to support water management programs. The City of Avon annually holds a water festival with partnership with the Sauk River Watershed District. Similarly, Minnesota Rural Water Association also develops and can provide reference education and outreach materials.

8 Goals

Goals define the overall purpose for the WHP plan, as well as the end points for implementing objectives and their corresponding actions. The WHP team identified the following goals after considering the impacts that 1) changing land and water uses have presented to drinking water quality over time and 2) future changes that need to be addressed to protect the community's drinking water:

- Maintain the current level of water quality, which meets all state and federal standards.
- Increase awareness among public officials, land owners, and the general public about the importance of WHP in protecting the drinking water supply.
- Support ongoing data collection efforts to enhance future WHP activities.
- Provide sustainable funding for WHP activities as a budget item.
- Pursue other funding options for WHP activities

9 Objectives and Plan of Action

Objectives provide the focus for ensuring that the goals of the WHP plan are met and that priority is given to specific actions that support multiple outcomes of plan implementation.

Both the objectives and the wellhead protection measures (actions) that support them are based on assessing each of the following: 1) the data elements (**Section 2**, and **Appendix A**; 2) the

PCSI (**Sections 2 and 3 and Appendix C**); 3) the impacts that changes in land and water use present (**Section 5**); and 4) issues, problems, and opportunities related to administrative, financial, and technical considerations (**Section 6**).

9.1 Objectives

The following objectives have been identified to support goals of the WHPP for the City of Avon:

- A. Create awareness and general knowledge about the importance of WHP in the Community and the City of Avon DWSMA.
- B. Properly inventory and manage potential contaminant sources to protect the drinking water supply for the City of Avon.
- C. Support ongoing data collection efforts to enhance future WHP activities.
- D. Effectively track, evaluate, and report the implementation efforts and wellhead protection plan progress to all governing authorities.
- E. Manage the IWMZ to prevent contamination.
- F. Effectively prepare the City of Avon for disruptions to the water distribution system.
- G. Develop local land use controls and partner with local units of government to better protect the aquifer used by the City of Avon.

9.2 WHP Measures and Action Plan

The WHP team has identified WHP measures that will be implemented by the City over the 10-year period that its WHP plan is in effect. The objective that each measure supports is noted, as well as the following: 1) the lead party and any cooperators; 2) the year or years in which it will be implemented.

WHP measures reflect the administrative, financial, and technical requirements needed to address the risk to water quality or quantity presented by each type of potential contamination source. Not all of these measures can be implemented at the same time, so the WHP team assigned priority to each. A number of factors must be considered when WHP action items are selected and prioritized (part 4720.5250, subpart 3):

- Contamination of the public water supply wells by substances that exceed federal drinking water standards.
- Quantifiable levels of contamination resulting from human activity.
- The location of potential contaminant sources relative to the wells.
- The number of each potential contaminant source identified and the nature of the potential contaminant associated with each source.
- The capability of the geologic material to absorb a contaminant.
- The effectiveness of existing controls.
- The time required to get cooperation from other agencies and cooperators.
- The resources needed: staff, money, time, legal, and technical.

Based upon the factors listed above, the WHP team has prioritized WHP measures that will be implemented by the city over the 10-year period that this plan is in effect and assigned an appropriate priority ranking.

The objective that each measure supports is noted as well as the following: lead party and any cooperators and the year or years in which it will be implemented. **Table 13** lists each measure

that it will implement over the ten-year period that the city's WHP plan is in effect, as well as the priority that it has assigned to each measure.

The PWS (WHP Manager) will manage and budget resources (staff time, hard costs of activities where money may need to be budgeted, etc.) for the implementation of the management strategies in the plan; the PWS (WHP Manager) is responsible for annually reviewing and budgeting time and financial resources needed for the coming year to implement measures in a plan; and MDH or Minnesota Rural Water Association staff will be contacted to answer questions or provide technical assistance needed to implement activities in the plan.

10 Evaluation Program

Plan evaluation is specified under **Section 9.1** and provides the mechanism for determining whether WHP action items are achieving the intended result or whether they need to be modified to address changing administrative, technical, or financial resource conditions within the DWSMA. Evaluation is used to support plan implementation and is required under Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5270, and prior to amending the city's WHP plan. The City has identified the following procedures that it will use to evaluate the success of implementing its WHP plan:

- The WHP team will meet at a minimum every two and one half years to assess the status of plan implementation and to identify issues that impact implementation of action steps throughout the DWSMA.
- The City will assess results of each action item that has been taken to determine whether the action item has been accomplished to its purpose or whether modification is needed.

The City will prepare a written report that documents how it has assessed plan implementation and the action items that were carried out. The report will be presented to MDH at the first scoping meeting that it will hold with the City to begin amending the WHPP.

11 Contingency Strategy

The City's Water Supply Plan, Water Emergency Plan, and Conservation Plan was completed in 2019 and has received approval on February 22, 2019 by the DNR under Water Appropriation Permit #1962-0203. The plan has been adopted by the City Council and provides a detailed water contingency strategy. The DNR and City Council approval letters can be found in **Appendix D**.

12 References

City of Avon Zoning Map

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Tables

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Table 1 – Wa	ter Supply	Wells In	cluded in	WHP
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Well No.	Unique Well No.	Well Status
Well #3	242069	Emergency
Well #4	696861	Active, Primary
Well #5	696862	Active, Primary

Table 2 – Water Supply Well Data

Well No.	Unique Well No.	Date Constructed	Aquifer	Total Depth (ft)	Casing Depth (ft)	Casing Diameter (in)	Vulnerability
Well #3	242069	1979	Quaternary Water Table Aquifer (QWTA)	70	50	12	Vulnerable
Well #4	696861	9/26/2003	Quaternary Buried Artesian Aquifer (QBAA)	251	231	12	Vulnerable
Well #5	696862	8/11/2003	Quaternary Buried Artesian Aquifer (QBAA)	240	240	12	Not Vulnerable

Table 3 – City of Avon Zoning

Land Use Category	Avon DWSMA		
	Zoning in Acres		
Avon Township Urban Expansion	596.62		
Avon Township Ag-40	144.02		
R-1 - Single Family Residential	229.25		
PUD - Waters Edge	61.34		
R-2 - Two-Family Residential	32.04		
I2 - Industrial Online Auto Auctions	24.64		
I1 - Industrial	23.51		
C-2 - Highway Business Commercial			
District	20.38		
Parks	15.48		
PUD/R1 - Planned Unit Development	14.01		
C2/I-94 - Commercial Business District	10.22		
C-1 - Central Business District	8.03		
l1 - Industrial	7.65		
R-3 - Multiple Family Residential	3.67		

Sorted from highest to lower in acres

Table 4 -	City	of	Avon	Future	Land	Use
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Land Use Category	Avon DWSMA		
	Future Land Use in Acres		
Low Density Residential	955.74		
Water	550.23		
ROW	157.92		
Highway Commercial	116.39		
Industrial	77.67		
Park	19.87		
High Density Residential	17.06		
Business District	15.19		

Sorted from highest to lower in acres

	Avon DWSMA			
Land Use Category	Land Cover in Acres			
Barren Land	5.12			
Cultivated Crops	275.11			
Deciduous Forest	47.59			
Developed, High Intensity	90.96			
Developed, Medium Intensity	179.48			
Developed, Low Intensity	142.11			
Developed, Open Space	87.18			
Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands	358.51			
Evergreen Forest	2.22			
Hay/Pasture	185.93			
Herbaceous	9.79			
Mixed Forest	13.57			
Open Water	470.38			
Woody Wetlands	52.71			

Table 5 – National Land Cover Dataset (NLCD, 2019)

Source: NLCD 2019

Potential Contaminant Source Type	Status	Number of Sites Within DWSMA	Assigned Risk				
Well 3 (242069)							
Sewer, buried, collector, municipal, serving a facility handling infectious or pathological wastes, open-jointed or unapproved materials	А	1	Moderate				
Sewer buried, approved, air tested	А	1	Low				
Fire or flushing hydrant	А	1	Low				
Well 4 (696861)							
Absorption area of a soil dispersal system, average flow 10,000 gal./day or less	A	1	Low				
Sewer, buried, collector, municipal, serving a facility handling infectious or pathological wastes, open-jointed or unapproved materials	A	1	Moderate				
Monitoring well	А	1	Low				
Operating well	А	2	Low				
Well 5 (696862)							
Absorption area of a soil dispersal system, average flow 10,000 gal./day or less	A	2	Low				
Sewer, buried, collector, municipal, serving a facility handling infectious or pathological wastes, open-jointed or unapproved materials	A	1	Low				
Portable (privy) or toilet	А	1	Low				
Monitoring well	А	1	Low				
Operating well	А	2	Low				
Notes:							
Sites were inventoried based off the 2024 MDH survey.							

Table 6 – Potential Contamination Sources and Assigned Risk for the IWMZ

Potential Contaminant Source Type	Status	Number of Sites Within DWSMA	Assigned Risk			
Well	73-Active	95	High			
Potential Contamination Site (Brownfield Site)	1-Active	1	Moderate			
Spill (MPCA and MDA)	2-Active	5	Moderate			
Above Ground Storage Tank	4-Active	5	Moderate			
Underground Storage Tank	6-Active	12	Moderate			
Leaking Underground Storage Tank	6-Active	7	Moderate			
Storage and Preparation Area (EPA TRS Site)	2-Active	2	Moderate			
Notes:						
No sites of the following type were identified within the DWSMA per Moderate Water Scoping notices: Class V Wells,						
Pipeline Facility, Suspected Contaminant of Concern, Solid Waste Management Site, Waste – Metro Area						

Table 7 – Potential Point Contamination Source Type and Assigned Risk

Expected Change (Physical Environment, Land Use, Surface Water, Ground Water)	Impact of the Expected Change on the Source Water Aquifer	Influence of Existing Government Programs and Regulations on the Expected Change	Administrative, Technical, and Financial Considerations due to the Expected Change
Land use changes within the DWSMA that are outside the jurisdiction of the City of Avon.	No negative changes are currently expected within the next 10 years or life of this plan.	The City's future land use indicates Avon Township land is to be developed into low density residential land.	The updated comprehensive plans should consider the WHPP issues especially for areas within the DWSMA.
There is potential for commercial business to be developed adjacent to the City's wellfield as determined by their Future Land Use Plan.	Changes to the conditions the land surface, a commercial well on site, or use of chemicals may have an impact on the quality or quantity of the public water supply.	Educational opportunities to inform new businesses that they are in a DWSMA and to follow best management practices. Additional opportunity by the City to provide spill kits via emergency responders or enact new ordinances for tanks.	Financial and time constraints with education, ability to provide spill kits, or changing city ordinances.
No changes to the physical makeup of the aquifer are expected.	No changes, therefore, no impact.	No changes, therefore, existing programs or regulations are adequate.	Because there are no expected changes to the physical makeup of the aquifer no additional administrative, technical or financial considerations required.
The City should remain aware of any land use changes over the course of the WHPP that may impact the source water aquifer.	Potential for water quality, quantity leading to unforeseen water supply changes.	EPA, MPCA, and DNR related programs and regulations will be updated in correspondence to new activity.	The City will need to review permits and activities as well as work cooperatively with MPCA, MDH, and DNR to prevent or minimize impacts from any land use or remedial activity if it is deemed applicable.
No anticipated increase of groundwater use.	WHPA will remain similar.	No changes, therefore, existing programs or regulations are adequate.	Continue to work with MDH and DNR staff.
Construction of private wells within DWSMA is a possible change in groundwater source.	Private wells have the potential to impact existing public wells and can become a source of contamination.	The MDH establishes best management practices for wells and may assist with permitting, sealing and locating of improperly managed wells.	City will need to monitor data for private wells constructed with the DWSMA.
Above ground and Underground storage tanks with known leaks through city limits.	Leaking tanks have the potential to impact water quality of the water recharging the aquifer.	Educational opportunities and additional opportunities by the City to provide spill kits via emergency responders or enact new ordinances for tanks.	Financial and time constraints with education, ability to provide spill kits, or changing city ordinances.

Table 8 – Expected Land and Water Use Changes
Issue Identified	Impacted Feature	Problem Associated with the Identified Issue	Opportunity Associated with the Identified Issue	Adequacy of Existing Controls to Address the Issue
Wellhead protection principles may not be incorporated into other plans developed by the City or other local government units.	Aquifer	Avon Township currently zones all portions of the DWSMA as urban expansion with City of Avon annexing these regions outside of City Limits.	Until the City annexes these areas, cooperate with other local government units to incorporate wellhead protection principles into other planning efforts	The Memorandum of understanding between the County of Stearns and the Town of Avon established land use and zoning ordinances outside of City limits. Coordinate efforts with any applicable local government units.
Future land use change near the well field with potential business development along with existing tanks and their potential to leak within the DWSMA.	Aquifer, Water Quality	water quality issues with any associated leak	Education of best management practices, providing spill kits, new City ordinances	Technical and funding assistance from the MDH and others. Additionally, a source water protection grant may be available.
Numerous private wells within the DWSMA	Water Quality and quantity	Private wells have the potential to impact existing public wells and can become a source of contamination.	The MDH establishes best management practices for wells and may assist with permitting, sealing and locating of improperly managed wells	Stearns SWCD and MDH both provide grants and cost sharing to help private entities seal abandoned or unused wells.
The MDH has compiled historical information, the Old Municipal Well Report, for use in the planning process.	The MDH has compiled storical information, the Old nicipal Well Report, for use in the planning process. Aquifer, Well Water Quality the report; how there is alway potential for unk and unsealed municipal we		With the assistance of MDH the city can locate, assess and seal the wells if they pose a threat to the city's drinking water supply.	MDH Well Management has the ability to require the city to properly address unused improperly sealed wells.
It is always difficult to foresee or plan for every threat or potential contaminant source which may affect the City in the future	Aquifer, Well Water Quality, DWSMA	The City of Avon may not be prepared technically or financially to address potential threats unknown to them at this time	If a critical issue or potential contaminant threat becomes an issue in the future for the City, the City can ask for assistance from the various state agencies	Not applicable

Table 9 – Issues, Problems and Opportunities

Type of Control	Program Description
Zoning and Land Use	Sets standards and orderly growth of various land uses within the City limits and allows the City to apply permit conditions to land uses they deem necessary.
52.32 CONNECTION TO OTHER WATER SUPPLIES RESTRICTED.	No water pipe of the water system shall be connected with any pump, well, tank, or piping that is connected with any other source of water supply except to service municipal systems.
	The City of Avon will explore the need to implement a cross connection control program.
Memorandum of Understanding Between the County and Stearns and the Town of Avon	Establishes land use and zoning ordinances for portions of the DWSMA outside of City of Avon limits. The City of Avon and the Town of Avon have signed such a joint resolution designating certain lands of the Town of Avon as an orderly annexation area.

Table 10 – Controls and Programs of the City of Avon

Government Unit	Name of Control/Program	Program Description
	Agricultural and Water Resources Division	Environmental Services was organized in 1993 to
Stearns County Environmental Services	Environmental Health Division	provide efficient customer service to the general public regarding environmental, land us, and environmental health issues. Environmental services provide many services and support for items such as hazardous
	State Funded Program Reports	management, feedlots, water planning, aquatic invasive species, and wetlands.
	Land Use Division	·········
Stearns Soil & Water Conservation District	Agricultural BMPs, stormwater management, wetland management, residential BMPs.	Stearns SWCD may also be able to assist in Private Well sealing. The Stearns SWCD promotes the protection of water and soil resources in the County through educational programs, cost-sharing and collaboration with other local, state and federal agencies. The Stearns SWCD also maintains WHPP educational material that the City of Avon can use.

Multiples programs to monitor

and investigate contamination.

Local organization

Minnesota Pollution

Control Agency

Sauk River Watershed

District

Multiple programs that investigate potential

contamination, clean up, and remedial activities. Grant

funding is available for select sites.

Annually hosts a water festival within City of Avon for

public education.

Table 11 – Local Agency Controls and Programs

Minnesota Rural Water Association	Regional/local organization	MRWA's Objective is to provide excellence in training and technical assistance to small municipal and non- municipal systems, rural water districts, and wastewater districts with populations less than 10,000. They provide support and educational content to administer WHPPs.
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Government Unit	Type of Program	Program Description
MN Dept. of Health (MDH)	State Well Code (MR Section 4725)	MDH has authority over the construction of new wells and sealing of wells. MDH staff in the Well Management Program offers technical assistance for enforcing well construction, maintaining setback distances for certain contamination sources, and well sealing.
MN Dept. of Health (MDH)	Wellhead Protection	MDH can provide technical and financial assistance to the city for WHP activities and can help identify technical and financial support that other governmental agencies can provide to assist with managing potential contamination sources.
MN Dept. of Natural Resources (DNR)	Water Appropriation Permitting (MR Section 6115)	DNR can require that anyone requesting an increase in existing permitted appropriations or to pump groundwater must address concerns of the impacts to drinking water if these concerns are include in a WHPP.
MN Pollution Control Agency (MPCA)	Registered Storage Tank Program Storm water Program	MPCA administers the programs dealing with storage tank regulations and storm water management.
United States Environment Protection Agency (EPA)	Shallow Disposal Well Program	EPA has the regulatory authority over Class V Injection Wells or also known as Shallow Disposal Wells.
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR)	One Watershed, One Plan	Align local water planning on major watershed boundaries with state strategies toward prioritized, targeted and measurable implementation plans.

Table 12 – State and Federal Agency Controls and Programs

Table 13 – Management Strategies

ıre	ity		ct ised	t ate	City Measure			In	nplen	nenta	tion 1	Гime	Fram	е		
Measu	Priori	Public Education and Outreach	Obje Addres	Cos Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
1	High	The City of Avon will notify the residents and businesses within the City it has an approved WHPP. Notification will be completed through the City website, newspaper, or a newsletter.	A	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH	•										
2	High	The City of Avon will provide 1) WHP educational materials and 2) a copy of the WHP plan through the City website or mailings. This can be completed by creating a new section on the City's website. WHP educational materials will address general WHP principles and practices and provide best management practices for items such as private wells, PCSI sites, Water Conservation. Resources can be hyperlinked from many sources including local, state, Stearns County, and federal agencies. If on the City website, on a yearly basis, make sure hyperlinks of educational materials are still valid.	A	<\$10,000 and Staff Time	MDH, MPCA, DNR, MRWA, EPA, Stearns County, SWCD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
3	Moderate	The City will assist when feasible with water agencies, SWCD, 1W1P, and/or the MDH to address any water quality issues or educational needs. City can apply for grants if issues are identified.	D	<\$10,000 and Staff Time	Watershed Districts, SWCD					As	Need	led				
4	Moderate	Annually offer a MRWA Water Week poster contest for the local 4th Grade School Teacher and ask their participation.	D	<\$5,000 and Staff Time	MDH, City, MRWA, DNR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

ure	ity	Public Education and Outreach	ct ised	it ate	ອງ City Measure ອຸ້ອຍ Unless –		Implementation Time Frame										
Measi	Prior	Public Education and Outreach	Obje Addres	Cos Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	
5	Moderate	Provide educational material to businesses/industries that are determined to have the potential for spills on the availability or the need to have spill prevention or spill cleanup kits. If funding is made available, inform such businesses that spill supplies are available from the City/emergency responders.	D	Staff Time	MDH, City, MRWA, DNR, Stearns County, Local Government	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
9	Moderate	Brief the mayor and city council about the potential contaminant sources (such as wells, spills, tanks) in the DWSMA. Describe status and resources needed and available to complete this effort.	D	Staff Time	MDH	•		•		•		•		•		•	
7	Moderate	The City will explore the need to implement a cross connection control program. The MDH Source Water Planner or MDH District Engineer can assist the City in this effort.	D	Staff Time	MDH					•							
8	Moderate	Select wellhead protection education items from the MNRWA source water protection website, SWCD, Stearns County, or CMWEA, to use to educate the public about WHP in your community.	D	Staff Time	MDH, City, MRWA, DNR, Stearns County, Local Government, SWCD, CMWEA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
6	Moderate	In case of drought, or as needed, provide information to residents about water conservation tips and water reuse practices.	D	<1,000	MDH, City, MRWA, DNR, Stearns County, Local Government, SWCD					As	need	led					

ure	ity		ct sed	it ate	City Measure			In	npleme	ntati	on T	lime l	Fram	9		
Measi	Prior	Public Education and Outreach	Obje Addres	Cos Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
10	Moderate	The City will consider support for local water festivals. Support from the City may be contingent on outside solicitation for assistance, grant funding, and/or staff availability. Support could include, but is not limited to, methods such as financial, promotional, or staff contributions. If able, help sponsor the middle Sauk Water Festival (possibility of grant funding assistance).	D	<1,000	MDH, SWCD, Sauk River Watershed District			As ne	eeded a	and (oppc	ortun	ities	arise		
11	Moderate	The City will join then may choose to maintain its membership with and participate in appropriate events sponsored by CMWEA. Central Minnesota Water Education Alliance (CMWEA) is a coalition of central Minnesota cities, counties and other organizations that provides educational outreach to promote water quality stewardship. If at some point during the life of this Plan, the City determines that membership in the CMWEA no longer serves the needs of the City, it may choose to transfer membership to another, "water-education" focused organization or manage the education initiative itself.	A, D, G	<\$2,500 and Staff Time	City, local organizations					As n	eed	ed				

arre	ity		ct sed	t ate	City Measure			In	nplen	nenta	tion ⁻	Time	Fram	ie		
Measu	Priori	Potential Contaminant Source Management	Obje Addres	Cos Estima	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
12	High	Review the Old Municipal Well Report (OMWR) for well locations and assess any such location identified for sealing potential. (No known suspected old municipal wells for Avon).	В	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH	As Needed										
13	High	If an old municipal well is identified, obtain a cost estimate and apply for MDH SWP Grant or MDH Well Management funds to seal Old Municipal Wells if feasible and restore site as necessary.	В	>\$2,500 and Staff Time	MDH	As Needed										
14	High	If any unused and unsealed wells are identified, apply for a MDH SWP Grant to seal the high priority or unused unsealed wells identified in the DWSMA. (If the land owner is willing) Have a certified contractor seal the wells if the grant funds are awarded. The City will share the contact information of agencies providing cost share funding options (Stearns SWCD).	В	>\$2,500 and Staff Time	MDH, Landowners, SWCD	As Needed										
15	Moderate	If any Class V Well is identified within the DWSMA, work with MDH Planner to provide the Class V owner information regarding regulations to Class V Wells and to check status.	В	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH, EPA		As Needed									
16	High	The City will provide educational material about private wells by providing a link, reference, or digital copy of the MDH publication, "Well Owner's Handbook".	В	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH, MPCA, SWCD	On-Going										
17	High	The City will provide educational material by providing links about basic underground storage tanks requirements by providing the MPCA Fact Sheets. Information on tank monitoring and management is available through the MPCA tank unit. Provide information regarding proper containment areas for above and below-ground tanks, spill response and clean-up.	В	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH, MPCA					Or	ı-Goii	ng				

Measure	ity		ct ised	it ate	City Measure			In	nplem	ienta	tion	Time	Fram	10		
Measi	Prior	Potential Contaminant Source Management	Obje Addres	Cos Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
18	High	The City will provide links for educational material or best management practices provided by the MPCA on above ground storage tanks.	В	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH, MPCA				i	Or	n-Goi	ng				
19	High	Request MPCA files for PCS and STOR sites within Appendix C including Brownfields, Voluntary investigation and cleanup, Storage, and Leak sites registered within the DWSMA. Check for updates at year 3 and 8 of the plan and request when new files when available. Discuss with MDH source water planner or MPCA project managers if any contamination should be a concern for the City.	В	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH, MPCA			•					•			
20	Low	Update the PCSI database to include or remove potential contaminants if grant funding is provided. (Grant funding is eligible for updating the PCSI once during the lifetime of the plan.)	В	\$10,000 and Staff Time	MDH, Consultant										•	

Measure	ity	Land Use Management Strategies	ct sed	t ate	City Measure			Im	plem	ienta	tion ⁻	Гime	Fran	ıe		
Measu	Priori	Land Use Management Strategies	Obje Addres	Cos Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
21	High	As opportunities become available during updates of planning efforts, integrate wellhead protection principles into planning efforts, including 1W1P, local planning efforts, and comprehensive plans.	A, G	<\$5,000 and Staff Time	1W1P, Township, City, Lake associations, SWCD					As	Need	led	·	·		
22	Moderate	The City will inform Stearns County that they have a completed WHP Plan and ask that planning efforts consider potential impacts or benefits to the City's source water aquifer. City will work cooperatively with the County on planning efforts and implementation.	A, G	<\$1.000 and Staff Time	Stearns County	•										
23	Moderate	Work with local planning staff to explore and adopt a policy that property owners in a DWSMA can be requested or required to identify the location and status of any wells on their property as part of new building or land use permits issued.	A, G	<\$1.000 and Staff Time	Stearns County, SWCD, Avon Township, MDH					As	Need	led				
24	High	Through direct correspondence with MnDOT, the County Emergency Manager, Local Fire Department, and local first responders alert them to the location of the DWSMA by providing them a map and informing them of City of Avon's WHP efforts. Request that strong consideration be given to the WHP area when responding to a spill. Various state and local agencies such as the MPCA, MRWA, MDH, and Stearns County and Stearns SWCD may have educational opportunities for spill response.	A, G	<\$1.000 and Staff Time	City, Local and State Agencies, SWCD, Stearns County	•		•		•		•		•		•
25	High	On a yearly basis, ask first responders or fire department if any training and or supplies could be provided for spill response, cleanup, or prevention. Apply for a MDH SWP grant to help support any education or supplies needed for spill response. Spill supplies could be distributed to the public if extra supplies are available or if grant funding is obtained. High priority sites include properties with tanks and "STOR" sites as listed in Appendix C .	A, G	>\$10.000 and Staff Time	City, Local emergency responders/Fire department	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

ıre	ity		City Measure Implementation Time Fra Sector Sector							Fran	ne					
Measu	Priori	Land Use Management Strategies	Obje Addres	Cos Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
26	High	The City should contact the DNR area hydrologist and ask if there have been any new appropriation permits within the DWSMA. Additionally, the City should request MN DNR notify them if any applications come in within the DWSMA. This will allow the City to comment on the permit application.	A, G	Staff Time	City, DNR			•					•			•
27	High	Work with local planning & zoning staff to update their comprehensive plan to reflect existing WHP issues and identify changes to local controls that can be made to help protect the community water supply wells and aquifer.	A, G	<\$2,500 and Staff Time	City	As Updates Occur										
28	High	Annually coordinate an internal meeting with the city clerk, administrator, public works director, mayor or appropriate staff to discuss WHP Plan implementation and coordination. Discuss funding needs and pursuit of SWP Grant funds to help implement activities identified in the WHP Plan.	A, G	Staff Time	City	On-Going										
29	High	The City will continue to routinely monitor and record the static and pumping levels of the groundwater in the municipal wells. Water levels in all the municipal wells will be recorded at least monthly.	A, G	<\$2,500 and Staff Time	City	Monthly										

ıre	ity		Object Addressed	it ate	City Measure	re Implementation Time Frame												
Meası	Prior	Data Collection		C os Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035		
30	High	Water Quality Monitoring: The standard assessment monitoring package should be analyzed at each of the city's primary wells during year six of plan implementation. MDH can provide sample bottles and cover analytical costs, assuming adequate resources exist at the time. The city may need to collect the samples and ship them to MDH.	D	<\$5,000 and Staff Time	MDH					•								
31	High	This delineation is based on very little well data. If wells are constructed within two miles of the city or one mile of the DWSMA, their locations should be verified. This information may allow a better understanding of the extent and thickness of the city's aquifer, and could result in a more refined WHPA in the future.	D	<\$5,000 and Staff Time	MDH, Consultant, SWCD	When Wells are Identified												
32	High	A video inspection of the city wells might reveal whether any casing flaws might be contributing to the low-level tritium detections seen at these wells. This would likely occur during routine well servicing and could be eligible for a Source Water Protection Implementation Grant if this measure is included in the city's wellhead protection plan. If such an investigation is to occur, MDH should be contacted in advance in the event additional down hole investigations can be conducted while the well is open.	D	>\$10,000 and Staff Time	MDH, Consultant,	When SWP Grant is obtained												
33	High	If possible, collect pre-treatment arsenic samples from Well #4 and Well #5, followed by post-treatment samples.	D	<\$5,000 Staff Time	MDH, Consultant		•											

Measure	ity		ct sed	Opject Opject Unless Cooperation is Noted	City Measure	Implementation Time Frame										
	Prior	IWMZ Management Measures	Obje Addres		Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
34	High	Assist MDH staff in completing future Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ) Inventories for the public water supply wells.	E	<\$1,000 and Staff Time	MDH						•					•
35	High	Work with MDH to ensure that setback distances for new potential contamination sources are met.	E	>\$10,00 0 and Staff	MDH	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
36	High	Any sewer lines that are observed to be leaking, cracked, or deteriorated, should be replaced	E	>\$10,000 and Staff Time	MDH	On-Going										
37	High	For properties within the IWMZ, connection to a community sewer system could be considered (dependent on private owner corporation).	E	>\$10,000 and Staff Time	MDH	As needed and opportunities arise										
38	High	For properties within the IWMZ not connected to sewer, the precise location of subsurface sewage treatment system components should be determined. This can help assess the potential impact on the water supply (dependent on private owner corporation).	E	>\$10,000 and Staff Time	MDH	As needed and opportunities arise										

Measure	ity		ct sed	it ate	City Measure	Implementation Time Frame										
	Prior	Planning and Reporting	Obje Addres	Cos Estim	Cooperation is Noted	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
30	Medium	City to convene annual wellhead protection meetings to evaluate and assess needs and grant opportunities. Maintain a "WHP folder" that contains documentation of WHP activities you have completed and plan to complete the next year.	D	<\$2,5 00 and Staff Time	MDH, SWCD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
40	High	WHP Program Evaluation Plan Reporting: Complete an Evaluation Report every 2.5 years that evaluates the progress of plan of action. This evaluation form is available on the MDH website, and the MDH Planner can assist with conducting and completing the Evaluation. City will contact MDH Planner upon 2.5 year review completion and will submit at the scoping 1 meeting for plan amendment.	D	<\$5,000 and Staff Time	MDH			•			•					•

Table 13 (Continued) – Management Strategies

Figures

Figure 1 – DWSMA/WHPA Figure 2 – DWSMA Vulnerability Figure 3 – Political Boundaries Figure 4 – Transportation Routes Figure 5 – Zoning Figure 6 – Future Land Use Figure 7 - Land Cover Figure 8– Public Drainage Systems and Water Resources Figure 9 – FEMA Flood Zone Data Figure 10 - Utilities Figure 11-- PCSI Wells Figure 12 – PCSI Other









Public Water Supply Well Locations

- Primary Well
- Emergency Well

Wellhead Protection Plan - Boundaries

- Emergency Response Area (ERA)
- Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)

Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA)

Jurisdictional Boundary

City of Avon Municipal Boundary

DWSMA Vulnerability

Moderate Vulnerability

Moderate vulnerability indicates that vertical recharge to the source water aquifer occurs over a time period of years to several decades.



DWSMA Vulnerability

Wellhead Protection Plan Part II Amendment City of Avon

Stearns County, Minnesota

This map is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey map and is not intended to be used as one. This map is a compliation of records, information, and data gathered from various sources listed on this map and is to be used for reference purposes only. SEH does not warrant that the Geographic Information System (GIS) Data used to prepare this map are error free, and SEH does not represent that the GIS Data can be used for navigational; tracking, or any other purpose requiring exacting measurement of distance or direction or precision in the depiction of geographic features. The user of this map acknowledges that SEH shall not be liable for any damages which arise out of the user's access or use of data provided.



Project: AVONM 178036 Print Date: 4/19/2024

Figure

2









SEH

5















Public Water Supply Well Locations

- Primary Well
- Emergency Well

Wellhead Protection Plan - Boundaries

Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ)

Emergency Response Area (ERA)

Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)

Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA)

Jurisdictional Boundary

City of Avon Municipal Boundary <u>DNR Watersheds</u>

DNR Level 08 - All Catchments Catchment Flow Network (synthetic)

- → Catchment Flow Network (synthetic)
- Catchment Pour Points

MnDNR Groundwater Dominated Lakes

0 - 5 Very Likely Groundwater Dominated Lake

5 - 10 May be Groundwater Dominated Lake <u>One Watershed One Plan</u>

Planning Boundary ID 11



Public Drainage and Water Resources

Wellhead Protection Plan Part II Amendment City of Avon

Stearns County, Minnesota

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Project: AVONM 178036 Print Date: 4/20/2024

Figure

8-2





Public Water Supply Well Locations

- Primary Well
- Emergency Well

Wellhead Protection Plan - Boundaries

Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ)

- Emergency Response Area (ERA)
- Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)

Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA)

Jurisdictional Boundary

City of Avon Municipal Boundary <u>*Utilities*</u>

- - - Sanitary Sewer

No Gas or Oil pipelines were observed from the National Pipeline Mapping System Public Viewer.



Utilities

Wellhead Protection Plan Part II Amendment City of Avon Stearns County, Minnesota

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Project: AVONM 178036 Print Date: 4/26/2024

Figure

10



Public Water Supply Well Locations

- Primary Well
- Emergency Well

Wellhead Protection Plan - Boundaries

Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ)

Emergency Response Area (ERA)

Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA)

Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA)

Jurisdictional Boundary

City of Avon Municipal Boundary

Minnesota Well Index

- Verified Well Location
- Relocated Well Location (Previously Unverified location) \bullet

Hand Digitized

• Potential Well Location

Notes:

-See **Appendix C** for more details - PCSI = Potential Contaminant Source Inventory

-No EPA Class V Wells were found within the DWSMA.



PCSI - Wells

Wellhead Protection Plan Part II Amendment City of Avon

Stearns County, Minnesota

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Project: AVONM 178036 Print Date: 4/21/2024

Figure

11





Appendix A

Scoping Decision Notice and Assessment of Data Elements



Protecting, Maintaining and Improving the Health of All Minnesotans

November 14, 2023

Mr. Justin Kurtz, Water/Wastewater Foreman Mr. Josh Blommer, Public Works Technician City of Avon P.O. Box 69 Avon, Minnesota 56310

Subject: Scoping 2 Decision Notice and Meeting Summary – City of Avon – 1730002

Dear Mr. Kurtz and Josh Blommer,

This letter provides notice of the results of a scoping meeting held with you, Wayne Cymbaluk (Stearns Soil and Water Conservation District Water Resource Specialist), and me (Minnesota Department of Health) on October 23, 2023, at Avon City Hall regarding wellhead protection (WHP) planning. During the meeting, we discussed the data elements that must be compiled and assessed to prepare the part of the WHP plan related to the management of potential contaminants in the approved drinking water supply management area. The enclosed Scoping 2 Decision Notice lists the data elements discussed at the meeting. We also discussed a summary of planning issues and recommendations that were identified during the Part 1 WHP Plan development process which should be considered for inclusion in your Part 2 WHP Plan.

The city of Avon has met the requirements to distribute copies of the first part of the WHP plan to local units of government and hold an informational meeting for the public. The city of Avon will have until July 25, 2024 to complete its WHP plan.

It is our understanding that the city is still determining who will be working to develop a draft of the remainder of the WHP plan. I will be contacting you to review the progress of the development of Part 2 of your plan. Upon request, the Technical Assistance Planner can provide a glossary of terminology, identification of information sources for the required Data Elements, and other technical assistance documents. If you have any questions regarding the enclosed notice, contact me by email at chad.r.anderson@state.mn.us or by phone at 651-201-5847.

Sincerely,

Chad Anderson, Planner Environmental Health Division Source Water Protection Unit 3333 Division Street, Suite #212 St. Cloud, Minnesota 56301 CA:jk

Enclosures: Scoping 2 Decision Notice, PCSI Requirements, WHP Planning Issues Summary

cc: Hunter Blommer, MDH Engineer, St. Cloud Jodi Austing-Traut, City Clerk, City of Avon (Letter Only) Luke Stuewe, Minnesota Department of Agriculture November 14, 2023
Name of Public Water Supply: City of Avon
PWSID:1730002
Name of the Wellhead Protection Managers: Justin Kurtz, Water/Wastewater Foreman and
Josh Blommer, Public Works Technician
Address: P.O. Box 69
City: Avon
Zip: 56310
Phone:320-342-8101
Primary Unique Well Numbers: 696861 (Well #4) and 696862 (Well #5)
DWSMA Vulnerability: 🗌 Low

The purpose for the second scoping meeting, as required by Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5340, is to discuss the information necessary for preparing Part 2 of a Wellhead Protection Plan. The Part 1 Plan identifies the area that provides the source of drinking water for the public water supply (PWS) and assesses how vulnerable that area is to contamination. The PWS can utilize that information to develop land use and management practices that protects their groundwater resource from contamination.

The wellhead rule (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5340) refers to the information required for wellhead planning as data elements. This notice lists the data elements that are stated in Minnesota Rules, part 4750.5400 and are selected for the PWS because of the vulnerability of the drinking water supply management area (DWSMA) as determined in Part 1.

Scoping 2 Data Elements Needed for the Part 2

Data Elements are pieces of information in the form of a map, a list, records, tables, and inventories. Where appropriate, they should be reviewed and assessed in terms of their present and/or future implications on the 1) use of the well(s), 2) quality and quantity of water supplying the public water supply wells(s), and 3) land and groundwater uses in the DWSMA. It is important to discuss the relevance of the data elements to management of the DWSMA. Check the technical assistance comments for guidance on reviewing the data elements and conducting these assessments. Clearly identify in the plan which data elements are associated with which tables/figures. If a data element does not exist, state that in the narrative.

Submit –

The following information, highlighted with an asterisk* with blue text, MUST be submitted in the Part 2 by including it in the plan narrative and/or appendix.

*A map that indicates the vulnerability and includes the DWSMA, WHP Area, and Emergency Response Area must be included in the Part 2. This map with vulnerability is a product of the Part 1 and provides a basis for planning activities in Part 2. SWP Planner can provide the DWSMA figure.

DATA ELEMENTS ABOUT THE LAND USE -

<u>Land Use</u>

- □ *An existing map of political boundaries.
- *An existing map of public land surveys including township, range, and section.

Technical Assistance Comments: A map or maps showing updated political boundaries and township, range, section with labels is required for determining land use authorities for the land within the DWSMA. DWSMA figure map provided by SWP Planner will also contain political boundaries with township, range, and section. Determine and discuss how the various land use authorities may affect the management of the DWSMA.

- A map and an inventory of the current and historical agricultural, residential, commercial, industrial, recreational, and institutional land uses and potential contaminant sources.
 - *The Potential Contaminant Source Inventory (PCSI) data in both a table and map format must be created and included in the Part 2. Include potential contaminant sources as listed on the PCSI attachment provided for each existing vulnerability within the DWSMA.
 - If DWSMA contains moderate vulnerability inventory all wells.
 - The inventory should include your community wells but not include any wells that are known to have been sealed according to the Minnesota Well Code (MN Rules 4725).
 - *A land use/land cover map and table. SWP Planner can provide a land cover map and data/table from federal sources. This data set should be used unless an alternative electronic data set that is more current and detailed is available. Assess and discuss changes in land use that could impact management of the DWSMA.

*An inventory of the Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ). A recent IWMZ inventory (within six years) for each primary well with management recommendations on the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) form, or a table that summarizes the number and type of contaminant sources with the management recommendations must be included. Incorporate or reference the recommendation(s) from the IWMZ into the Part 2. IWMZ will be completed by the SWP Planner with assistance from the PWS staff. A copy will be provided to the PWS.

Technical Assistance Comments: This section encompasses the Potential Contaminant Source Inventory known as the PCSI. See the Scoping 2 Decision Notice Potential Contaminant Source Inventory Requirement Attachment(s) and endorsement procedures/fact sheets for further information. Utilize the PCSI geodatabase attribute template provided by SWP Planner. Management strategies must be developed for potential sources of contamination that pose a risk to the drinking water supply.

- □ *An existing comprehensive land-use map.
- □ *An existing zoning map.

Technical Assistance Comments: This information can indicate areas in the DWSMA where growth or the addition of potential contaminant sources is likely to occur. Furthermore, the review of local zoning and comprehensive land-use maps facilitates the evaluation of the degree of compatibility current and future land uses have with the PWS goals of protecting the drinking water wells and aquifer

Public Utility Services

*An existing map of transportation routes or corridors.

Technical Assistance Comments: Highway and railroad corridors can be used to move hazardous materials. These corridors should be evaluated to determine the level of risk they pose for spills in the DWSMA, considering their proximity to the wells, the local topography, and geologic conditions.

*An existing map of storm sewers, sanitary sewers, and public water supply systems.

Technical Assistance Comments: Storm sewer systems and sanitary systems can be sources of contamination. Storm sewers are generally considered a public utility element designed to convey storm water runoff and use constructed features such as pipes and ponds. Evaluate the integrity and condition (age, type of material, any investigative work, etc.) of these systems in the DWSMA, noting the location of the water supply system and public water supply wells in relation to these potential contaminant sources. It is not necessary to include a map of your public water supply system in the Part 2 if you believe it would pose a threat to the security of your system.

*An existing map of the gas and oil pipelines used by gas and oil suppliers.

Technical Assistance Comments: Petroleum pipelines can be sources of contamination (excluding liquefied natural gas pipelines). If possible, describe what is generally known about the condition of these pipelines in the DWSMA, and the readiness of the PWS to respond to an emergency. It is not necessary to include a map in the Part 2 if you believe it would pose a security threat.

Required to be discussed in plan-

The following information (if existing) MUST be reviewed and discussed in the development of the Part 2. The Part 2 narrative must contain a description identifying whether/how the information may influence the management of the DWSMA. The data element may be located in the public domain. While the map or document reviewed is not required to be included in the Part 2, the source of the data element must be provided in the plan narrative by indicating a web address or reference to its location. Provide a statement in the plan narrative if the data element does not apply or does not exist.

DATA ELEMENTS ABOUT THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT -

Water Resources

 An existing map of the boundaries and flow directions of major watershed units and minor watershed units.

Technical Assistance Comments: Identify/list the major and minor watershed(s) in the Part 2 in order to become aware of local water planning efforts such as One Watershed One Plan (1W1P), Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategies (WRAPS), and/or Groundwater Restoration and Protection Strategies (GRAPS).

• An existing map showing those areas delineated as floodplain by existing local ordinances.

Technical Assistance Comments: Assess and describe any issues and management needed in the DWSMA based on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Floodplain 100-year FIRM (Flood Insurance Rate Map) and (or) other State and local floodplain or flooding information. Consult with the WHP Managers to evaluate any potential or historical flooding impacts on the public water supply wells or aquifer. The Inner Well Management Zone report and Sanitary Survey may be used to identify flooding issues and impacts.

DATA ELEMENTS ABOUT THE LAND USE -

Land Use

An existing map of parcel boundaries.

Technical Assistance Comments: Parcel boundaries may have been used for delineation of the DWSMA in Part 1. In Part 2, parcel identification information must be included or linked and must be used for education or targeting activities or practices in addressing potential contaminants. In the narrative indicate if parcel data is available from the public domain (i.e., county GIS or associated website such as Beacon).

Part 1 -

The following information was reviewed and assessed in developing the Part 1. Some data elements may be in the public domain or non-existent, and others may have been determined by the MDH hydrogeologist to not be applicable to the physical setting, so discussion was not included in the Part 1. The Part 1 should be used as a data source for the Part 2. The technical assistance comments provide the requirements for how this information must be discussed and/or included in the Part 2. Include relevant excerpts or summaries from the Part 1 where indicated.

DATA ELEMENTS ABOUT THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT -

- An existing geologic map and a description of the geology, including aquifers, confining layers, recharge areas, discharge areas, sensitive areas as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 103H.005, subdivision 13, and groundwater flow characteristics.
- Existing records of the geologic materials penetrated by wells, borings, exploration test holes, or excavations, including those submitted to the department.
- Existing borehole geophysical records from wells, borings, and exploration test holes.
- Existing surface geophysical studies.

Technical Assistance Comments: Provide a summary in the plan narrative (few sentences/paragraph) of the Description of the Hydrologic Setting from Part 1. Provide the conclusions regarding the Well and DWSMA Vulnerabilities related to the geologic conditions and how these conditions influence the management of the DWSMA.

DATA ELEMENTS ABOUT THE LAND USE -

Public Utility Services

• An existing record of construction, maintenance, and use of the public water supply well and other wells within the DWSMA.

Technical Assistance Comments: Well construction records indicate what is known about the well(s) and can indicate if the well(s) have structural integrity or groundwater protection issues. Briefly summarize in the plan narrative what is discussed about each well from the Assessment of Well Vulnerability in Part 1.

DATA ELEMENTS ABOUT WATER QUANTITY -

Groundwater Quantity

- An existing list of wells covered by state appropriation permits, including amounts of water appropriated, type of use, and aquifer source.
- An existing description of known well interference problems and water use conflicts.
- An existing list of state environmental bore holes, including unique well number, aquifer measured, years of record, and average monthly levels.

Technical Assistance Comments: This information, if known, was incorporated into the Part 1, and was used to assist in determining hydrologic boundary conditions and area static water levels. In Part 2, information about Department of Natural Resources appropriation permit holders and any known well interference problems or water use conflicts must be discussed, including how this information could affect the management of the DWSMA.

DATA ELEMENTS ABOUT WATER QUALITY -

Groundwater Quality

- An existing summary of water quality data, including: 1. bacteriological contamination indicators; 2. inorganic chemicals; and 3. organic chemicals.
- An existing list of water chemistry and isotopic data from wells, springs, or other groundwater sampling points.
- An existing report of groundwater tracer studies.

Technical Assistance Comments: This information, if known, was incorporated into the Part 1. Provide a summary of the assessment of well vulnerability and/or any relevant chemistry and isotopic composition data available from PWS wells and other wells/sources.

- An existing site study and well water analysis of known areas of groundwater contamination.
- An existing property audit identifying contamination.
- An existing report to the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency of contaminant spills and releases.

Technical Assistance Comments: This information, if known, was incorporated into the Part 1. Discuss whether there are groundwater contamination areas that could pose a risk to the public water supply well(s) now or in the future. Include any relevant data and how this information may affect the management of the DWSMA.

Revised: 01/2022

To obtain this information in a different format, call: 651-201-4570. Printed on recycled paper.
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Avon Scoping 2 Meeting Wellhead Protection (WHP) Plan Amendment Summary of Planning Issues

This planning issues summary is intended to guide plan writers and WHP teams when developing their amendment. It highlights key issues identified to date that you should consider and discuss. It should not be considered a list of complete requirements for the amendment.

Summarize the management implications from minor changes in DWSMA or vulnerability:

 Overall, the new DWSMA is about 1.6 times larger than the previous delineation and expands more to the south and east (Figure 1). This is primarily due to changes in the model used for the current effort.

Community changes and implications for management:

Avon has experienced population growth, with 1,215 people in 2000, 1,397 in 2010, and a population of 1,640 in 2020. Assuming the growth rate of approximately 17.3% from 2010 to 2020 remains the same, the population over the next 10 years will grow to 1,925.

Key management activities to carry forward:

<u>Note to plan writer</u>: Update current language so management strategies are SMART (<u>Specific,</u> <u>M</u>easurable, <u>A</u>chievable, <u>R</u>elevant/<u>R</u>ealistic, <u>T</u>iming). Consider using the MDH Management Strategy Catalog.

- An evaluation of the activities proposed in the WHP Plan of Action from the 2014 WHP Plan (Chapter 9) suggests that seven of the activities proposed were not completed as of the time the evaluation was conducted (March 27, 2023). These activities include Measures 3,4,5,8,10,11,13,17,19,23,24,25,26,27,28,30,31,32,33,34 & 37. MDH recommends that Avon review each Measure to confirm that the activity was not completed or is indeed not applicable, and to determine whether each Measure should be a part of the next WHP Plan of Action.
- The March 2023 evaluation of the activities proposed in the 2014 WHP Plan indicates that Measures 1,2,6,7,9,12,14,15,16,18,20,21,22,29,35 & 36 were all completed. The nature of some of these actions is such that once they are complete, they may be eliminated, while the amended WHP Plan may be better with the continuation of several of the measures. MDH recommends that Avon analyze the management strategies that were written/included previously to determine which should be carried over to the new WHP Plan and if the language should be refined to fall in line more closely with Avon's experience with implementing the measure and their success/failure with it.

New management strategies to consider:

- Well Locating: This delineation is based on very little well data. If wells are constructed within two miles of the city or one mile of the DWSMA, their locations should be verified. This information may allow a better understanding of the extent and thickness of the city's aquifer, and could result in a more refined WHPA in the future.
- Water Quality Monitoring: The standard assessment monitoring package of the primary wells should be analyzed during year six, contingent on funding assistance from MDH for sampling and analysis. The city may need to collect the samples and ship them to MDH. Information generated by this sampling will be used to refine vulnerability assessments for the next amendment.
- Well Casing Investigation: A video inspection of the city wells might reveal whether any casing flaws might be contributing to the low-level tritium detections seen at these wells. This would likely occur during routine well servicing and could be eligible for a Source Water Protection Implementation Grant if this measure is included in the city's wellhead protection plan. If such an investigation is to occur, MDH should be contacted in advance in the event additional down hole investigations can be conducted while the well is open.
- If possible, collect pre-treatment arsenic samples from Well #4 and Well #5, followed by post-treatment samples.

Old municipal wells that need to be sealed:

- The Old Municipal Well report for Avon suggests there are no remaining old municipal wells that must be sealed.

Important partnerships to maintain or establish:

- Stearns County/Stearns SWCD/Stearns Highway Department.
- Sauk River Watershed District.
- Avon Fire Department.
- Pertinent Townships.
- MDH, DNR, MNDOT, MPCA, MRWA.

Water quantity issues and implications:

- Existing data do not suggest water quantity issues.

Water quality issues and implications:

Existing data do not suggest water quantity issues.

Sanborn Maps:

- Sanborn Maps are available for this area.
- Sanborn Maps are not available for this area.



Figure 1: Amended and Prior Areas

Appendix B

Part I Wellhead Protection Plan

Drinking Water Source and Wells for the City of Avon

DELINEATIONS – WELLHEAD PROTECTION AREA AND DRINKING WATER SUPPLY MANAGEMENT AREA

VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENTS – WELLS AND DRINKING WATER SUPPLY MANAGEMENT AREA

August 2, 2023

Hydrogeologic Assessment of the Drinking Water Source and Wells for the City of Avon

Public Water Supply ID: 1730002

City of Avon P.O Box 69 Avon, Minnesota 56310 320-356-7922

www.cityofavonmn.com

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I hereby certify that this plan, document or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Geologist under the laws of the State of Minnesota.

Signature:	Luke Pickman Signature	Digitally signed by Luke Pickman Signature Date: 2023.08.02 15:55:36 -05'00'	Date:	

Printed Name: Luke Pickman

License Number: 60524

Contact Information

Wellhead Protection Plan Co-Managers

Justin Kurtz, Water/Wastewater Foreman 320-342-8101 justin.k@cityofavonmn.com

Josh Blommer, Water/Wastewater Technician 320-828-7159 josh.b@cityofavonmn.com

State and Local Technical Assistance Planning Staff

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Licensed Hydrologist

Luke Pickman, Minnesota Department of Health Source Water Protection Hydrologist 651-201-4678 luke.pickman@state.mn.us

Gail Haglund, Minnesota Department of Health Source Water Protection Hydrologist 651-201-4691 gail.haglund@state.mn.us

Glossary of Terms

Data Element. A specific type of information required by the Minnesota Department of Health to prepare a wellhead protection plan.

Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA). The area delineated using identifiable landmarks that reflects the scientifically calculated wellhead protection area boundaries as closely as possible (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5100, subpart 13).

Drinking Water Supply Management Area Vulnerability. An assessment of the likelihood that the aquifer within the DWSMA is subject to impact from land and water uses within the wellhead protection area. It is based upon criteria that are specified under Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5210, subpart 3.

Emergency Response Area (ERA). The part of the wellhead protection area that is defined by a one-year time of travel within the aquifer that is used by the public water supply well (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5250, subpart 3). It is used to set priorities for managing potential contamination sources within the DWSMA.

Inner Wellhead Management Zone (IWMZ). The land that is within 200 feet of a public water supply well (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5100, subpart 19). The public water supplier must manage the IWMZ to help protect it from sources of pathogen or chemical contamination that may cause an acute health effect.

Wellhead Protection (WHP). A method of preventing well contamination by effectively managing potential contamination sources in all or a portion of the well's recharge area.

Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA). The surface and subsurface area surrounding a well or well field that supplies a public water system, through which contaminants are likely to move toward and reach the well or well field (Minnesota Statutes, section 1031.005, subdivision 24).

Well Vulnerability. An assessment of the likelihood that a well is at risk to human-caused contamination, either due to its construction or indicated by criteria that are specified under Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5550, subpart 2.

Acronyms

- CWI County Well Index
- **DNR** Minnesota Department of Natural Resources
- EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency
- FSA Farm Security Administration
- MDA Minnesota Department of Agriculture
- MDH Minnesota Department of Health
- MGS Minnesota Geological Survey
- MnDOT Minnesota Department of Transportation
- MnGEO Minnesota Geospatial Information Office
- **MODFLOW** Three-Dimensional Finite-Difference Groundwater Model
- MPCA Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
- NRCS Natural Resource Conservation Service
- SWCD Soil and Water Conservation District
- UMN University of Minnesota
- **USDA** United States Department of Agriculture
- **USGS** United States Geological Survey

Summary

Protection Areas - The recharge area for the wells is known as the wellhead protection area, or WHPA, and represents the area that contributes water to the city's wells within a 10-year time period. The area that contributes water within a one-year time period is known as the emergency response area, or ERA. Practical reasons require the designation of a management area that fully envelops the wellhead protection area, called the drinking water supply management area, or DWSMA. Each of these areas is shown in Figure 1.

Geology and Groundwater Flow – The city of Avon has two primary wells screened in a sand aquifer that is buried beneath a layer of clay-rich sediment. Such aquifers are known generically as Quaternary Buried Artesian Aquifers (QBAA). Regionally, groundwater flows towards Avon from the northwest and the south, draining to the northeast.

Local Well ID	Unique Number	Use/ Status	Casing Diameter (inches)	Casing Depth (feet)	Well Depth (feet)	Date Constructed/ Reconstructed	Aquifer	Well Vulnerability
Well #3	242069	Emergency	12	50	70	1979	QWTA ¹	Vulnerable
Well #4	696861	Primary	12	231	251	9/26/2003	QBAA	Vulnerable
Well #5	696862	Primary	12	220	240	8/11/2003	QBAA	Not Vulnerable

Table 1 – Supply Well Information

Note¹: QWTA = Quaternary Water Table Aquifer

Well Vulnerability - The vulnerability of each well has been assessed based on 1) well construction details, especially conformance with standards required by the state well code, 2) the geologic sensitivity of the aquifer, and 3) past monitoring results. Both Wells #4 and #5 (696861 and 696862) meet current construction standards. Well #4 is considered vulnerable to contamination due to tritium being detected in the well water (Table 2). Detectable tritium indicates the presence of young (post-1953) water. This is reinforced by the chloride concentration and chloride/bromide ratios presented below (Mullaney et al., 2009). Higher concentrations or concentration ratios indicate recent recharge from the surface. Well #5 also shows evidence for human impact based on chloride and bromide, but apparently the proportion of young water at this well is lower due to the absence of detectable tritium.

Well Name (Unique Number)	Tritium	Nitrate (mg/L)	Chloride (mg/L)	Bromide (mg/L)	Chloride/ Bromide Ratio	Arsenic (µg/L)
Well #4 (696861)	1.1	< 0.05	17.8	0.0316	563	5.72
Well #5 (696862)	< 0.8	< 0.05	11.8	0.022	536	7.68

Table 2 - Isotope and Water Quality Results (February 10, 2022)

DWSMA Vulnerability - The vulnerability of the city's aquifer throughout the DWSMA is based on the geologic sensitivity ratings of wells and their monitoring data (Table 2). Based on this information MDH has assigned a moderate vulnerability to the DWSMA. This suggests that water and contaminants may travel from the land surface to the city's aquifer within a time span of years to decades. This rating reflects uncertainty about the pathway for young water reaching Well #4 (686861) and water elevated in chloride and chloride/bromide reaching both wells. Although this may be the result of a well casing problem, for the time being it is assumed that the clay-rich sediments that overlie the city's aquifer is leaky. Moderately vulnerable aquifers are prone to a variety of contaminant threats, including chemical storage tanks and abandoned wells which can provide conduits for contaminants to quickly reach the city's aquifer.

Water Quality Concerns - At present, none of the contaminants for which the Safe Drinking Water Act has established health-based standards is found above maximum allowable levels in the city's water supply. However, elevated levels of naturally occurring arsenic have been detected at both wells.

Recommendations - Recommendations have been generated to improve future delineations and vulnerability assessments and should be considered for inclusion as management strategies in the city's wellhead protection plan. These activities include: well locating, downhole well inspection, and water quality monitoring. Further details can be found in the Recommendations section of this report.



Technical Report

Discussion

This document describes the amendments to Part 1 of the wellhead protection (WHP) plan for the city of Avon (PWSID 1730002). The purpose for amending the plan is to address the changes that have occurred since the plan was last approved, in order to update the WHP measures that are needed to protect public drinking water. In addition, the locations of the city's wells were adjusted for greater accuracy. The amended areas are slightly larger due to updated projected pumping and changes in modeling approach. The work was performed in accordance with the Minnesota Wellhead Protection Rule, parts 4720.5100 to 4720.5590.

This report presents delineations of the wellhead protection area (WHPA) and drinking water supply management area (DWSMA), and the vulnerability assessments for the public water supply wells and DWSMA. Figure 1 shows the boundaries for the WHPA and the DWSMA. The WHPA is defined by a 10-year time of travel. Figure 1 also shows the emergency response area (ERA), which is defined by a one-year time of travel. An inner wellhead management zone (IWMZ), which is the area within a 200-foot radius around the well, serves as the wellhead protection area for emergency wells and is not displayed in this report. Definitions of rule-specific terms used are provided in the "Glossary of Terms."

In addition, this report documents the technical information required to prepare this portion of the WHP plan in accordance with the Minnesota Wellhead Protection Rule. Additional technical information is available from MDH.

Table 1 lists all the wells in the public water supply system. Only wells listed as primary are required to be included in the WHP plan.

Assessment of the Data Elements

MDH staff met with representatives of the city of Avon on April 18, 2023, for a scoping meeting that identified the data elements required to prepare Part I of the WHP plan. Appendix A presents the assessment of these data elements relative to the present and future implications of planning items specified in Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5210.

General Descriptions

Description of the Water Supply System

The city of Avon obtains its drinking water supply from two primary wells. Table 1 summarizes information regarding them.

Description of the Hydrogeologic Setting

The city of Avon is located west of St. Cloud along Highway 94 in Stearns County. The surrounding area is covered by sandy loam textured, unsorted sediment ranging from silty sand to cobbly gravel lenses associated with the Superior or Rainy Lobes (Meyer et al. 1995). The city of Avon wells draws groundwater from a Quaternary Buried Artesian Aquifer (QBAA) composed of sand found approximately 220 feet below land surface. The buried aquifer is separated from the land surface by clay-rich sediments that act as natural geologic protection against surficial contaminants. The aquifer thickness is estimated to be approximately 27 - 30 feet at the well sites but is spatially variable beneath the city of Avon and surrounding area.

A description of the hydrogeologic setting for the aquifer used to supply drinking water is presented in Table 3.

Attribute	Descriptor	Data Source
Aquifer Material	Sand	CWI database
Porosity Type and Value	0.20	Fetter, 2001
Aquifer Thickness	Estimated 27 - 30 feet	Well #4 (696861) Well #5 (696862)
Stratigraphic Top Elevation	Estimated 919 feet AMSL	Well #4 (696861)
Stratigraphic Bottom Elevation	Estimated 889 feet AMSL	Well #4 (696861)
Hydraulic Confinement	Confined	Well #4 (696861)
Transmissivity	Range of Values: 1,323 – 14,013 ft²/day	A range of transmissivity values was used to reflect changes in aquifer composition and thickness as well as uncertainties related to the quality of existing aquifer test data. See Table 4 for the reference value.

Table 3 - Description of the Local Hydrogeologic Setting

Attribute	Descriptor	Data Source
Hydraulic Conductivity	Range of Values: 49 - 519 ft/day	The range of values was derived using specific capacity data obtained from well records and/or from additional aquifer test results listed in the "Selected References" section of this report.
Groundwater Flow Field	Groundwater flows to the southeast (117°) and to the north (354°) converging upon Avon with a gradient of 0.006 (Figure 2).	Defined by using static water level elevations from well records in the CWI database and documents listed in the "Selected References" section of this report.

The distribution of the aquifer and its stratigraphic relationships with adjacent geologic materials are shown in Figures 3, 4, and 5. They were prepared using well record data contained in the CWI database. The geological maps and studies used to further define local hydrogeologic conditions are provided in the "Selected References" section of this report.

Delineation of the Wellhead Protection Area

Delineation Criteria

The boundaries of the WHPA for the city of Avon are shown in Figure 1. Table 4 describes how the delineation criteria specified under Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5510, were addressed.

Criterion	Descriptor	How the Criterion was Addressed
Flow Boundary	None	There are no flow boundaries close enough to the public water supply wells that may have an impact on their capture areas, although changes in aquifer thickness were incorporated in the flow model.

Table 4 - Description of WHPA Delineation Criteria

Criterion	Descriptor	How the Criterion was Addressed
Flow Boundary	Other High Capacity Wells	No known high-capacity wells exist within two miles of the city of Avon's wells.
Daily Volume of Water Pumped	See Table 5	Pumping information was obtained from the DNR, Appropriations Permit Number 1962-0203, and was converted to a daily volume pumped by a well.
Groundwater Flow Field	See Table 3	The groundwater flow field was determined from local well data.
Aquifer Transmissivity	Reference Value: 3,618 ft²/day	The aquifer test plan was approved on May 19, 2023, and T was determined from specific capacity data. Uncertainty regarding aquifer transmissivity was addressed as described in the "Addressing Model Uncertainty" section.
Time of Travel	10 years	The public water supplier selected a 10-year time of travel.

Pumping data was obtained from the DNR Permit and Reporting System (MPARS) for the public water supply's Appropriation Permit Number 1962-0203. These values, confirmed by the public water supplier, were used to identify the maximum volume of water pumped annually by each well over the previous five-year period, as shown in Table 5. An estimate of the pumping for the next five years is also shown. The increase in usage is based on the expected new housing developments on the west side of town to begin construction in the coming years. The maximum daily volume of discharge used as an input parameter in the model was calculated by dividing the greatest annual pumping volume by 365 days.

Table 5 -	Annual	Volume	of Water	Discharged	from	Water	VlaguZ	Wells
	/		0					

Well Name (Unique)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	5-Year Projection	Daily Volume (cubic meters)
Well #3 (242069)	0.011	0.015	0.022	0.030	0.011	-	Emergency
Well #4 (696861)	22.897	23.043	23.093	25.321	24.566	32.500	337
Well #5 (696862)	22.413	16.786	22.948	30.169	26.058	32.500	337
System Total	45.321	39.844	46.063	55.520	50.635	65.000	674

(Expressed in millions of gallons. Bolding indicates greatest annual pumping volume.)

Method Used to Delineate the Wellhead Protection Area

The WHPA for the city of Avon's wells was determined using the software code MODFLOW (McDonald and Harbaugh, 1988; Harbaugh et al., 2000; Harbaugh, 2005). The resulting WHPA boundaries are a composite of the capture zones calculated from several different model scenarios using a stochastic method (Figure 1).

MODFLOW was developed by the United States Geological Survey and is publicly available. The specific software code used for this delineation was MODFLOW-2005 (Harbaugh, 2005). The program has been thoroughly documented, is widely used by consultants, government agencies, and researchers and consistently accepted in regulatory proceedings. MODFLOW is also an extremely versatile program capable of simulating groundwater flow in up to three dimensions while offering a variety of boundary condition options, confined or unconfined aquifer conditions and allowing for vertical discretization through the use of layering.

The numerical groundwater model that was constructed consisted of 180 rows, 205 columns, and three layers. The model incorporates a variable areal grid spacing ranging from 2 meters near the city's wells and grading to 160 meters at the boundaries of the model domain. Layer tops and bottoms were derived from CWI logs within the model domain. River head boundaries represent cells where water is flowing both into and out of the aquifer and were used to simulate the many lakes and rivers within the model domain within Layer 1. Vertical recharge was applied to Layer 1 of the model using modified values published by the U.S Geological Survey (Westenbrook et al., 2018).

Due to the heterogeneity of the unconsolidated sand and the lack of contiguous lenses for discretization of hydraulic conductivity zones, site specific data within the model domain was interpolated using the Parameter Estimation (PEST) tool. PEST is a calibration tool developed by John Doherty of Watermark Computing and is most commonly used to estimate aguifer hydraulic conductivity (Doherty, 2010). Typical zonation of hydraulic conductivity introduces zones of different hydraulic conductivity in the model domain at locations where the modeler feels they would be most effective. The parameter zonation process would then be repeated until the fit between model outcomes and field observations was acceptable. Characterization of geologic heterogeneity in the model domain by zones of piecewise uniformity is not in harmony with the nature of the alluvial material, therefore any zonation pattern that is finally decided upon is only defensible on the basis that it is better to employ such a zonation scheme than to ignore geologic heterogeneity altogether. To overcome this problem the distribution of hydraulic conductivity within the model domain was described by a set of pilot points. The pilot point locations and values in the model domain were derived from specific capacity data at domestic wells and aquifer test data for the city's wells. These values were then smoothed with the geostatistical method of kriging and input into the model. The pilot point method allowed for hydraulic conductivity values to be representative of the city's well data proximal to the well field and then be smoothed further away.

To determine the WHPA, the groundwater flow model was used along with a particle tracking program called MODPATH (Pollock, 2012). MODPATH is used to evaluate advective transport of simulated particles moving through the simulated flow system. A series of 72 particles were launched at each well. A porosity of 20 percent was used and a reverse time of travel was calculated at 10 years.

Results of Model Calibration and Sensitivity Analysis

Model calibration is a procedure that compares the results of a model based on estimated input values to measured or known values. This procedure can be used to define model validity over a range of input values, or it helps determine the level of confidence with which model results may be used. As a matter of practice, groundwater flow models are usually calibrated using water elevation and/or flux. The sensitivity analysis quantifies the differences in model results produced by the natural variability of a particular parameter. Uncertainty analysis addresses the effects of poor data quality (lack of local detailed information or deficiencies in the data) on the model results. Together, sensitivity and uncertainty analyses are commonly used to evaluate the effects that natural variability and uncertainties in the hydrogeologic data have on the size and shape of the capture zones. In regard to the WHPA delineation, these analyses are used to document that the delineation is optimal, conservative, and protective of public health based on existing information.

Model Calibration

A qualitative evaluation of the calibration can be made by comparing the simulated potentiometric surface (Figure 2) with observed water level targets obtained from the CWI database. Upon review the calibrated flow model generally captures the major features of the groundwater flow system along with the elevation, shape, magnitude, and gradient of the CWI database observed flow field.

A quantitative measure by which to evaluate the success obtained during calibration is to compare the root mean square of the residuals (RMSE) and the maximum observed head difference of the calibration dataset. The calibration dataset included water level information from 291 wells in an approximate eight-mile radius of the city's wells. The residual root mean square (RMS) error of the calibration well set was approximately 2.6 meters with a normalized RMSE of 6.24 percent. It is noted that this error is smaller than the calibration target of 10 percent (Groundwater Calibration Policy, 2018). The calibration targets (wells) with the greatest residual difference between measured and simulated heads were generally at locations beyond the contribution area to the city's wells.

Sensitivity Analysis

Model sensitivity is the amount of change in model results caused by the variation of a particular input parameter. Because of the relative simplicity of this MODFLOW, the direction and extent of the modeled capture zone may be very sensitive to any of the input parameters:

• The **<u>pumping rate</u>** directly affects the volume of the aquifer that contributes water to the well. An increase in pumping rate leads to an equivalent increase in the volume of aquifer and an expanded capture zone, proportional to the porosity of the aquifer materials.

How Addressed and Results – The pumping rate is based on the results presented in Table 5 and, therefore, is not considered a variable factor that will influence the delineation of the WHPA. The modeled pumping rate is based on the projected pumping rate, as shown in Table 5.

• The <u>direction of groundwater flow</u> determines the orientation of the capture zone. Variations in the direction of groundwater flow will not affect the size of the capture zone but are important for defining the areas that are contributing water to the well.

> **How Addressed and Results** – General flow direction was determined based upon static water levels of similarly screened wells in the area of the model. Overall, the sensitivity of the WHPA to the direction of groundwater flow should not be significant, given the current knowledge of the hydraulic head distribution in the aquifer.

• The <u>hydraulic gradient</u> (along with aquifer hydraulic conductivity) determines the rate at which water moves through the aquifer materials.

How Addressed and Results – The flow field shown in Figure 2 provides the basis for determining the extent to which each model run reflects the conceptual understanding of the orientation of the capture area for each well. The regional model has been calibrated to hydraulic heads. The sensitivity of the WHPA to the hydraulic gradient should not be significant given the current knowledge of the hydraulic head distribution in the aquifer.

• The <u>hydraulic conductivity</u> influences the size and shape of the capture zone. A decrease in hydraulic conductivity decreases the length of the capture zone and

increases the distance to the stagnation point, making the capture zone more circular in shape and centered on the well.

How Addressed and Results – Initial hydraulic conductivity was calculated from specific capacity and aquifer tests conducted throughout the region. In the model these were set to vary by +/- 50% and geostatistically smoothed across the model domain.

• The **aquifer porosity** influences the size and shape of the capture zone.

How Addressed and Results – Decreasing the porosity causes a linear, proportional increase in the areal extent of the capture zone. The porosity for the alluvial aquifer was chosen to be 0.20, which is consistent with commonly reported values for the aquifer material (Fetter, 2001). The porosity is not considered a variable for this study.

• The **aquifer thickness** influences the size and shape of the capture zone.

How Addressed and Results – Final aquifer thicknesses used in this model were the result of a multi-step statistical analysis. A cross-sectional analysis was done to determine the thicknesses of the aquifer at well points throughout the modeled extent. Layer thicknesses were interpolated between wells and unrealistic values were identified and disposed of at all steps by comparing with adjacent well data, where available, and by using hydrogeologic judgment. As a result, the model layering closely follows the overall stratigraphy through the region. In the area surrounding the city's wells the aquifer thickness was defined using area well logs and should reasonably represent the actual aquifer conditions. Therefore, aquifer thickness is not considered a variable for this study.

• The **<u>recharge</u>** influences the size and shape of the capture zone.

How Addressed and Results – The recharge applied to the surficial clay and sand in the model domain and ranged from 0 to 7 inches and was based on the values reported by the USGS (Westenbrook et al., 2018) within the central model domain. Higher values of recharge tend to produce longer and narrower capture areas while lower values lead to shorter and wider capture areas.

Addressing Model Uncertainty

Using computer models to simulate groundwater flow involves representing a complicated natural system in a simplified manner. Local geologic conditions may vary within the capture areas of the public water supply wells, but the amount of existing information needed to accurately define this degree of variability is often not available for portions of the WHPA. In addition, the current capabilities of groundwater flow models may not be sufficient to represent the natural flow system exactly. However, the results are valid within a range defined by the reasonable variation of input parameters for this delineation setting.

The steps employed for this delineation to address model uncertainty were:

- Pumping Rate For each well the five-year projection of pumping was used was used to represent the expected usage moving forward (Minnesota Rules, part 4720.5510, subpart 4).
- 2. Probability Analysis The Monte Carlo approach was used to estimate capture zone probability as well as variability in hydraulic conductivity.

The input files for all realizations and related information are available at MDH upon request.

Well Name (Unique)	File Name	Discharge (m ³ /day)	Hydraulic Conductivity (m/d)	Porosity (%)	Aquifer Thickness (meters)	Remarks
Well #4 (696861)	Base model	337	47.6	20	9.14	Base Case
Well #5 (696862)	Base model	337	49.9	20	9.14	Base Case

Table 6 – Model Parameters used in MODFLOW Base Case and Realizations

Note: 248 Final realizations

Conjunctive Delineation

The vulnerability of the ERA is not high; therefore, according to current MDH guidance, the need for a conjunctive delineation does not need to be assessed.

Delineation of the Drinking Water Supply Management Area

The boundaries of the Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA) were defined by the city of Avon using the following features (Figure 1):

- Centerlines of highways, streets, or roads
- Parcel Boundaries
- Public Land Survey coordinates

Summary of Comparisons Between the Previous (2012) and Current WHPA and DWSMA Delineations

Overall, the new DWSMA (1,896 acres) is about 1.57 times larger than the previous delineation (1,208 acres) and expands more to the south and east (Figure 8). This is primarily due to the

resolution of the modeling efforts. With the previous delineation effort, a single layer analytic element groundwater model was used to determine the base case. A second approach used the stochastic analytical groundwater flow method Oneka to evaluate the uncertainty of the 10-year capture area. This addressed uncertainty in hydraulic conductivity by frequency distribution around a known mean K value.

In the current three-layer MODFLOW, a more localized domain was used. Head boundaries consisted of a larger number of lakes, rivers, and streams transcribed explicitly as model cells providing an increased amount of nearby potentiometric data. In addition, the dimensionality of the three model layers were determined by interpolation of stratigraphic information across the entire model domain. This provided an overall higher resolution porous media model to better simulate the complex hydrogeology of the Avon area. The use of PEST++IES (White et al, 2020) to optimize hydraulic conductivity combined with a Monte Carlo approach to address uncertainty resulted in a significant increase in the protection areas compared to the previous modeling approach.

Vulnerability Assessments

The Part I wellhead protection plan includes the vulnerability assessments for the city of Avon's wells and DWSMA. These vulnerability assessments are used to help define potential contamination sources within the DWSMA and select appropriate measures for reducing the risk that they present to the public water supply.

Assessment of Well Vulnerability

The vulnerability assessments for each well used by the city of Avon are listed in Table 1 and are based upon the following conditions:

- Well construction meets current State Well Code specifications (Minnesota Rules, part 4725), meaning that the wells themselves should not provide a pathway for contaminants to enter the aquifer used by the public water supplier.
- 2. The geologic conditions at the well site include a cover of clay-rich geologic materials over the aquifer, however it is not sufficient to prevent the vertical movement of contaminants.
- 3. None of the human-caused contaminants regulated under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act have been detected at levels indicating that the well itself serves to draw contaminants into the aquifer as a result of pumping.
- 4. Water samples collected from both wells were analyzed for tritium, nitrate, chloride, and bromide (Table 2). Elevated tritium was detected in the sample from Well #4, confirming its vulnerable nature of the wells (Alexander and Alexander, 1989). In addition, the chloride and bromide results confirm that the well has been impacted by land-use activities (Table 2). Well #5 showed no detectable tritium but did show elevated chloride and chloride/bromide ratio, suggesting it is also capturing water impacted by human activities. It is presumed that it is capturing a smaller proportion of young, human-impacted water than Well #4 based on their differing tritium results.

Assessment of Drinking Water Supply Management Area Vulnerability

The vulnerability of the DWSMA is shown in Figure 7 and is based upon the following information:

- 1. Isotopic and water chemistry data from the Avon wells indicate that the aquifer is a mix of old and younger water with some evidence of human-caused contamination. The groundwater age as determined from tritium is mixed (DNR-MDH, 2020). Human-caused contamination is evidenced by elevated chloride and chloride/bromide.
- 2. Review of the geologic logs contained in the CWI database, geological maps, and reports indicate that the deep source aquifer exhibits a low geologic sensitivity throughout the DWSMA.

Therefore, given the information currently available, it is prudent to assign a moderate vulnerability rating to the DWSMA, in accordance with the Minnesota Wellhead Protection Rule (parts 4720.5100 to 4720.5590).

Recommendations

The following recommendations have been generated to inform the next amendment of the city of Avon's Wellhead Protection Plan.

- Well Locating: This delineation is based on very little well data. If wells are constructed within two miles of the city or one mile of the DWSMA, their locations should be verified. This information may allow a better understanding of the extent and thickness of the city's aquifer, and could result in a more refined WHPA in the future.
- 2. Water Quality Monitoring: The standard assessment monitoring package of the primary wells should be analyzed during year six, contingent on funding assistance from MDH for sampling and analysis. The city may need to collect the samples and ship them to MDH. Information generated by this sampling will be used to refine vulnerability assessments for the next amendment.
- 3. Well Casing Investigation: A video inspection of the city wells might reveal whether any casing flaws might be contributing to the low-level tritium detections seen at these wells. This would likely occur during routine well servicing and could be eligible for a Source Water Protection Implementation Grant if this measure is included in the city's wellhead protection plan. If such an investigation is to occur, MDH should be contacted in advance in the event additional down hole investigations can be conducted while the well is open.

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Figures















Appendix A: Data Elements Assessment
Data Type	Data Element	Use of the Well(s)	Delineation Criteria	Quality and Quantity of Well Water	Land and Groundwater Use in DWSMA	Data Source
Climate	Precipitation	Н	Н	Н	Н	MN Climatology Office, USGS
Geology	Maps and geologic descriptions	М	Н	Н	Н	MGS
Geology	Subsurface data	М	Н	Н	Н	MGS, MDH
Geology	Borehole geophysics	М	Н	Н	Н	No relevant data found
Geology	Surface geophysics	L	L	L	L	No relevant data found
Soils	Maps and soil descriptions	L	Н	М	L	NRCS
Soils	Eroding lands					
Water Resources	Watershed units	L	Н	L	L	DNR, USGS
Water Resources	List of public waters	L	Н	L	L	DNR, MDH
Water Resources	Shoreland classifications					
Water Resources	Wetlands map	L	Н	L	L	No relevant data found
Water Resources	Floodplain map					
Land Use	Parcel boundaries map	L	Н	L	L	Stearns County
Land Use	Political boundaries map	L	Н	L	L	MnGEO
Land Use	Public Land Survey map	L	Н	L	L	MnGEO
Land Use	Land use map and inventory					
Land Use	Comprehensive land use map					
Land Use	Zoning map					
Public Utility Services	Transportation routes and corridors	L	L	L	L	MnDOT, MnGEO
Public Utility	Storm/sanitary sewers and	L	М	L	L	
Public Utility	Oil and gas pipelines map					
Public Utility	Public drainage systems	L	Н	L	L	No relevant data
Public Utility Services	Records of well construction, maintenance, and use	н	н	н	н	City of Avon, CWI, MDH
Surface Water Quantity	Stream flow data	L	Н	Н	Н	
Surface Water Quantity	Ordinary high water mark data	L	Н	L	L	No relevant data found

Data Type	Data Element	Use of the Well(s)	Delineation Criteria	Quality and Quantity of Well Water	Land and Groundwater Use in DWSMA	Data Source
Surface Water Quantity	Permitted withdrawals	L	Н	L	L	
Surface Water Quantity	Protected levels/flows	L	Н	L	L	No relevant data found
Surface Water Quantity	Water use conflicts	L	Н	L	L	No relevant data found
Groundwater Quantity	Permitted withdrawals	Н	Н	Н	Н	DNR MPARS
Groundwater Quantity	Groundwater use conflicts	Н	Н	Н	Н	No relevant data found
Groundwater Quantity	Water Levels	Н	Н	Н	Н	MDH, DNR
Surface Water Quality	Stream and lake water quality management classifications					
Surface Water Quality	Monitoring data summary	L	Н	L	L	No relevant data found
Groundwater Quality	Monitoring data	Н	Н	Н	Н	MDH
Groundwater Quality	Isotopic data	Н	Н	Н	Н	MDH
Groundwater Quality	Tracer studies	Н	Н	Н	Н	No relevant data found
Groundwater Quality	Contamination site data	М	М	М	М	No relevant data found
Groundwater Quality	Property audit data from contamination sites					
Groundwater Quality	MPCA and MDA spills/release reports	М	М	М	М	No relevant data found

Definitions Used for Assessing Data Elements

- High (H): the data element has a direct impact
- Moderate (M): the data element has an indirect or marginal impact
- Low (L): the data element has little if any impact
- Shaded: the data element was not required by MDH for preparing this delineation

Acronyms used in this report are listed after the Glossary of Terms.

Potential Contaminant Source Inventory Data



Potential Contaminant Source Inventory Part II Wellhead Protection Plan City of Avon, Minnesota Drinking Water Supply ID 1730002

PCSI ID	PIN	Facility Name	Program ID	Address	City	Zip Code PCSI Code Status Material Total		Comment	Figure			
1	42.26201.0010	CITY OF AVON	00581107	300 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 30 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
2	03.00942.0000	SMITH BROTHERS FARM	00666975	34905 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 88 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
3	42.26201.0010	AVON WASTEWATER	00693064	300 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	Α	-	1	Well Location drilled to 72 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
4	03.00954.0000	KEPPERS, ELMER	Potential Well	34503 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
5	03.00945.0000	BOSL, TOM	00797221	34740 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 115 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
6	42.26201.0010	BERSCHEID, ALLAN & PATTY	00515197	300 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 103 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
7	03.00941.0010	JONAS, PETER	Potential Well	34759 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
8	03.01388.0000	Trevor Gertken	Potential Well	16872 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
9	03.01385.0000	GRUNLOH, PATRICK & CYNTHIA	Potential Well	16954 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
10	03.01385.0001	HANSEN, RICK	00422749	16938 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 50 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
11	03.01387.0000	ACHMAN, BILL	00649382	16912 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 50 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
12	03.01372.0000	CHRISTIAN, THOMAS	Potential Well	16829 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
13	03.01376.0000	SOWADA, STANLEY & JANICE	Potential Well	16949 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
14	03.01374.0000	KLEINSCHMIDT, ROB & GLORIA	Potential Well	16891 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
15	03.01375.0000	NIERENHAUSEN, JAMES R	00568876	16923 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 54 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
16	03.01373.0000	Todd Whitney	Potential Well	16865 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
17	03.01377.0000	MONSOUR, RAYMOND	00731530	16975 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 43 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
18	03.00940.0000	DANZL, DOUGLAS & SHARON	Potential Well	34517 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
19	03.01379.0000	SMITH, DAVE & GAIL	00660253	17007 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 45 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
20	03.01379.0000	LANGES	00170094	17007 KOPPY	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 35 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
21	03.00956.0001	David Ehrlichman	Potential Well	34465 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
22	03.01251.0000	MUELLER, JONATHON	00862029	34319 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 34 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
23	03.01396.0000	CASPERS, JIM	00623014	17470 MARSCH LA , AVON, MN 56310	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 134 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
24	03.01413.0010	Mark Macarthur	Potential Well	34431 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
25	42.26491.0000	KOSTREBA, GENE	00415618	18 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 31 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
26	03.01413.0015	KREMERS, GERALD	00537503	34373 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 54 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
27	42.26490.0000	BLONIGEN, DAVID	00461816	17 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 148 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
28	03.01251.0001	LUMBER ONE AVON/SPEC	00560550	34325 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 197 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
29	03.01251.0001	LUMBER ONE AVON	00561432	34325 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 192 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
30	03.01251.0001	LUMBER ONE	00812225	34325 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 97 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
31	42.26488.0000	MERGEN, JACK & SANDY	00421821	15 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 128 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
32	03.01251.0001	LUMBER ONE AVON	00699137	34325 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 37 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
33	03.00944.0020	MARKMAN, THOMAS & KARA	Potential Well	17426 MARSH	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
34	03.00936.0000	FLOREN, PHILIPPI TRUST	Potential Well	34337 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
35	42.26630.0084	BRIX, BRIAN	00402086	34206 9 CR , AVON, MN	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 42 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
36	03.00937.0000	NORBY, CHARLES	Potential Well	34289 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
37	03.00937.0000	BRINKMAN, RALPH	00419734	34289 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 54 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
38	42.26486.0095	GROETSCH, WALTER	00453389	12 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 193 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
39	03.00938.0000	JAGIELSKI, MICHAEL	00859569	34275 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 58 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
40	42.26486.0090	COX, NEIL	00178702	11 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 180 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
41	03.01227.0001	MUELLER, JOHN	00795254	34235 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 56 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
42	03.00952.0000	NELSON, MARLO	00400499	34232 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 87 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
43	03.01227.0002	DAHMEN, WILL	00507871	34213 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 57 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
44	03.01227.0003	BUETTNER, LEE	00506224	34187 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 67 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
45	03.00947.0000	OLSON, RICHARD & JEANNE	Potential Well	34203 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
46	03.00952.0000	NELSON, MARLO	00413622	34232 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	Well Location drilled to 80 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
47	03.01227.0004	BOUNDY, KEVIN	00839555	34175 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 70 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
48	42.26486.0072	GERSCH, DARREN & PATTY	00544891	6 ANGELFISH	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 195 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
49	03.01227.0006	SCEPANIAK, RICHARD J.	00528263	34151 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 65 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
50	03.00947.0002	HOFFMAN, RANDY	00845068	34164 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 72 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
51	03.01227.0007	HALL, PEGGY	Potential Well	34139 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
52	03.01227.0008	JOHNSON, HUGO	00598869	34113 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 68 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
53	03.01227.0009	HOYER, DUANE & KAREN	Potential Well	34105 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
54	42.26463.0100	RAUSCH, NEIL	Potential Well	34122 COUNTY ROAD 9	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11





Potential Contaminant Source Inventory Part II Wellhead Protection Plan City of Avon, Minnesota Drinking Water Supply ID 1730002

PCSI ID	PIN	Facility Name	Program ID	Address	City	Zip Code	PCSI Code	Status	Material	Total	Comment F	
55	03.01144.0000	GAMBLE, DAVE	00400473	34114 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 78 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
56	42.26486.0066	AVON 5	00696862	PO BOX 69	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 240 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
57	03.01227.0010	MARTENI, LINDA	00513386	34097 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 70 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
58	03.01227.0011	KALLA, CLAUDE	Potential Well	34069 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
59	42.26486.0066	AVON P-2	00689581	PO BOX 69	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 197 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
60	42.26486.0066	AVON P-2	00689580	PO BOX 69	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 197 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
61	42.26486.0066	AVON 4	00696861	PO BOX 69	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 255 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
62	03.00949.0004	BUDDE, BEN	00182524	34096 COUNTY ROAD 155	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 74 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
63	03.01227.0012	DOHGAN, ELLIE	00507602	34053 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 68 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
64	03.01227.0014	FRIE, CLARUS	00489160	34037 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 73 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
65	03.01227.0013	CARLSON, BRUCE	00759190	34025 LOWER SPUNK	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 55 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
66	03.01010.0000	BUDDE TRUCKING, INC.	00484474	34082 CHAR	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 90 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
67	03.01010.0000	DNR OB 73047 (BUDDE TRUCKING, INC.)	00483553	34082 CHAR	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 16 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
68	03.01030.0010	LUNDBERG, DANIEL & LISA	Potential Well	17295 MARSH	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
69	03.01030.0000	BECKER, BRIAN	00671379	17230 MARSH	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 54 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
70	42.26495.0085	GERADS, RUDY	00496561	401 SUN	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 84 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
71	03.01029.0000	SOENNUKER, CRAIG	00796879	17162 MARSH LN	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 57 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
72	42.26243.0000	AHLES, JERRY	00403748	941 2ND	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 32 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
73	03.01029.0000	LUNDBERG, LISA	00550300	15295 MARSH LA , AVON, MN 56	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 59 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
74	03.01335.0000	RABIDEAU, DEAN	00842978	17281 CR 54	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 58.25 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
75	03.01339.0000	NOREEN, JON & LYNETTE	00579545	17239 COUNTY ROAD 54	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 60 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
76	42.26507.0000	AVON LUMBER	00178656	115 2ND	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 168 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
77	03.01337.0002	NETTER, SCOTT EDWARD	00649357	17227 COUNTY ROAD 54	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 78 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
78	03.01412.0058	BEUNING, ROBERT	00457307	33679 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 61 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
79	42.26559.0020	LANGE, DAVID	00215308	110 CHINOOK	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 290 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
80	03.01412.0070	Michael J Quesnel	Potential Well	33704 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
81	03.01412.0063	Avalon Homes Inc	Potential Well	33668 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	U	-	1	Potential Well	Figure 11
82	03.01028.0000	HIPP, RUTH AND AUGUSTUS	00697948	33642 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 55 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
83	03.01514.9850	BEUNING, DON	00433940	33633 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 56 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
84	03.01026.0000	HYLLA, NATE	00802473	33599 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 58 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
85	03.01027.0000	PHILIPPI, FLOREN	00673721	33557 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 55 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
86	03.01019.0000	FISHER, MARK	00615686	33528 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 54 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
87	03.01023.0000	BRAUN, PHIL	00839575	33543 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 88 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
88	03.01015.0000	SEILER, GARY	00468313	33485 POVERTY POINT	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 58 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
89	42.26286.0004	BECKER, JOHN	00162527	307 CHINOOK	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 65 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
90	03.00997.0000	REMJESKE. MELVINA	00199883	525 1ST	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 95 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
91	03.00998.0000	OLSON, DOUG	00866930	517 1ST	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 59 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
92	42.26225.0065	MELTON, LARRY	00581627	30502 COUNTY ROAD 41	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 66 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
93	42.26225.0050	AVON 3	00242069	600 COUNTY ROAD 50	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 70 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
94	42.26205.0000	DINOS BALLLROOM	00455195	530 COUNTY ROAD 50	Avon	56310	WEL	A	-	1	MDH relocated Well drilled to 63 ft (unverified MWI file).	Figure 11
95	42,26620,0016	MORGEL, STEVE	00181289	16243 LINNEMAN LAKE	Avon	56310	WEL	А	-	1	Well Location drilled to 53 ft (MWI verified location).	Figure 11
96	42.26201.0010	Avon WWTP	182207	300 Angelfish Ave	Avon	56310	SPL	C	-	1	Closed Spill of unknown substance.	Figure 12
97	03.01010.0000	Budde Trucking Inc	TS0050035	34082 Char Ave NE	Avon	56310	AST	A	F000	1	2 aboveground tanks with used oil up to 1900 gallons.	Figure 12
98	03.01010.0000	Budde Trucking Inc	TS0050035	34082 Char Ave NE	Avon	56310	UST	А	F000	1	1 undergound tank with diesel fuel up to 10000 gallons.	Figure 12
99	03.01010.0000	Budde Leasing	200378	34082 Char Ave NE	Avon	56310	SPL	А	-	1	Unknown spill details.	Figure 12
100	42.26203.0030	Avon Elementary School	TS0019292	County Road 9 & 155	Avon	56310	UST	А	F000	1	1 underground tank with fuel oil up to 4000 gallons.	Figure 12
101	ROW	City of Avon	203666	Right of Way	Avon	56310	SPL	С	-	1	Closed Spill.	Figure 12
102	42.26559.0020	Lange Trenching Inc.	TS0005609	111 Dorado Ave NW	Avon	56310	AST	А	F000	1	9 aboveground tanks with diesel fuel, gasoline, used oil, lubricating oils, and hydraulic flued up to 1500 gallons.	Figure 12
103	42.26559.0020	Lange Trenching Inc.	TS0005609	111 Dorado Ave NW	Avon	56310	UST	Α	F000	1	2 underground tanks with gasoline and diesel up to 2000 gallons.	
104	42.26558.0000	Columbia Gear Co (mfg Facility)	LS0001551	640 Chinook Ave SW	Avon	56310	LUST	I	-	1	Leak Site	
105	42.26558.0000	Columbia Gear Division	TS0013220	640 Chinook Ave SW	Avon	56310	UST		F000	1	1 underground tanks with gasoline up to 1000 gallons.	
106	42.26530.0001	Avon Auto Repair	LS0006454	217 1st St NE	Avon	56310	LUST	A	-	1	Leak Site	
107	42.26581.0000	Stearns Co Property	LS0016108	107 Avon Ave S	Avon	56310	LUST	A	-	1	Leak Site	Figure 12





Potential Contaminant Source Inventory Part II Wellhead Protection Plan City of Avon, Minnesota Drinking Water Supply ID 1730002

PCSI ID	PIN	Facility Name	Program ID	Address	City	Zip Code	PCSI Code	Status	Material	Total	Comment	
108	42.26228.0000	Former Schmidty's/Casey's General Store #3300	LS0019207	303 Avon Ave S	Avon	56310	LUST	А	-	1	Leak Site	Figure 12
109	42.26228.0000	Caseys General Store 3300	TS0020499	303 Avon Ave S	Avon	56310	UST	А	F000	1	4 underground tanks with gasoline, E85, and diesel up to 12000 gallons.	Figure 12
110	42.26593.0000	Dahlin's Supermarket	TS0016458	106 Avon Ave S	Avon	56310	UST	R	F000	1	1 underground tank with fueld oil up to 2000 gallons (Isited as removed).	Figure 12
111	42.26226.0000	Church Of Saint Benedict	TS0016003	212 1st St SW	Avon	56310	UST	А	F000	1	1 underground tank with fuel oil up to 10000 gallons.	Figure 12
112	42.26582.0000	Us West	TS0054241	113 1st St SW	Avon	56310	AST	А	F000	1	1 aboveground tank with diesel fuel.	Figure 12
113	42.26591.0000	Suchys Service	TS0012341	112 Avon Ave S	Avon	56310	UST	R	F000	1	3 underground tanks with diesel and gasoline up to 4000 gallons (listed as removed).	Figure 12
114	42.26591.0000	Suchy Service	TS0012510	112 Avon Ave S	Avon	56310	AST	R	F000	1	4 aboveground tanks with used oil (listed as removed).	Figure 12
115	42.26591.0000	Suchy Service	TS0012510	112 Avon Ave S	Avon	56310	UST	R	F000	1	4 underground tanks with diesel, gasoline, used oil up to 4000 gallons (listed as removed).	Figure 12
116	42.26446.0000	Avon Oil Quick Mart	LS0006118	304 Blattner Dr	Avon	56310	LUST	А	-	1	Leak Site	Figure 12
117	42.26446.0000	Avon Oil Quick Mart	TS0005554	304 Blattner Dr	Avon	56310	UST	А	F000	1	8 tanks with ethanol, gasoline, diesel, and alchol blends up to 12000 gallons.	Figure 12
118	42.26446.0010	Novae Corp	5631WNVCRP31BLA	310 Blattner Dr	Avon	56310	STOR	А	C001	1	Toxics Reduction for hazardous substances	Figure 12
119	42.26446.0060	Prefinishing Specialists Inc	VP22690	PO Box 9	Avon	56310	PCS	А	-	1	Minnesota Brownfields	Figure 12
120	42.26205.0000	Columbia Gear	94988	530 CR 50	Avon	56310	SPL	С	-	1	16 gallons Chemical Other Or Unspecified. Closed Spill.	Figure 12
121	42.26205.0000	Columbia Gear Corp	185891	530 County Road 50	Avon	56310	SPL	А	-	1	200 gallons Lubricating Oils.	Figure 12
122	42.26205.0010	Jansky Estate Property	LS0005630	530 1st St SE	Avon	56310	LUST	А	-	1	Leak Site	Figure 12
123	42.26205.0010	Columbia Gear Co	TS0005536	530 County Road 50	Avon	56310	AST	А	F000	1	3 aboveground tanks with kerosene, used oil, and other up to 1200 gallons.	Figure 12
124	42.26205.0010	Columbia Gear Co	LS0004315	530 County Road 50	Avon	56310	LUST	А	-	1	Leak Site	Figure 12
125	42.26205.0010	Columbia Gear Corp	5631WCLMBG53CUN	530 County Road 50	Avon	56310	STOR	А	C001	1	Toxics Reduction for hazardous substances	Figure 12
126	42.26205.0010	Columbia Gear Co	TS0005536	530 County Road 50	Avon	56310	UST	R	F000	1	2 underground tanks with waste oil and diesel fuel up to 4000 gallons (listed as removed).	Figure 12
127	42.26217.0003	Avon Body Shop	TS0019730	430 Co Rd 50	Avon	56310	UST	R	F000	1	1 underground tanks with gasoline up to 565 gallons (listed as removed).	Figure 12



Appendix D

Water Contingency Strategy (DNR Water Supply Plan Approval)



FEBRUARY 22, 2019

CITY OF AVON JON FORSELL, SUPERINTENDENT AVON PUBLIC UTILITIES 140 STRATFORD STREET E PO BOX 69 AVON, MN 56310

RE: Water Supply Plan Approval, City of Avon, Stearns County

Dear MR. FORSELL:

Our office has completed the review of your Water Supply Plan for public water supply authorized under DNR Water Appropriation Permit **#1962-0203**. I am pleased to advise you that in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Section 103G.291, Subdivision 3, and on behalf of the Commissioner of the Department of Natural Resources, I hereby **approve your Water Supply Plan**. We encourage cities to complete the attached "Certification of Adoption" form. Please upload the form to MPARS-Water Supply Plan tab as soon as the city officially adopts the Plan.

The DNR, Minnesota Rural Water Association, and The Metropolitan Council encourage the city to educate its customers on how they can reduce household water use. As mentioned at the Water Supply Planning Workshops, the DNR will be contacting you periodically about progress the city has made on their water conservation goals. We encourage you to keep records of your success.

Thank you for your efforts in planning for the future of the City of Avon water supply and for conserving the water resources of the State of Minnesota! If you have any questions or need additional assistance with the city's water appropriation permit, please contact me at 320-223-7844 or via e-mail at Nicola.blake-bradley@state.mn.us.

Sincerely,

Nicola Blake-Bradley Area Hydrologist

Ec: Carmelita Nelson, DNR Tim Crocker, District Manager Dennis Fuchs, Stearns SWCD

mndnr.gov

Karen Voz, Minnesota Department of Health Minnesota Permitting and Reporting System (MPARS)

Appendix E

Inner Well Management Zone



EPARTMENT EPARTMENT EPARTMENT

INNER WELLHEAD MANAGEMENT ZONE (IWMZ) -POTENTIAL CONTAMINANT SOURCE INVENTORY (PCSI) REPORT

		5164-0975 Тсля IN						. (,		
PUBLI	C WATER 515		FORMATION							
	PWS ID	17300	02					CON	/MUNI [·]	тү
	NAME	Avon								
	ADDRESS	Avon	Utility Superintendent, Avon City Ha	ll, PO Box	k 69, 140 Stra	tford Street V	Vest, Avon, N	IN 56310)	
FACIL	ITY (WELL) INF	ORMA	TION							
	NAME	Well ±	23 Entry Point			IS THE	RE A WELL	LOG OF	λ	
			-o Entry Form			ADDITI	ONAL CON	STRUCT	ION	
SAM	PLE POINT ID	S02				INFORI	MATION AV		?	
UNIC	UE WELL NO.	24206	69				(Please attack	a conv)		
	COUNTY	Stearr	าร			\square NO		ERMINE	D	
PWS I	D / SAMPLE POIN	IT ID	1730002 S02	UNIC	UE WELL NO.	242069				
					ISO	LATION DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	
PCSI	ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL					Distances		Within	Dist	1
CODE		(CONTAMINATION SOURCE		Community	Non-	Sensitive	200 Ft.	from	Est.
					Community	community	vveli [,]	Y/N/U	Well	()
Agricu	tural Related				-					
*AC1	Agricultural chemica	al buried p	biping		50	50		N		
*AC2	Agricultural chemica	al multiple	tanks or containers for residential retail sale		50	50		N		
	or use, no single tar	r 100 lbs	ainer exceeding, but aggregate volume							
ACP	Agricultural chemica	al tank or	container with 25 gal. or more or 100 lbs. or		150	150		N		
	more dry weight, or	equipme	nt filling or cleaning area without safeguards							
ACS	Agricultural chemica	al storage	or equipment filling or cleaning area with		100	100		Ν		
ACR	safeguards	-	an activity and filling on all acting area with		50	50		N		$\left \right $
AGIN	safeguards and roo	al storage fed	or equipment ming or cleaning area with		50	50		IN IN		
ADW	Agricultural drainage	e well² (C	lass V well - illegal³)		50	50		N		
AAT	Anhydrous ammoni	a tank (st	ationary tank)		50	50		N		
AB1	Animal building, fee	dlot, conf	inement area, or kennel, 0.1 to 1.0 animal un	it	50	20	100/40	N		
AB2	(stockyard)	oultry bui	Iding including a borse riding area, more tha	n	50	50	100	N		$\left \right $
7.52	1.0 animal unit		ang, molaling a noise hang area, more tha				100			
ABS	Animal burial area,	more thar	n 1.0 animal unit		50	50		N		
FWP	Animal feeding or w	atering a	rea within a pasture, more than 1.0 animal ur	it	50	50	100	N		
AF1	Animal feedlot, unro	ofed, 300) or more animal units (stockyard)		100	100	200	N		\vdash
	Animal feedlot, mor	e than 1.0	, but less than 300 animal units (stockyard)		50 Use discretion	50 Use discretion	100	N		+
REN	Animal rendering pl	ant			50	50		N		+ - 1
MS1	Manure (liquid) stor	age basir	or lagoon, unpermitted or noncertified		300	300	600	N		
MS2	Manure (liquid) stor	age basir	or lagoon, approved earthen liner		150	150	300	N		
MS3	Manure (liquid) stor	age basir	or lagoon, approved concrete or composite		100	100	200	N		1
MS4	Iner Manure (solid) store	ne area	not covered with a roof		100	100	200	N		+
OSC	Open storage for cr	ops			use discretion	use discretion	200	N		
SSTS F	Related					I				1
AA1	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system, average flow greater than		300	300	600	N		
	10,000 gal./day									
AA2	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system serving a facility handling		150	150	300	Ν		
AA3	Intectious or patholo	ogical was	stes, average flow 10,000 gal./day or less		50	50	100	N		$\left - \right $
, , , , , ,	or less	a son uisp	orear system, average now 10,000 gai./day				100			
AA4	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system serving multiple family		50/300/1504	50/300/1504	100/600/3004	N		
	residences or a non	-residenti	al facility and has the capacity to serve 20 or							
	more persons per d	ay (Class	V well) ²		75	75	150	N		\vdash
AGG	Dry well leaching n	it seener	ne nit		75 75	/ 5 75	150	N N		+
*FD1	Floor drain, grate. o	r trough c	connected to a buried sewer		50	50	100	N		+
*FD2	Floor drain, grate, o	r trough i	f buried sewer is air-tested, approved		50	20		N		+
	materials, serving o	ne buildir	g, or two or less single-family residences							
1/16/2024				1						

PWS I	D / SAMPLE POINT ID	UNIC	UNIQUE WELL NO. 242069							
				ISO	LATI	ON DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	ION
PCSI		ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL		Minimum	Diet	ances		Within	Diet	1
CODE	c	CONTAMINATION SOURCE		Winning		Non-	Sensitive	200 Ft.	from	Est.
				Community	со	nmunity	Well ¹	Y/N/U	Well	(?)
*GW1	Gray-water dispersal area			50		50	100	N		
LC1	Large capacity cesspools (Cla	ass V well - illegal)²		75		75	150	N		
MVW	Motor vehicle waste disposal	(Class V well - illegal)²		illegal		illegal		N		
PR1	Privy, nonportable			50		50	100	N		
PR2	Portable (privy) or toilet			50		20		N		
*SF1	Watertight sand filter; peat filter	er; or constructed wetland		50		50		N		
SET	Septic tank			50		50		N		
	Sewage holding tank, watertig	ght - Langes and		50		50		N		
551	Sewage sump capacity 100 g	al. or more		50		50		N		
332 *ST1	Sewage sump capacity less ti Sewage treatment device, wa			50		20		N N		
SB1	Sewage treatment device, wa	priale tested conving one building or two or		50		20		N		
001	less single-family residences	enais, tested, serving one building, or two or				20				
SB2	Sewer, buried, collector, muni pathological wastes, open-joir	icipal, serving a facility handling infectious or nted or unapproved materials		50		50		Ŷ	198	N
*WB1	Water treatment backwash ho	lding basin, reclaim basin, or surge tank with		50		50		N		
*WB2	Water treatment backwash ho	olding basin, reclaim basin, or surge tank with		20		20		N		
	a backflow protected sewer co	onnection								
Land A	pplication									
SPT	Land spreading area for sewa	ge, septage, or sludge		50		50	100	N		1
Solid V	Vaste Related				<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1	
COS	Commercial compost site			50		50		N		1
CD1	Construction or demolition de	bris disposal area		50		50	100	N		
*HW1	Household solid waste dispos	al area, single residence		50		50	100	N		
LF1	Landfill, permitted demolition	debris, dump, or mixed municipal solid waste		300		300	600	N		
	from multiple persons									
SVY	Scrap yard			50		50		N		
SWT	Solid waste transfer station			50		50		N		
Storm	Water Related									
SD1	Storm water drain pipe, 8 inch	nes or greater in diameter		50		20		N		
SWI	Storm water drainage well ² (C	lass V well - illegal³)		50		50		N		
SM1	Storm water pond greater that	n 5000 gal.		50		35		N		
Wells a	and Borings									
*EB1	Elevator boring, not conformin	ng to rule		50		50		N		
*EB2	Elevator boring, conforming to	o rule		20		20		N		
MON	Monitoring well			record dist.	ree	cord dist.		N		
WEL	Operating well			record dist.	ree	cord dist.		N		
UUW	Unused, unsealed well or bori	ing		50		50		N		
Genera	l l									
*CR1	Cistern or reservoir, buried, no	onpressurized water supply		20		20		N		
PLM	Contaminant plume			50	L	50	400	N		
	Cooling water pond, industrial			50		50	100	N		<u> </u>
UC1 *⊑т4	Electrical transformer storage	area oil-filled		50		50	100	N N		
GR\/	Grave or mausoleum			50	-	50		N		
GP1	Gravel pocket or French drain	for clear water drainage only		20		20		N		
*HS1	Hazardous substance buried	piping		50	-	50		N		
HS2	Hazardous substance tank or	container, above ground or underground, 56		150		150		N		
	gal. or more, or 100 lbs. or mo	bre dry weight, without safeguards								1
HS3	Hazardous substance tank or	container, above ground or underground, 56		100		100		N		
	gal. or more, or 100 lbs. or mo	ore dry weight with safeguards								
HS4	Hazardous substance multiple	e storage tanks or containers for residential		50		50		N		
	retail sale or use, no single ta	nk or container exceeding 56 gal. or 100 lbs.,								1
	but aggregate volume exceed	ing		50		N/A		NI		
*HG1	Horizontal ground source close	ed loop heat exchanger buried pining		50		50		N		
*HG2	Horizontal ground source clos	sed loop heat exchanger buried piping		50		10		N		
	horizontal piping, approved m	aterials and heat transfer fluid								L

PWS ID / SAMPLE POINT ID 1730002 S02 UNIQUE WELL NO. 242069					1			
			ISO	LATION DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	ION
PCSI CODE	ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SOURCE		Minimum Community	Distances Non- community	Sensitive Well¹	Within 200 Ft. Y / N / U	Dist. from Well	Est. (?)
IWD	Industrial waste disposal well (Class V well) ²		illegal ³	illegal ³		Ν		
IWS	Interceptor, including a flammable waste or sediment		50	50		Ν		
OH1	Ordinary high water level of a stream, river, pond, lake, reservoir, or drainage ditch (holds water six months or more)		50	35		N		
*PP1	Petroleum buried pining		50	50		N		
*PP2	Petroleum or crude oil pipeline to a refinery or distribution center		100	100		N		
PT1	Petroleum tank or container 1100 gal or more without safeguards		150	150		N		
PT2	Petroleum tank or container, 1100 gal, or more, with safeguards		100	100		N		
PT3	Petroleum tank of container, histo gal, of mole, with balegad do		50	50		N		
PT4	Petroleum tank or container, patieur, between 56 and 1100 gal		505	20		N		<u> </u>
PI 14	Pit or unfilled space more than four feet in denth		20	20		N		
PC1	Pollutant or contaminant that may drain into the soil		50	50	100	N		
901			20	20	100	N		
3F1 *\/U1	Vertical best exchanger, berizental piping conforming to rule		50	20		N		
*\/U2	Vertical heat exchanger, horizontal piping conforming to rule		50	10		N N		<u> </u>
	Ventical heat exchanger (ventical) piping, conforming to fule		50	30	600	N N		
*\A/A 4			300	300	800	IN N		
*WO1	Wastewater spray imgation area, municipal or industrial		150	150	300	N		
^WS1	Wastewater stabilization pond, industrial		150	150	300	N		
^WS2	Wastewater stabilization pond, municipal, 500 or more gal./acre/day of leakage		300	300	600	N		
*WS3	Wastewater stabilization pond, municipal, less than 500 gal./acre/day o leakage		150	150	300	N		
*WT1	Wastewater treatment unit tanks, vessels and components (Package pl	ant)	100	100		N		
*WT2	Water treatment backwash disposal area		50	50	100	N		
Additio	onal Sources (If there is more than one source liste	d above,	please indic	ate here).				
Potent	ial Contamination Sources and Codes Based on P	is Form						
SBA	Sewer buried, approved, air tested	50	20		Y	150	N	
FFH	FFH Fire or flushing hydrant			 N/A		Ý	50	N
* New weeks		1 10	I		I .	I		

New potential contaminant source.

¹ A sensitive well has less than 50 feet of watertight casing, and which is not cased below a confining layer or confining materials of at least 10' in thickness.

² These sources, known as Class V underground injection wells, are regulated by the federal U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

³ These sources are classified as illegal by Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4725.

⁴ Isolation distance is determined by average flow per day or if a facility handles infectious or pathological wastes.

⁵ A community public water-supply well must be a minimum of 50 feet from a petroleum tank or container, unless the tank or container is used for emergency pumping and is located in a room or building separate from the community well; and is of double-wall construction with leak detection between walls; or is protected with secondary containment.

This form is based on the new isolation distances in Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4725, related to wells and borings adopted August 4, 2008, and Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4720, related to wellhead protection.



UNIQUE WELL NO.

242069

SETBACK DISTANCES

All potential contaminant sources must be noted on sketch.

Record the distance and approximate compass bearing of each potential contaminant source from the well, and identify the source using the "Source Code". Unlabeled points on the map are unsealed wells.



PWS ID / SAMPLE POINT ID 1730002 S02	UNIQUE WELL NO.	242069				
RECOMMENDED WELLHEAD PROTECTION (WH	WHP MEASURE IMPLEMENTED? Y or N					
Any sewer lines that are observed to be leaking, cracked, or deteriorated, should be r						
COMMENTS						

9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type BLD (bearing = 0, distance = 0, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type ETL (bearing = 90, distance = 0, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type GSP (bearing = 0, distance = 75, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type PCH (bearing = 0, distance = 10, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type PCH (bearing = 0, distance = 10, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type SBM (bearing = 0, distance = 100, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type DRA (bearing = 90, distance = 0, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type GPR (bearing = 0, distance = 0, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.9/7/2003 - Location for PCSI Type PLE (bearing = 0, distance = 0, inventory date: 2/4/1999) could not be determined.

For further information, please contact:

Minnesota Department of Health Drinking Water Protection Section Source Water Protection Unit P.O. Box 64975 St. Paul, Minnesota 55164-0975

Section Receptionist: 651-201-4700 Division TDD: 651-201-5797 or MN Relay Service @ 1-800-627-3529 and ask for 651-201-5000



Environmental Health Division Drinking Water Protection Section P.O. Box 64975

INNER WELLHEAD MANAGEMENT ZONE (IWMZ) -NTAMINANT SOURCE INVENTORY (PCSI) REPORT POTENTIAL CO

OF HEALT	H St. Paul, Minnesota 55	5164-0975										
PUBLI	C WATER SYS	TEM IN	IFORMATION									
	PWS ID	17300	02					CO1		ту		
	NAME		02					CON				
			Itility Superintendent Avon City Ha		(69 140 Stra	atford Street V	Vest Avon M	IN 56310	h			
	ADDICEOU		Stinty Superintendent, Avon Oity Ha	II, I O DO/	140 012				,			
FAOU			TION									
FACIL	ITY (WELL) INF											
	NAME	Well#	4			IS THE	RE A WELL	LOG OF	र			
						ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION						
SAM	PLE POINT ID	S03				INFOR			-2			
		69686	1									
0.110	COUNTY	Stearr						ra copy)	Л			
		otouri						ERMINE	D			
PWS II) / SAMPLE POIN	IT ID	1730002 S03	UNIC	UE WELL NO.	696861						
_												
					ISO	LATION DISTA	NCES (FEET)	I	LOCAT	TION		
PCSI			ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL		Minimum	Distances	Sonsitivo	Within	Dist.	Ect		
CODE		C	CONTAMINATION SOURCE		Community	Non-	Well ¹	200 Ft.	from	(2)		
					community		Y/N/U	Well	1.17			
Agricu	tural Related				-							
*AC1	Agricultural chemica	al buried p	biping		50	50		N				
*AC2	Agricultural chemica	al multiple	tanks or containers for residential retail sale		50	50		N				
	or use, no single tar	nk or cont	ainer exceeding, but aggregate volume									
ACP	Agricultural chemics	l tank or	container with 25 gal, or more or 100 lbs, or		150	150		N				
7.01	more dry weight or	equipmer	t filling or cleaning area without safeguards		100	100						
ACS	Agricultural chemica	al storage	or equipment filling or cleaning area with		100	100		N				
	safeguards											
ACR	Agricultural chemica	al storage	or equipment filling or cleaning area with		50	50		N				
	safeguards and root	fed										
ADW	Agricultural drainage	e well² (C	lass V well - illegal³)		50	50		N				
AAT	Anhydrous ammonia	a tank (sta	ationary tank)		50	50	100/10	N				
AB1	Animal building, fee	dlot, confi	inement area, or kennel, 0.1 to 1.0 animal un	it	50	20	100/40	N				
AB2	(Stockyard)	oultry bui	Iding including a horse riding area, more tha	2	50	50	100	N				
, DL	1.0 animal unit	ounty but	iding, including a noise nuing area, more tha	1			100					
ABS	Animal burial area, i	more thar	1.0 animal unit		50	50		N				
FWP	Animal feeding or w	atering ar	ea within a pasture, more than 1.0 animal un	it	50	50	100	N				
AF1	Animal feedlot, unro	ofed, 300	or more animal units (stockyard)		100	100	200	N				
AF2	Animal feedlot, more	e than 1.0	, but less than 300 animal units (stockyard)		50	50	100	N				
AMA	Animal manure app	lication			use discretion	use discretion		N				
REN	Animal rendering pla	ant			50	50		N		\mid		
MS1 MS2	Manure (liquid) store	age basin	or lagoon, unpermitted or noncertified		300	300	600 200	N N		$\left \right $		
MS2	Monure (liquid) store	aye basin	or lagoon, approved earthen liner		100	100	300 200	N N		+		
1000	liner	aye basin	or rayoon, approved concrete or composite		100	100	200	IN IN				
MS4	Manure (solid) stora	ige area.	not covered with a roof		100	100	200	N		+		
OSC	Open storage for cr	ops			use discretion	use discretion		N	L	+		
SSTS F	Related					•	-					
AA1	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system, average flow greater than		300	300	600	N				
	10,000 gal./day		, ,									
AA2	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system serving a facility handling		150	150	300	N				
	infectious or patholo	ogical was	tes, average flow 10,000 gal./day or less									
AA3	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system, average flow 10,000 gal./day		50	50	100	Ŷ	174	N**		
ΔΛ <i>Λ</i>	or less				50/200/4504	50/200/4504	100/600/2004	NI		+		
r\r\4	Absorption area of a	a soli disp	ersal system serving multiple family		30/300/1304	50/500/1504	100/000/300*	N N				
	more persons per d	av (Class	V well) ²									
CSP	Cesspool		,		75	75	150	N		+		
AGG	Dry well, leaching p	it, seepag	e pit		75	75	150	N				
*FD1	Floor drain, grate, o	r trough c	onnected to a buried sewer		50	50		N				
*FD2	Floor drain, grate, o	r trough if	buried sewer is air-tested, approved		50	20		Ν				
	materials, serving o	ne buildin	g, or two or less single-family residences									
1/16/2024				1								

PWS I	D / SAMPLE POINT ID	UNIC	UNIQUE WELL NO. 696861						
				ISO	LATION DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	
PCSI		ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL		Minimum	Distances		Within	Dist	
CODE	c	ONTAMINATION SOURCE		Community	Non-	Sensitive Well ¹	200 Ft.	from	Est. (?)
*GW1	Gray-water dispersal area			50	50	100	N	Wen	
LC1	Large capacity cesspools (Cla	ss V well - illegal)²		75	75	150	N		
MVW	Motor vehicle waste disposal	(Class V well - illegal) ²		illegal	illegal		N		
PR1	Privy, nonportable			50	50	100	N		
PR2	Portable (privy) or toilet			50	20		N		
^SF1	Watertight sand filter; peat filte	er; or constructed wetland		50	50		N		\vdash
SET HTK	Sewage holding tank watertic	ht		50	50		N		\vdash
SS1	Sewage sump capacity 100 g	al. or more		50	50		N		\vdash
SS2	Sewage sump capacity less the	nan 100 gal., tested, conforming to rule		50	20		N		
*ST1	Sewage treatment device, wa	tertight		50	50		N		
SB1	Sewer, buried, approved mate	rials, tested, serving one building, or two or		50	20		N		
	less single-family residences								
SB2	Sewer, buried, collector, muni	cipal, serving a facility handling infectious or		50	50		Y	101	N
*WB1	pathological wastes, open-joir	lited or unapproved materials		50	50		N		
WB1	a direct sewer connection				00				
*WB2	Water treatment backwash ho	lding basin, reclaim basin, or surge tank with		20	20		N		
	a backflow protected sewer co	onnection							
Land A	pplication			1	1		1		_
SPT	Land spreading area for sewa	ge, septage, or sludge		50	50	100	N		
Solid V	Vaste Related			•	•		-		
COS	Commercial compost site			50	50	100	N		
CD1	Construction or demolition del	oris disposal area		50	50	100	N		
	Household solid waste dispos	al area, single residence		50 300	50 300	100 600	N N		\vdash
LI I	from multiple persons	debris, dump, or mixed municipal solid waste		300	300	000			
SVY	Scrap yard			50	50		N		
SWT	Solid waste transfer station			50	50		N		
Storm	Water Related				•			-	
SD1	Storm water drain pipe, 8 inch	es or greater in diameter		50	20		N		
SWI	Storm water drainage well ² (C	lass V well - illegal³)		50	50		N		
SM1	Storm water pond greater that	ו 5000 gal.		50	35		N		
Wells a	ind Borings								
*EB1	Elevator boring, not conformin	g to rule		50	50		N		
*EB2	Elevator boring, conforming to	rule		20	20		N		
	Monitoring well			record dist.	record dist.		Y	45	
WEL	Operating well			record dist.	record dist.		ř V	124	
	Unused, unsealed well or bori	na		50	50		N	104	
Genera	<u></u>			1					
*CR1	Cistern or reservoir, buried, no	onpressurized water supply		20	20		N		
PLM	Contaminant plume			50	50		N		
*CW1	Cooling water pond, industrial			50	50	100	N		
DC1	Deicing chemicals, bulk road			50	50	100	N		
*ET1	Electrical transformer storage	area, oil-filled		50	50		N		
GRV	Grave or mausoleum			50	50		N		
GP1	Gravel pocket or French drain	for clear water drainage only		20	20		N		\vdash
*HS1	Hazardous substance buried	biping		50	50		N		
H52	Hazardous substance tank or	container, above ground or underground, 56		150	150		N		
HS3	Hazardous substance tank or	container, above around or underground 56		100	100		N		
	gal. or more, or 100 lbs. or mo	ore dry weight with safeguards							
HS4	Hazardous substance multiple	storage tanks or containers for residential		50	50		Ν		
	retail sale or use, no single tai	nk or container exceeding 56 gal. or 100 lbs.,							
1.0.4/-	but aggregate volume exceed	ing							\vdash
HWF	Highest water or flood level	od loop boot over states huster to be a		50	N/A		N		\vdash
ng i	nonzontal ground source clos	eu loop neat exchanger buried piping		00	50		IN		\vdash
4/16/2024			2						

PWS I	D / SAMPLE POINT ID	1730002 S03	UNIQUE WELL NO.	696861				
			ISO	LATION DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	ION
PCSI		ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL	Minimum	Distances		Within	Dist.	
CODE		CONTAMINATION SOURCE	Community	Non- community	Sensitive Well ¹	200 Ft. Y / N / U	from Well	Est. (?)
*HG2	Horizontal ground source clo	sed loop heat exchanger buried piping and	50	10		N		
	horizontal piping, approved n	naterials and heat transfer fluid						
IWD	Industrial waste disposal well	l (Class V well)²	illegal ³	illegal ³		N		
IWS	Interceptor, including a flamm	nable waste or sediment	50	50		N		
OH1	Ordinary high water level of a	a stream, river, pond, lake, reservoir, or	50	35		Ν		
	drainage ditch (holds water s	ix months or more)						
*PP1	Petroleum buried piping		50	50		N		
*PP2	Petroleum or crude oil pipelin	ne to a refinery or distribution center	100	100		Ν		
PT1	Petroleum tank or container,	1100 gal. or more, without safeguards	150	150		N		
PT2	Petroleum tank or container,	1100 gal. or more, with safeguards	100	100		N		
PT3	Petroleum tank or container,	buried, between 56 and 1100 gal.	50	50		N		
PT4	Petroleum tank or container,	not buried, between 56 and 1100 gal.	50 ⁵	20		N		
PU1	Pit or unfilled space more that	an four feet in depth	20	20		N		
PC1	Pollutant or contaminant that	may drain into the soil	50	50	100	N		
SP1	Swimming pool, in-ground	-	20	20		N		
*VH1	Vertical heat exchanger, horiz	zontal piping conforming to rule	50	10		N		
*VH2	Vertical heat exchanger (vert	ical) piping, conforming to rule	50	35		N		
*WR1	Wastewater rapid infiltration b	basin, municipal or industrial	300	300	600	N		
*WA1	Wastewater sprav irrigation a	area. municipal or industrial	150	150	300	N		+
*WS1	Wastewater stabilization pon	d. industrial	150	150	300	N		
*WS2	Wastewater stabilization pon	d municipal 500 or more gal /acre/day of	300	300	600	N		
	leakage	a, manicipal, 500 of more gal./acte/day of						
*WS3	Wastewater stabilization pon	d municipal less than 500 gal /acre/day of	150	150	300	N		<u> </u>
	leakage	a, manoipal, loos than ooo galladolorday or						
*WT1	Wastewater treatment unit ta	nks, vessels and components (Package plant) 100	100		N		+
*WT2	Water treatment backwash di	isposal area	50	50	100	N		+
Additic	nal Sources (If there	is more than one source listed	abovo, ploaso indio	ata hara)			1	-
Additic	nai Sources (il there	is more than one source listed	above, please muic	ate nere).			1	T
								─
								—
								—
								—
L						L		┣
								<u> </u>
						L		<u> </u>
								—
Potent	ial Contamination Sou	urces and Codes Based on Prev	vious Versions of th	is Form				
	none found within 200' of this	s well.						Τ

* New potential contaminant source.

** This number is the estimated distance that this potential source is from this well even though it was identified during an inventory for an adjacent well.

¹ A sensitive well has less than 50 feet of watertight casing, and which is not cased below a confining layer or confining materials of at least 10' in thickness.

² These sources, known as Class V underground injection wells, are regulated by the federal U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

³ These sources are classified as illegal by Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4725.

⁴ Isolation distance is determined by average flow per day or if a facility handles infectious or pathological wastes.

⁵ A community public water-supply well must be a minimum of 50 feet from a petroleum tank or container, unless the tank or container is used for emergency pumping and is located in a room or building separate from the community well; and is of double-wall construction with leak detection between walls; or is protected with secondary containment.

This form is based on the new isolation distances in Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4725, related to wells and borings adopted August 4, 2008, and Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4720, related to wellhead protection.

UNIQUE WELL NO.

SETBACK DISTANCES

All potential contaminant sources must be noted on sketch.

Record the distance and approximate compass bearing of each potential contaminant source from the well, and identify the source using the "Source Code". Unlabeled points on the map are unsealed wells.



PWS ID / SAMPLE POINT ID 1730002 S03	696861		
RECOMMENDED WELLHEAD PROTECTION (WH	IP) MEASURES	WHP MEASURE IMPLEMENTED? Y or N	DATE VERIFIED
The precise location of subsurface sewage treatment system components should be help assess the potential impact on the water supply.	determined. This can		
Connection to a community sewer system could be considered.			
Any sewer lines that are observed to be leaking, cracked, or deteriorated, should be	replaced.		
COMMENTS			

For further information, please contact:

Minnesota Department of Health Drinking Water Protection Section Source Water Protection Unit P.O. Box 64975 St. Paul, Minnesota 55164-0975

Section Receptionist: 651-201-4700 Division TDD: 651-201-5797 or MN Relay Service @ 1-800-627-3529 and ask for 651-201-5000



Environmental Health Division Drinking Water Protection Section P.O. Box 64975

INNER WELLHEAD MANAGEMENT ZONE (IWMZ) -NTAMINANT SOURCE INVENTORY (PCSI) REPORT POTENTIAL CO

OF HEALT	H St. Paul, Minnesota 55	5164-0975						1 (1 001)		
PUBL	C WATER SYS		IFORMATION							
	PWS ID	17300	02					COM	MUNI	тү
	NAME	Avon								••
	ADDRESS	Avon	Utility Superintendent, Avon City Ha	ll, PO Box	k 69, 140 Stra	tford Street V	Vest, Avon, M	IN 56310)	
					-					
FACIL	ITY (WELL) INF		TION							
	, (,	••••							_	
	NAME	Well #	5			IS THE	RE A WELL	LOG OF	र	
						ADDITI	ONAL CON	STRUCI	ION	
SAM	PLE POINT ID	S04				INFOR	MATION AV	AILABLE	2	
UNIC	UE WELL NO.	69686	2			□ yes	(Please attach	n a copy)		
	COUNTY	Stearr	IS				□ UNDET	ERMINE	D	
			1720002 504			606962				
PWSI	J / SAMPLE POIN	טו וו	1730002 304			090002				
					ISO	LATION DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	
PCSI			ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL		Minimum	Distances		Within	Dist.	
CODE		(CONTAMINATION SOURCE		Community	Non-	Sensitive Well ¹	200 Ft.	from	EST. (2)
					,	community		Y/N/U	Well	L.,
Agricu	tural Related				-					
*AC1	Agricultural chemica	al buried p	biping		50	50		N		
^AC2	Agricultural chemica	al multiple	tanks or containers for residential retail sale		50	50		N		
	exceeding 56 gal. of	r 100 lbs.	dry weight							
ACP	Agricultural chemica	al tank or	container with 25 gal. or more or 100 lbs. or		150	150		N		
	more dry weight, or	equipme	nt filling or cleaning area without safeguards							
ACS	Agricultural chemica	al storage	or equipment filling or cleaning area with		100	100		N		
	safeguards				50	50		N		
ACK	Agricultural chemica	al storage fed	or equipment filling or cleaning area with		50	50		IN		
ADW	Agricultural drainage	e well² (C	lass V well - illegal³)		50	50		N		
AAT	Anhydrous ammonia	a tank (st	ationary tank)		50	50		N		
AB1	Animal building, fee	dlot, conf	inement area, or kennel, 0.1 to 1.0 animal un	it	50	20	100/40	N		
AP2	(stockyard)				50	50	100	N		
ADZ	Animal building or p	oultry bui	Iding, including a horse riding area, more tha	n	50	50	100	IN		
ABS	Animal burial area, i	more thar	n 1.0 animal unit		50	50		N		
FWP	Animal feeding or w	atering a	rea within a pasture, more than 1.0 animal ur	it	50	50	100	N		
AF1	Animal feedlot, unro	ofed, 300) or more animal units (stockyard)		100	100	200	N		
AF2	Animal feedlot, more	e than 1.0), but less than 300 animal units (stockyard)		50	50	100	N		
	Animal manure app	lication			use discretion	use discretion		N		
MS1	Manure (liquid) stor	ani age basin	or lagoon unpermitted or noncertified		300	300	600	N		
MS2	Manure (liquid) store	age basin	or lagoon, approved earthen liner		150	150	300	N		╞──┤
MS3	Manure (liquid) stor	age basin	or lagoon, approved concrete or composite		100	100	200	N		
	liner									
MS4	Manure (solid) stora	ige area,	not covered with a roof		100	100	200	N		\mid
	Upen storage for cro	ops			use discretion	use discretion	l	N		
SSTS F	Related				200	200	000			1
AAT	Absorption area of a	a soll disp	ersal system, average flow greater than		300	300	000	IN		
AA2	Absorption area of a	a soil disn	ersal system serving a facility handling		150	150	300	N		
	infectious or patholo	ogical was	stes, average flow 10,000 gal./day or less							
AA3	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system, average flow 10,000 gal./day		50	50	100	Y	156	N
	or less				50	50	400		400	N 1++
AA3	Absorption area of a	a soil disp	ersal system, average flow 10,000 gal./day		50	50	100	Ý	188	IN**
AA4	Absorption area of a	a soil disn	ersal system serving multiple family		50/300/1504	50/300/1504	100/600/3004	N		+
	residences or a non	-residenti	al facility and has the capacity to serve 20 or							
	more persons per d	ay (Class	V well) ²							
CSP	Cesspool	4	a nit		75	75	150	N		
AGG *FD1	Floor drain grate o	r trough c	e pil		75 50	/ 5 50	150	N N		$\left - \right $
4/16/2024	, ioor drain, grate, 0	abugitt		1			1			1

PWS I	D / SAMPLE POINT ID	1730002 S04	UNIG	NIQUE WELL NO. 696862						
				ISO		N DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	ION
PCSI		ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL		Minimum	Dieta			Within	Diet	Ī
CODE	c	CONTAMINATION SOURCE		- Minimum		lon-	Sensitive	200 Ft.	from	Est.
				Community	com	munity	Well ¹	Y/N/U	Well	(?)
*FD2	Floor drain, grate, or trough if	[•] buried sewer is air-tested, approved		50		20		N		
	materials, serving one building	g, or two or less single-family residences								
*GW1	Gray-water dispersal area			50		50	100	N		
LC1	Large capacity cesspools (Cla	ass V well - illegal) ²		75		75	150	N		
MVW	Motor vehicle waste disposal	(Class V well - illegal) ²		illegal	il	egal		N		<u> </u>
PR1	Privy, nonportable			50		50	100	N	105	
PR2	Portable (privy) or tollet	ar an appatriated watland		50		20		Y N	105	+ Y
SET	Sentic tank			50		50		N	<u> </u>	
	Sewage holding tank watertic	abt		50		50		N	┣────	┼──
SS1	Sewage sump capacity 100 g	and an more		50		50		N	<u> </u>	
SS2	Sewage sump capacity less th	han 100 gal, tested, conforming to rule		50		20		N		
*ST1	Sewage treatment device, wa	atertight		50		50		N		<u> </u>
SB1	Sewer, buried, approved mate	erials tested serving one building or two or		50		20		N		
	less single-family residences									
SB2	Sewer, buried, collector, muni	icipal, serving a facility handling infectious or		50		50		Y	137	N**
	pathological wastes, open-joir	nted or unapproved materials								
*WB1	Water treatment backwash ho	olding basin, reclaim basin, or surge tank with	1	50		50		N		
	a direct sewer connection									
*WB2	Water treatment backwash ho	olding basin, reclaim basin, or surge tank with	า	20		20		N		
	a backflow protected sewer co	onnection								
Land A	pplication							•		
SPT	Land spreading area for sewa	age, septage, or sludge		50		50	100	N		
Solid V	Vaste Related									
COS	Commercial compost site			50		50		N		
CD1	Construction or demolition de	bris disposal area		50		50	100	N		
*HW1	Household solid waste dispos	sal area, single residence		50		50	100	N		
LF1	Landfill, permitted demolition	debris, dump, or mixed municipal solid waste	9	300		300	600	N		
0.04	from multiple persons			50						<u> </u>
SVY	Scrap yard			50		50		N	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5001	Solid waste transfer station			50		50		N		
Storm	Water Related			T				-		
SD1	Storm water drain pipe, 8 inch	nes or greater in diameter		50		20		N	L	<u> </u>
SWI	Storm water drainage well ² (C	Jass V well - Illegal ^a)		50		50		N	<u> </u>	
SIVIT	Storm water pond greater that	n 5000 gai.		50		35				
Wells a	and Borings				1			I		
*EB1	Elevator boring, not conformir	ng to rule		50		50		N	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
*EB2	Elevator boring, conforming to	o rule		20		20		N		<u> </u>
MON				record dist.	reco	ora aist.		Y	98	
WEL	Operating well			record dist.	rect	rd dist.		T V	142	─
	Upused unsealed well or bori	ing		50	Tecc	50		N	124	
0011					<u> </u>	50			<u> </u>	L
Genera	al Cistem en secon sin husia de s				1	20		L NI		
*CR1	Cistern or reservoir, buried, no	onpressurized water supply		20		20		N	 	──
PLIVI *CW/1	Contaminant plume	1		50		50	100	N N	<u> </u>	
	Deicing chemicals, bulk road	1		50		50	100	N	├───	┼──
*ET1	Electrical transformer storage	area. oil-filled		50		50	100	N	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
GRV	Grave or mausoleum			50		50		N		
GP1	Gravel pocket or French drain	n for clear water drainage only		20		20		N	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
*HS1	Hazardous substance buried	piping		50		50		N	<u> </u>	<u>† </u>
HS2	Hazardous substance tank or	container, above ground or underground. 56	;	150	1	150		N	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	gal. or more, or 100 lbs. or mo	ore dry weight, without safeguards								1
HS3	Hazardous substance tank or	container, above ground or underground, 56	;	100		100		N		1
	gal. or more, or 100 lbs. or mo	ore dry weight with safeguards								
HS4	Hazardous substance multiple		50		50		N			
	retail sale or use, no single ta	ink or container exceeding 56 gal. or 100 lbs.	,							1
	but aggregate volume exceed	ling		F 0		N1/A		N	┝───	—
	Fighest water of 1000 level			00	1	N/A		I IN	1	1

PWSI	D / SAMPLE POINT ID	1730002	S04	UNIC	UE WELL NO.	696862				
					ISO	LATION DISTA	NCES (FEET)		LOCAT	ION
PCSI		ACTUAL OR PO	DTENTIAL		Minimum	Distances		Within	Dist.	
CODE		CONTAMINATIO	N SOURCE		Community	Non-	Sensitive	200 Ft.	from	Est.
					Community	community	well	Y/N/U	Well	(?)
*HG1	Horizontal ground source clo	sed loop heat excł	anger buried piping		50	50		N		
*HG2	Horizontal ground source clo	sed loop heat excl	anger buried piping and		50	10		N		
	horizontal piping, approved n	naterials and heat	transfer fluid							
IWD	Industrial waste disposal well	l (Class V well) ²			illegal ³	illegal ³		N		
IWS	Interceptor, including a flamn	nable waste or sed	iment		50	50		N		
OH1	Ordinary high water level of a	a stream, river, por	id, lake, reservoir, or		50	35		N		
	drainage ditch (holds water s	ix months or more)							
*PP1	Petroleum buried piping				50	50		N		
*PP2	Petroleum or crude oil pipelin	e to a refinery or c	listribution center		100	100		N		
PT1	Petroleum tank or container,	1100 gal. or more,	without safeguards		150	150		N		
PT2	Petroleum tank or container,	1100 gal. or more,	with safeguards		100	100		N		
PT3	Petroleum tank or container,	buried, between 5	6 and 1100 gal.		50	50		N		
PT4	Petroleum tank or container,	not buried, betwee	en 56 and 1100 gal.		505	20		N		
PU1	Pit or unfilled space more that	an four feet in dept	1		20	20		N		
PC1	Pollutant or contaminant that	may drain into the	soil		50	50	100	N		
SP1	Swimming pool, in-ground				20	20		N		
*VH1	Vertical heat exchanger, hori:	zontal piping confo	rming to rule		50	10		N		
*VH2	Vertical heat exchanger (vert	ical) piping, confor	ming to rule		50	35		N		
*WR1	Wastewater rapid infiltration b	basin, municipal or	industrial		300	300	600	N		
*WA1	Wastewater spray irrigation a	irea, municipal or i	ndustrial		150	150	300	N		
*WS1	Wastewater stabilization pone	d, industrial			150	150	300	N		
*WS2	Wastewater stabilization pone	d, municipal, 500 d	or more gal./acre/day of		300	300	600	N		
	leakage									
*WS3	Wastewater stabilization pone	d, municipal, less f	han 500 gal./acre/day of		150	150	300	N		
	leakage									\vdash
*WT1	Wastewater treatment unit ta	nks, vessels and c	omponents (Package plant)	100	100		N		\vdash
*WT2	Water treatment backwash d	isposal area			50	50	100	N		
Additio	onal Sources (If there	is more than	one source listed	above, p	please indic	ate here).		-	-	
Potent	ial Contamination So	urces and Co	des Based on Prev	vious Ve	rsions of th	is Form				
	none found within 200' of this	well.								

* New potential contaminant source.

** This number is the estimated distance that this potential source is from this well even though it was identified during an inventory for an adjacent well.

¹ A sensitive well has less than 50 feet of watertight casing, and which is not cased below a confining layer or confining materials of at least 10' in thickness.

² These sources, known as Class V underground injection wells, are regulated by the federal U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

³ These sources are classified as illegal by Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4725.

⁴ Isolation distance is determined by average flow per day or if a facility handles infectious or pathological wastes.

⁵ A community public water-supply well must be a minimum of 50 feet from a petroleum tank or container, unless the tank or container is used for emergency pumping and is located in a room or building separate from the community well; and is of double-wall construction with leak detection between walls; or is protected with secondary containment.

This form is based on the new isolation distances in Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4725, related to wells and borings adopted August 4, 2008, and Minnesota Rules, Chapter 4720, related to wellhead protection.

UNIQUE WELL NO.

SETBACK DISTANCES

All potential contaminant sources must be noted on sketch.

Record the distance and approximate compass bearing of each potential contaminant source from the well, and identify the source using the "Source Code". Unlabeled points on the map are unsealed wells.



PWS ID / SAMPLE POINT ID 1730002	696	862			
RECOMMENDED WELLHEA		WHP MEASURE IMPLEMENTED? Y or N	DATE VERIFIED		
The precise location of subsurface sewage treatment sy help assess the potential impact on the water supply.	rstem components should be	determined. This can			
Connection to a community sewer system could be con	sidered.				
COMMENTS					

For further information, please contact:

Minnesota Department of Health Drinking Water Protection Section Source Water Protection Unit P.O. Box 64975 St. Paul, Minnesota 55164-0975

Section Receptionist: 651-201-4700 Division TDD: 651-201-5797 or MN Relay Service @ 1-800-627-3529 and ask for 651-201-5000

Appendix F

Old Municipal Well Report



Protecting, Maintaining and Improving the Health of All Minnesotans

Old Municipal Well Report for Avon

PWSID: 1730002

MDH

May 2019



Minnesota Department of Health Environmental Health in Minnesota

MDH Public Water Supply Sources Report

PWSID: 1730002

PWS Name: Avon PWS Type: Community

PWS Status: Active

Public Water Supply Sources: Information from MNDWIS and CWI (sorted by Sample Point ID)

Source Type Codes: **GW** = Ground water; **SW** = Surface water; **GUI** = Ground water under influence Location Source: **MGS** = digitized by the MN Geological Survey; * indicates incomplete records

O* = duplicate in Old Municipal Well Data; R* = duplicate in MNDWIS PWS Sources Removed from Flow; S* = duplicate in MNDWIS PWS Sources in Flow;

	MNDWIS PWS SOURCES IN FLOW													
			Source	Info				MND	WIS Da	ata	CWI Data			
Sample Point ID	Name	Туре	Availability	Status	Well No. (link to Well Log (\$))	Location Info (link to Map)	Drill Year	Depth (in feet)	Case Depth (in feet)	Case Diam. (in inches)	Drill Date	Depth Completed (in feet)	Case Depth (in feet)	Case Diam. (in inches)
S02	Well #3	GW	Emergency	Active	<u>242069</u>	<u>03/22/1999</u> (M. Howe)	1979	70	50	12	00- 00- 1979	70	50	12
S03	Well #4	GW	Primary	Active	<u>696861</u> O *	<u>08/25/2005</u> (R. Soule)	2003	251	231	12	09- 26- 2003	251	231	12
S04	Well #5	GW	Primary	Active	<u>696862</u>	<u>08/25/2005</u> (<u>R. Soule</u>)	2003	240	220	12	08- 11- 2003	240	220	12
			Ι	MND	WIS PWS	SOURCES	S RE	MOVI	ED FRO	OM FLO	W			
			Source	Info				MND	WIS D	ata		CWI	Data	
Sample Point ID	Name	Туре	Availability	Status	Well No. (link to Well Log (s))	Location Info (link to Map)	Drill Year	Depth (in feet)	Case Depth (in feet)	Case Diam. (in inches)	Drill Date	Depth Completed (in feet)	Case Depth (in feet)	Case Diam. (in inches)
S01	Well #1	GW	Sealed	Inactiv	e <u>241592</u> O *	<u>03/22/1999</u> (M. Howe)	1962	142	132	16	00- 00- 1962	142	132	16

MNDWIS and CWI data value discrepancies in preceding tables are shown in RED (0 or null values excepted).

Old Municipal Wells

	The following tables show information on wells whose existence (or previous existence) has not yet been confirmed.												
	OLD MUNICIPAL Well Data												
Well Search Reference	Name (s)	Unique Well Number	Drilled Depth (ft.)	Completed Depth (ft.)	Depth Cased (ft.)	Casing Diameter (in.)	Year Constructed	Construction Type	Year Out of Service	Sealing Record?	Year Sealed	Location Info	Comments
Well A	Well No. 1	<u>241592</u> R *	142	142	132	16	1962				1989	NW of the settled portion of the village. See microfiche for full description of location.	Sealed 2003.
Well B	Well No. 2	241593	148			6					1989	Lot 17, Block 19.	Creamery well. Sealed

Well Search ReferenceUnique (s)Drilled Depth (ft.)Completed Depth (ft.)Depth Casing Cased Diameter (in.)Year ConstructedYear Out of ServiceSealing Net of ServiceYear SealedLocation InfoCommentsWell CWell242069 No. 3707050121979Image: Sealing ConstructedYear Out of ServiceSealing Net of ServiceYear SealedLocation InfoImage: SealedImage: Sealed<	OLD MUNICIPAL Well Data										
Well C Well 242069 S* 70 70 50 12 1979 Emergency active. Databases Searched Remarks County Well Index (1-mile radius); MDH DWP Microfiche; MDH 1988-2002 Muni Well Remarks Inventory (1Suite); Biennial Report of the MN State Dairy and Food Commissioner-1907; Minnesota Geological Survey City Well File Folders; MGS Bulletin (22, 27, 31, or 32); MDH PWP MNDWIS; MN Historical Soc Fire Underwriters Insp. Bureau (Fisher) historical man : Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps: MDH	Well Search Reference (s) Unique Well Number (ft.) Comple Depth (ft.)	ed t.) Depth Cased (ft.)	Casing Diameter (in.)	Year Constructed	Construction Type	Year Out of Service	Sealing Record?	Year Sealed	Location Info	Comments	
Databases SearchedRemarksCounty Well Index (1-mile radius); MDH DWP Microfiche; MDH 1988-2002 Muni Well Inventory (1Suite); Biennial Report of the MN State Dairy and Food Commissioner-1907; Minnesota Geological Survey City Well File Folders; MGS Bulletin (22, 27, 31, or 32); MDH DWP MNDWIS; MN Historical Soc Fire Underwriters Insp. Bureau (Fisher) historical man : Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps: MDH	Well C Well 242069 70 70 No. 3 \$* 70 70 70	50	12	1979						Emergency active.	
County Well Index (1-mile radius); MDH DWP Microfiche; MDH 1988-2002 Muni Well Inventory (1Suite); Biennial Report of the MN State Dairy and Food Commissioner-1907; Minnesota Geological Survey City Well File Folders; MGS Bulletin (22, 27, 31, or 32); MDH DWP MNDWIS; MN Historical Soc Fire Underwriters Insp. Bureau (Fisher) historical man : Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps: MDH	Databases Searched				Re	marks					
WELLS	County Well Index (1-mile radius); MDH DW. Microfiche; MDH 1988-2002 Muni Well Inventory (1Suite); Biennial Report of the MN State Dairy and Food Commissioner-1907; Minnesota Geological Survey City Well File Folders; MGS Bulletin (22, 27, 31, or 32); MD DWP MNDWIS; MN Historical Soc Fire Underwriters Insp. Bureau (Fisher) historical map ; Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps; MDH WELLS										

OLD MUNICIPAL Well Data - the following data are from RAW HYDRO spreadsheets, and need to be													
processed accordingly.													
Well Search Reference	Name(s)	Unique Well Number	Drilled Depth (ft.)	Completed Depth (ft.)	Depth Cased (ft.)	Casing Diameter (in.)	Year Constructed	Construction Type	Year Out of Service	Sealing Record?	Year Sealed	Location Info	Comments
А	* Well #1	241592 R*	142 ft		132 ft	16"	1962	Drilled	Sealed 2003			1963: 684 feet west of the intersection of the west lines of Fourth St and section 27, Avon Township, as measured along the north line of Vincent St. Sealing record: T125N, R30W, sec 28, NE- NE-NE	
В	Well #2 (Old Creamery Well)	^ - <u>241593</u>	148 ft			6"	unknown	unknown	Abandoned (sealed?) 1989			1969: "Located adjacent to the creamery building on the east side of the village" Abandoned record: T125N, R30W, sec 28, SE- SW-NW CWI:	
С	Well #3	<u>242069</u> <u>S*</u>	70 ft		50 ft	12"	1979	unknown				T125N, R30W, sec 27, cadddc	
D	Well #4	<u>696861</u> S*	251 ft		231 ft	12"	2003	Rotary	(Still in service)			CWI: T125N,	

OL	OLD MUNICIPAL Well Data - the following data are from RAW HYDRO spreadsheets, and need to be												
						proces	sed accord	lingly.					
Well Search Reference	Name(s)	Unique Well Number	Drilled Depth (ft.)	Completed Depth (ft.)	Depth Cased (ft.)	Casing Diameter (in.)	Year Constructed	Construction Type	Year Out of Service	Sealing Record?	Year Sealed	Location Info	Comments
												R30W, sec 22, cccbcc	
Е	Well #5	<u>696862</u> S*	240 ft		220 ft 12" 2003 Rotary (Still in service) CWI: T125N, R30W, sec 22, cccbbd								
	Databa	ises Sea	rched					R	emarks	•		•	
* Sealing record calls this Well #2, but all well specs in the sealing record and 1963 engineer's report match up as Well #1. Aerial photos of Well #1 in are also identical to the drawing on the sealing record. ^ Written descriptions on abandoned well record and engineer's reports, along with the scanned map of the well locations, indicate that Well #2 corresponds with Unique # 241593.													
Old Munic	ld Municipal Well Data Compiled By: Steve Robertson Compiled Date: 2/18/2011												

Source: MN Dep't. of Health - 5/15/2019

Use of MDH Public Water Supply Sources Report

The report you have received shows three classes of Public Water Supply wells:

- In Use (actively used)
- Removed From Flow (for back-up or emergency use; may be disconnected from PWS)
- Old Municipal Wells (unused wells with no documented location, unique ID number, and/or well sealing record)

Old Municipal Wells are unsealed, abandoned wells. These wells pose a risk of contamination to existing wells and aquifers. According to State Well Code and under the terms of your Wellhead Protection Plan, your PWS may need to identify, locate, and properly seal Old Municipal Wells within your Drinking Water Supply Management Area, to current MDH standards. While historical records may indicate that some of these wells were "capped", "abandoned", or "sealed" in the past, unless it can be shown that the sealing was performed to current standards, they may need to be located, cleaned out, and sealed properly with a well sealing record issued.

The report lists database references that were searched to compile the report. Under "Remarks" are notes and questions to help you with this process. State grant funding is available to help fund sealing of these old public water supply wells.

If you have questions, please talk to your MDH Planner or Hydrologist to address your PWS's specific issues. This report is not intended to be the "last word" on the status of Old Municipal Wells and your input will be critical in successfully finding and sealing these potential sources of contamination.

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MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH District VIII Little Falls, Minnesota

Report on Investigation of Municipal Water Supply Avon, Minnesota July 10 - October 31, 1963

Well A The public water supply for Avon is obtained from a drilled well located northwest of the settled portion of the village. Water from the well is discharged to a transmission main and thence to the distribution system and an elevated tank which floats on the system.

Location of Source

The well is located on a tract of land described as follows: Beginning at a point 684 feet west of the intersection of the west lines of Fourth Street and Section 27, Avon Township, as measured along the north line of Vincent Street (now vacated), North 26° 40' East, a distance of 15 feet; thence North 63° 20' West, a distance of 146 feet; thence South 36° 40' West, a distance of 133.6 feet; thence South 65° 12' East, a distance of 75.07 feet; thence North 80° 48' East, a distance of 87.6 feet; thence North 26° 40' East, a distance of 74.8 feet to the point of beginning. The well is located approximately 4 feet south of the south line of Vincent Street and 50 feet east of the west line of the above described tract. The location provides for a distance of at least 50 feet from all property lines.

The site is relatively high and has been graded to provide satisfactory surface drainage gway from the well in all directions.

Well, Pump and Pumphouse

The well is 142 feet in depth and cased with 16-inch steel casing pipe to a depth of 132 feet. A 10-foot section of well screen is installed. The static water level is approximately 30 feet below the ground surface. A submersible pump, employing an underground discharge arrangement, and having a capacity of 60 gallons per minute, has been installed. The normal drawdown is 60 feet. The

MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal _____ Water Supply

Date____July 10 - October 31, 1963

	Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. In Attached Report
Alequacy of treatment	20	20	20	
Bacteriological Quality	10	10	10	
Physical quality	2	2	2	
Chemical quality	4	31	31	
Biological quality	2	2	2	
Adequacy of quantity	2	2	2	
Sub-total	40			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	00			
Total	40	39	392	
(B) Prine Heules Seulesent				
Well on intere	۵			
Pumps	0 7	7	3	2.
Piping arrangement	5		5	
Reservoirs	7	7	7	
Equipment housing	3	2	5	1.
Sub-total	• 30			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Total	30	27	30	
(C) Distribution System				
Street mains	5	5	5	
Building services	2	2	2	
Plumbing	3	1	22	3, 4.
Hydrants	1	1	1	
Storage	4	4	4	
Terssure	2	2	2	
ap water quality	3	3	3	
Sub-total	20			
nazara adjustment l'actor deducted	<u>U</u>			
lotal	20	172	19호	**************************************
(D) Operation and Operators				
Control of system	3	_		E
Condition of system	2	2	2	2•
Operator qualifications!	5	2	C A	6. exhautenee
Sub-total	10	6	4	o' evherrence
ilazard adjustment factor deducted	0	l		
Total	10			
GRAND TOTAL AND RATING	100		9	
	100	1 0/1	00	1

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued.

MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Nater Supply

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<u> </u>		Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. In Attached Report
	(A) Source				
	Adequacy of treatment	20	20	20	
	Bacteriological Quality	10	10	10	-
	Physical quality	2	2	2	
	Chemical quality	4	32	ろう	
	Biological quality	2	2	2	
	Adequacy of quantity	?	2	2	
• .	Sub-total	40			
· · · · · · <u>· ·</u>	Hazard adjustment factor deducten	0			
	Total	40	<u>39</u>	<u>39</u> 늘	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. 1 (12) 	(B) Prime Moving Equipment				
ang ng tang tang tang tang tang tang tan	Well or intake	8	6	8	2.
• • • •	Pumps	. 7	7	1 7	· · · · ·
-	Piping arrangement	5	2	2	
3 1	Reservoirs	7	1	1	· · · ·
and the second s	Equipment nousing	3	2	2	
an a	Sub-total	30			
ang 👘 🛃	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			· · · · · ·
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	Total	30	27		
	(C) Distribution System				4
e a traja Traja	Street mains	5	E	F	
arte star	Building services	2	9	2	•••
1	Plumbing	3	1	21	
.э	Hydrants	1	2	1	29 40
1. C. (1997)	Storage	4			
× . X	Pressure	2	7	2	
• • •	Tap water quality	3	3	3	
•••	Sub-total	20			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
	Total	20	17물	193	
					1
	(D) Operation and Operators	-			
	Control of system	3	2	3	5.
r ·	Condition of system	2	2	2	
and the second second	Operator qualifications	5	2	4	6, experience
	Sub-total	10			
	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
	Total	10	6	9	
	GRAND TOTAL AND RATING	100	90	98	

Date July 16, 1964

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued

90

98

MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Nater Supply

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Date_____

		Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. In Attached Report
(A) Source Sanitary Safety	20	20	20	
	Adequacy of treatment J Bacteriological Quality	10	10	10	
	Physical quality	2	2	2	
	Chemical quality	4	32	31	
	Biological quality	2	2	2	
	Adequacy of quantity	2	2	2	
	Sub-total	40			
	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0	701	201	
•	Total	40	272	272	
(B) Prime Moving Equipment				
(D	· Well or intake	8	6	8	1.
	Pumps	7	7	7	
	Piping arrangement	5	5	5	
	Reservoirs	7	7	7	
~	Equipment housing	3	3	3	
	, Sub-total	30			****
· · ·	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
	Total	30	28	30	
* . <u>.</u> .	•				
(C) Distribution System				
	. Street mains	5	5	5	
· · ·	Building services	2	2	2	
, •	Plumbing	3	ਡੈ	22	2, 3.
	Hydrants	1	1	1	
	Storage	4	4	4	
~	Pressure	2	2	2	
	Tap water quality	3	3	3	
	Sub-total	20			
	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
	Total	20	17 <u>2</u>	19늉	
15					
(D	j uperation and Operators		01	-	
	Control of system	3	25	2	4∙
•	Operator qualifications	2 5	2	2	E ormonioneo
rgai	Operator quartitications	ر ۱۰	22	4	2, erbettenge
		10			
	nazaru aujustment factor deducted	0			
·	Total	10	7	9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	GRAND TOTAL AND RATING	100	92	98	

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued.
Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Water Supply

Date_____June 30, 1966_____

	Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. In Attached Report
(1) Source				
(A) Source				
Adequacy of treatment	20	20	20	
Bostoniological Ouslity	10	_		
Dacteriological quality	10	10	10	
Chomical quality	<u>ح</u>	2	2	
Biological quality	4	2定	21	
Adequacy of quantity	ی د	2	2	
Aucquacy of quantity	<i></i>	2	<u> </u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Sub-total	40			4
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Total	40	391	393	
the second se				
(B) Prime Noving Equipment				
Well or intake	8	6	8	1.
Pumps	7	7	7	
Piping arrangement	5	5	.5	
Reservoirs	. 7	7	7	· · · · ·
Equipment housing	3	3	3	·
1041 Shire and 149 Sub-total	30			و معالم المراجع
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			· · · ·
Total	30	28	30	····· ································
an a				
(C) Distribution System				
Street mains	5	5	5	
Building services	2		2	
Plumbing	3	1	24	2. 3.
Hydrants	1	1	2	-,
Storage	4	4	Ā	•
Pressure	2	2	2	
Tap water quality	3	3	3	
Sub-total	20			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Total	20	7.771	101	· ····
			*7 <u>2</u>	
(D) Operation and Operators				
Control of system	3	01		
Condition of system	2	25	2	4•
Operator qualifications	5	2	2	G owner!
Sub-total	10	<u> </u>	4	<u>), experience</u>
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	<u>↓</u> ∪			
m_1_1			+	af
	10	7	9	
UKAND IUTAL AND KATING	TOO	1 02	1 98	

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued.

MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH District VIII Little Falls, Minnesota

Report on Investigation of Municipal Water Supply Avon, Minnesota August 15, 1967

Date of last investigation - June 30, 1966

Rating at last investigation - 92

Changes since last investigation -

Well B The creamery well has been acquired by the village as a possible standby or emergency source. The well is 6-inches in diameter, 148 feet in depth and is designated as Well No. 2. Data on the static water level, draw-dewn and well screen length were not available. Water from the well is discharged through an abovy-grade discharge pipe to the distribution cystem by means of a submersible pump having an estimated capacity of 75 gallons per minute. The seal for the annular opening between the casing and discharge pipe is not of entirely satisfactory water-tight construction. An inoperative 220 gallon pressure tank located in the pumphouse remains connected to the well discharge piping.

The pumphouse is constructed with the floor entirely above grade. The door is hung to open outward and no door sill is installed. A floor drain is installed; however, detailed information relative to its construction was not available at the time of the survey.

Analytical Data (see attached sheet)

Samples Nos. 250, 251 and 252 represent water collected from the Wells and from a point on the distribution system. The bacteriological examination showed the water to be of good sanitary quality as evidenced by the fact that coliform organisms were not found in the 100 ml. samples examined.

Samples Nos. 9129 and 9128 represent water collected from Wells Nos. 1 and 2, respectively. The chemical examination of Sample No. 9129 (Well No. 1)

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal

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STATISTICAL STATISTICS

_____Water Supply

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		Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recummendation No. In Attached Report
	(A) Source Sanitary Safety	20	20	20	
	Bacteriological Quality	10	10	10	· ·
	Physical quality	2	2	2	
	Chemical quality	4	335	3	
	Biological quality	ź	2	2	
	Adequacy of quantity	2	2	2	
	Sub-total	40	393	393	
	Hezard adjustment factor deducted	0	2	0	
• •	Total	40	37-2	393	3
	•				
	(B) Prime Moving Equipment				
	Well or intake	8	6	8	1,2
	Pumps	7	7	7	
	Piping arrangement	5	5	5	
	Reservoirs	7	7	7	
	Equipment housing	3	3	3	
\bigcirc	Sub-total	30			
·	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
	Total		28	30	
۰.					
	(C) Distribution System				· · · · · ·
	Street mains	5	5	5	
<i>i</i>	Building services	2	2	2	
	Plumbing	3	*2	2%	4, 5
	Hydrants	1			
	Storage	4	4	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· ·	Pressure Ten water and ite	2		2	
	tap water quality	3	3	3	
	Sub-total	20			
· .	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			·
	Total	20	17/2	19-2	
				1	
	(D) Operation and Operators	-	2	2	2.6
	Condition of system	3	42	2	ا ور
	Operator qualificational	2	2	2	7 emertence
	operator quatilitations	U	<u> </u>		I OVHET TENCE
1.50	Sub-total	10			
	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
	Total	10	1	9	
	GRAND TOTAL AND RATING	100	90	98	

Date August 15, 1967

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Water Supply

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Date_October 23, 1968

	Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. In Attached Report
(A) Source Sanitary Jafety Adequacy of treatment	20	20	20	
Bacteriological Quality	10	10	10	
Physical quality	2	2	2	
Chemical quality	4	3 ¹ ź	312	
Biological quality	2	2	2	
Adequacy of quantity	2	2	2	
Sub-total	40	39 ¹ 2	39 ¹ 2	· · · ·
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0	2	0	3
Total	40	37 2	39-2	
(B) Prime Moving Equipment				
Well or intake	8	6	:8	1, 2
Pumps	7	7	7	
Piping arrangement	5	5	5	
Reservoirs	7	7	7	
Equipment housing	3	3	3	:
Sub-total	30			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Tr al	30	28	30	
		1		
(C) Distribution System)		
Street mains	5	5	5	
Building services	2	2	2	
Plumbing	L R		2	1. 6
Hudnonto		2	42 1	4, 7
Storage			1	. :
Diorage	4	4	4	
Ten waten quality	3	2	2	· .
Tap Water quartey				
Sub-total	. 20			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			• •
Total	20	17.2	1912	
(D) Op eration and Ope rators		_		
Control of system	3	25	3	3, 6
Condition of system	2	2	2	
Operator qualifications	5 5	2.5	5	7 Certification
Sub-tota	10	+	•••	·····
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0	, 		
		7	10	<u></u>
	100	00	+	
UKAND IDIAL AND RATIN	100	90	99	

90 and un and - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued.

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Water Supply

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Date____July 15, 1969____

		Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. In Attached Report
	(A) Source Sanitary Safety	20	20	20	
	Adequacy of treatment J				
	Bacteriological Quality	10	1.0	10	
	Physical quality	2	2	2	
	Chemical quality	4	3-2	3.2	
	Diological quality	2	2	2	
	Adequacy of quantity		2	2	
	Sub-total	40	39-2	39-2	
-	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0	2	0	3
-	Total	40	37-2	39-2	
	(P) Deles Novies Sevieset				
	(D) Prime Moving Equipment	0	6	8	1 2
	Dumpo	0	7	7	2 2
	Pining oppongement	/ 5	L L	4	
		5	7		
	Reservoirs Fauinment housing	7		2	
	Equipment nousing	ن)		
	Sub-total (30			
·	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
-	Total	30	28	30	
	(C) Distribution System	5	5	5	
	Building services	2	2	2	
	Plumbing	~ ~	2	2	
	Hudranto	1	2	2°2	4, 2
	Storage	1			
		9 9	4	4	
	Ten water quality	2		2	
	Sub total	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	Sub-total	20			
-	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
-	Total		17-2	192	
	(D) Operation and Operators				
	Control of system	72	5.	2	3 6
	Condition of system	0	22	2	, , ,
	Operator qualifications	2 5	2	L L	7 Centification
••	dik total		6 ,5	2	1, OF OT TUR STON
	Sub-total	10		}	
-	Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
-	Total	10	7	10	
_	GRAND TOTAL AND RATING	100	90	i 99	l

30 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued.

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Water Supply

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Date_February 4, 1970 and May 20, 1970

		Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	Sea Racomme In Attach	indation No. Med Report
(A) Source Sanitary Jafe	ty J	20	20	20		
Adequacy of t	reatment J	20		20		
Bacteriologic	al Quality	10	10	10		
Physical qual	ity	2	2	2		
Biological qual	lty	4	32	3%		
Adequacy of a	alluy	2	2			
Auequacy of q		دن • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<i>e</i>	٤		
	Sub-total	40	39 2	39 %		
Hazard adjustment facto	r deducted	0	2	0	3	
	<u>fotal</u>	40	37-	39-3		
(B) Prime Moving Equi	pment					
Well or intake	€	8	9	0	1, 2	
Pumps	:	7	7	- 7		
Piping arrange	ement	5	5	5		· · ·
Reservoirs		7	7	7		
Equipment nous	sing		3	. 3	******	
	Sub-total	30				
Hazard adjustment facto	r deducted	0				•
	fotal	30	28	30		
					-	
(C) Distribution Sys	tem					
Street mains	l	5	5	5		
Building serv	ices	ຊ	2	2		
Plumbing		3	1	23	h. 5	ì
Hydrants		1	1	1	-, -	•
Storage		4	L L	L L		
Pressure	1	2	2	2		
Tap water qual	lity	3	3	3		
	Sub-total	20				
Hazard adjustment facto	r deducted	()				
	Total	20	171	104		
				1.54		······································
(D) Operation and Op	erators					•
Control of sv	stem	3	2	3	3. 6	
Condition of	system	2	2	2	~, ~	
Operator qual	ifications	5	2	4	7.	
- •	Sub-total	10				
Hazard adjustment fact	or deducted	0				
the set is and as another table	Potal	10	7	10		
APAND TOTAL	AND DATING	100		10		
URANC IUIAL	AND RAIING	100	90	99		

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued. 2.8 Monthle State and S _____

Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Water Supply

Date December 14, 1971

	Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. in Attached Report
Sanitary Safety				
Adequacy of treatment	20	20	20	
Bacteriological Quality	10	10	10	
Physical quality	2	2	2	
Chemical quality	4	32	34	
Biological quality	2	2	2	
Adequacy of quantity	2 2	2	2	
Sub-total	40	39-5	39*2	
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0	2	0	3
lotal	40	3175		
(B) Prime Moving Fauinment				
Well or intake	Ω	6	8	1. 2
Dumpe	0	7	7	L, C
Dining annangement	7	i i	4	
Piping arrangement	5	2	2	
Fauipment housing	(12	2	1	
		<u>ر</u>		
Sub-total	30			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	00			
Total	30	28	30	
(C) Distribution System				
Street mains	5	5	5	
Building services	2	2	2	
Flumbing	3	1	2 2	4, 5
Hydrants	1	1	1	
Storage	4	4	14	
Pressure	2	2	2	
Tap water quality	3	3	3	
Sub-total	20			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Total	20	17%	104	
(D) Operation and Operators				
Control of system	3	235	3	3. 6
Condition of system	2	2	5	
Operator qualifications	5	2	2	7. Contification
Sub-total	10	F .S	·	
Verend ediuntmont factor dolucted	70			
nazara aajustment factor neaucted	<u>U</u>			
Total	10		10	
GRAND TOTAL AND RATING	100	90	99	}

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued.

Alar Att																	r					
Name of Water	Supply	/															1	PWS ID) Number			
Avon Mu	nici	pal	Wa	ter	Su	ppl	У											1730	002			
Box 27	Box 27																	Teleph	one Numpers:			
City					···	<u> </u>								State	Zip	lode		City	r: 6 <u>12/35</u>	6-79	22	
Avon														MN	563	310		Ope	erator.612/35	6-710	06 H	ome
County											Dist	trict						Eng	jineer:			
Stearns												<u>Cent</u>	ra	L				Oth	ier:			
Water Superint	Nater Superintendent Joseph Hoppe								CI	assifi	catio	n	Plant Classification					Owner Type				
Joseph 1)			D				Municipal				
Other Operator	'5									CI	assifi	icatio	n [Plant Typ	е				Plumbing Permi	its and		2
John Eh	ling	er									Γ)		Commu	<u>nity</u>						Yes	N
														Date of Pr	evious	Survey			Date of Survey			
														7/20/	79				10/30/80			
City Engineer					<u> </u>									<u></u>								
Pauly &	01s	on 1	Enq	ine	eri	nq																
SERVICE ARE	A CH	ARAC	CTER	ISTI	CS:																	
Municip	et] Sch	0010	r Col	lege				(Rec	reation	n Area			
Mobile I	lome F	Park						Ľ] Hot	el/Mo	otel					(Can	npgrou	nd			
Compen	y Tow	n] Res	ort						[Hou	using D	evelopment			
🗌 🗖 Instituti	on							E	Res	taura	nt					[] Other					
Population Ser	vect				;		· · · · · · ·		nvice	Con							10.0	rane C-	macitur		· · · · ·	
1000	VGU								66	COIN	ICCIN	2113					(Lis	it Sepa	rately)			
Design Capacity	v (gal/c	day)							veraqu	e Dail	v Pro	oduct	ion (gal/day)			120	0.00	00 gal. el	levat	ed s	tee
		•••						7	70,000							5	50,000 gal. elevated stee					
Emergency Cap	bacity (lgal/d	ay)					Highest Daily Production (gal/day)								1						
								2	205,000							Total: 250,000 gal.						
							TRI	EATMENT				WE				WELL	ELL DATA					
Source Name	Source Code	Availability	Disinfection	Aeration	Coagulation	Sedimentation	Filtration	Corrosion Con. Stabilization	Softening	Taste & Odor	Ammoniation	Fluoridation	Other	Year Installed	Casing Diameter	Casing Depth	Screen Length	Well Depth	Water Bearing Formation	Static Level	Drawdown	F
A Well 1	G	P										Va		1962	16"	132	10'	142	8			St 7!
B Well 2**	G	B													6"							St 4
														1070	1.21	50	201	70	e	251	221	S
												va		1979			_20			2.5	52	
																				-		
		1																1		1		
						[1			1			1				1
		ļ	 _		ļ	 					 _					 			ļ		ļ	_
																					l	
		1													1			1				1
8); 													<u> </u>									
								}										1				
Remarks:				*	*			•	•	•	A			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 4				10	- 1		

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Section of Water Supply and General Engineering

Sanitation Safety Rating of Avon Municipal Water Supply

Date October 30, 1980

	Perfect Score	As Found	As Recommended	See Recommendation No. In Attached Report
(A) Source			1	
Sanitary Safety	20	19	20	1.
Adequacy of treatment]				
Bacteriological Quality	10	10	10	
Physical quality	2	2	2	
Chemical quality	4	3	3	
Biological quality	2	2	2	
Adequacy of quantity	2	2	2	
Sub-total	40		 	(* ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *
Hazard adjustment factor_deducted	0			
Total	40	38	39	
(B) Prime Moving Equipment	-			
Well or intake	8	6	8	2, 3.
Pumps	7	7	7	
Piping arrangement	5	4.5	5	8.
Reservoirs	7	7	7	
Equipment housing	3	3	3	
Sub-total	30		**************************************	***************************************
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Total	30	27.5	30	
(C) Distribution System				
Street mains	5	5	5	
Building services	2	.5	1.5	4, 5.
Plumbing	3	.5	2.5	4, 5.
Hydrants	1	1	1	
Storage	4	4	4	
Pressure	2	2	2	
Tap water quality	3	3	3	
Sub-total	20			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Total	20	16	19	
(D) Operation and Operators				
Control of system	3	2	3	6, 7,
Condition of system	2	2	2	
Operator qualifications	5	5	5	
Sub-total	10			
		1		
Hazard adjustment factor deducted	0			
Hazard adjustment factor deducted Total	0	9	10	

90 and upward - high degree of safety. Watchful maintenance needed.

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85 to 89 - moderately high degree of safety. Correction and maintenance program continued.

ELEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

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OF THE

Minnesota State Dairy and Food Commissioner

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE

1907

1907 HARRISON & SMITH CO. MINNEAPOLIS

Digitized by Google

SHERBURNE COUNTY.

Name of Creamery.	Shipping Station.	Name or	of Secretary Manager.	Postoffice Address	3. Name of Buttermaker.	Postoffice Address.
Clear Lake Creamery Purity Creamery Grafton Creamery Big Lake Creamery Elk River Creamery Victor Creamery Co Orrock Co-operative Creamery	Clear Lake Becker Stewart Big Lake Elk River Princeton Big Lake	H. F. F. R. O. O. J. A. Cresce E. Od H. E.	Cleveland Braisie Holm Gutzlar ent Cry. Co egard Cregg	Clear Lake Becker Stewart Big Lake Santiago Orrock	. H. F. Cleveland F. R. Braisie G. G. Effertz J. A. Gutzlar Geo. W. Finch E. Odegard C. W. Parker	Clear Lake. Becker. Stewart. Big Lake. Elk River. Santiago. Orrock.

SIBLBY COUNTY.

Henderson Creamery Co	Henderson	
Star Creamery Co	Henderson, M. Strebel	1
Eagle Creamery Association	ArlingtonJack HroellsArlington, R. 1George F. LacherArlington, R. 1	
New Rome Creamery Association	Arlington	
Arlington Creamery Association	Arlington	
Gaylord Co-operative Creamery Assn	Gaylord	
New Auburn Creamery Co	Glencoe	
Green Isle Township Creamery Co	Green Isle	1.
Gibbon Creamery Co	Gibbon	
Bismark Creamery Association	Winthrop	1.
Winthrop Creamery Association	Winthrop	
Rush River Creamery Co	Rush River	5.
Pohler	Henderson	

STEARNS COUNTY.

St Wondol	Avon
St. Joseph Creamery Co	St. Joseph
Lake Henry	Lintonville
Unity Creamery	Sauk Center Emil Karlen Melrose A. J. Arneson Sauk Center, R. 3.
Spring Hill Creamery Association	LintonvilleJ. WaldorfSpring HillPeter WinterSpring Hill.
Monitor Creamery Association	Sauk Center Joe Jence
Freeport Creamery Association	Freeport
New Munich Creamery	Brooten
Nelson Merc. Co	Drooten
Reed & Sheiso	Brooton
Paque Creamery Co	Pavnesville B. F. Noonan Pavnesville
A hony Creamery	Albany
St Anthony Creamery Association	Albany
Melrose Creamery	MelroseB. Frieler

162

Unique Well Number	County Stea	irns		MIN	INESOTA	DEPARTM	ENT OF HE	EALTH		Entry Date	1992/09/	08
2/1592	Quad Avor	ı		WE	LL AN		NG REC	ORD		Update Date	2014/03/	10
241392	Quad Id 1570	C		1	MINNESO	TA STATUTES	CHAPTER	1031		Received Da	te	
Well Name AVON 1	Vell A					Well Dept	h	Denth Con	npleted	Date	Well Comple	ted
Township Range Dir	Section Subs	section	Field Locate	d MDH	1	142.00	ft	140	00 #	2410	1062/	
125 30 W	28 AA	CDCD	Elevation	1131.0	00 ft.	142.00	п	142.	00 1		1902/0	50/00
well and contact addre	AVON 2	1				Drillhole Angle						
AVON	N	1N		С	hanged	Drilling Me	ethod					
						Drilling Flu	uid		Well Hy	/drofractured?	YES	NO
									,	From	ft. to	
						Use c	ommunity s	upply(munici	pal)	-		
						Casing Ty	pe	Dr	ive Shoe?	YES NO	Hole Diameter (i	in.)
						Dia	ameter 16	De	pth 132			,
						16.00 in. fr	rom <u>0.00</u> to	5 1 <u>32.00</u> ft.	lbs/	′ft		
	1		1	1	1	-						
Description	C	olor	Hardness	From	To (ft.)	-						
NO RECORD				0	132	_						
SAND & GRAVEL				132	142	Correct	V					
						Screen	res				10111 10	
						Make	Slot Leng	th Sot	1	Гуре		
						0.00	10	132 ft. to	142 ft			
						Static Wate	er Level			5.4		
						0.00	ft.			Date measu	red	
						Pumping L	-evel (belo	w land surfa	ce)			
							ft. after		hr	s. pumpting		g.p.m.
						Wellhead 0	Completior	ו		M - 1 - 1		
						Pitless adap	ter manufactu	irer				
						Casing I	Protection	al Walls and Da			12 in. above grad	de
						Al-grate	(Environmen					
						Grouting Ir	nformation	Well gro	outed?	YES NO	NOT SPECI	IFIED
						Nearest Kr	nown Sour	ce of Contar	nination			
							fe	et		Direction		Туре
						Well disinfed	cted upon con	npletion?	/ES	NO		
						Pump	t Inotelle -		P-4	Inotallad		
						Manufacture	s name		Date			
						Model numb				нр 0.0	0 Volte	
						Length of dr	rop pipe	Material		<u></u> Capa	acity <u>75</u>	J.p.m
						Туре	Subi	mersible			v	-
Romarks						Abandone	d Wells					
WELL SFAI FD 10-10-1	2003 BY 7364	6				Does proper	ty have any no	ot in use and not	sealed we	II(s)? YES	NO	
		-				Variance						
						Was a varian	ice granted fro	om the MDH for t	his well?	YES	NO	
						Well Contr	ractor Cerf	ication				
						Minnesota	Departmer	nt of Health		MDH		
						License B	usiness Na	ame		Lic. or Re	g No.	
First Bedrock		Aquifer	Quaternary un	diff.							-	
Last Strat QHUU		Depth to	Bedrock		ft.							
County Well Index v.5	REPORT	1	Printed or	n 5/15/20)19	Name o	f Driller			Date	HE-01205-07 (Re	ev. 2/99)

Unique Well Number County Stearns MINNES	OTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Entry Date 1992/09/08					
Quad Avon WELL	WELLAND BORING RECORD Update Date 2014/03/10					
Quad Id 157C MINNE	MINNESOTA STATUTES CHAPTER 1031 Received Date					
	Well Dopth Dopth Completed Date Well Completed					
Township Range Dir Section Subsection Field Located MGS						
125 30 W 28 ACDACA Elevation 1122.00 f	<u>t.</u> π. π.					
well and contact address AVON 2	Drillhole Angle					
AVON MN Chang	ed Drilling Method					
	Drilling Fluid Well Hydrofractured? YES NO					
	From ft. to					
	Use municipal					
	Casing Type Drive Shoe? YES NO Hole Diameter (in.)					
	Diameter 6 Depth					
	6.00 in from 0.00 to ft Ibs/ft					
	—					
	Screen Open Hole(ft.) From to					
	Make Type					
	Diamter Slot Length Set					
	Static Water Level					
	0.00 ft. Date measured					
	Pumping Level (below land surface)					
	ft. after hrs. pumpting g.p.m.					
	Wellhead Completion					
	Pitless adapter manufacturer Model					
	Casing Protection					
	Nearest Known Source of Contamination					
	feet Direction Type					
	Well disinfected upon completion? YES NO					
	Pump					
	Not Installed Date Installed					
	Model number HP 0.00 Volta					
	Length of drop pipe Material Capacity <u>40</u> g.p.m					
	Type Submersible					
Remarks	Abandoned Wells					
WELL SEALED 10-11-1989 BY 73025	Does property have any not in use and not sealed well(s)? YES NO					
	VarianCe Was a variance granted from the MDH for this well?					
	Well Contractor Confication					
	Minnopote Department of Lealth MDU					
First Bedrock Aquifer	License Business Name Lic. or Reg No.					
Last Strat Depth to Bedrock	ít.					
County Well Index us REPORT Printed on 5/15/2019	Name of Driller Date HE_01205_07 (Rev. 2/00)					

Unique Well Number	County S	Stearns		MIN	NESOTA	A DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Entry Date 1993/03/23
242069	Quad A	von		WE	LL AN	ID BORING RECORD Update Date 2014/05/22
	Quad Id 1	57C		Λ	<i>MINNESO</i>	TA STATUTES CHAPTER 1031 Received Date
Well Name AVON 3	<u>Vell C</u>					Well Depth Depth Completed Date Well Completed
125 30 W	27	CADDDC	Field Locate	d MDH 1149.0)0 ft.	70.00 ft 70.00 ft 1979/00/00
well and contact addr	ess avo	DN 3				Drillhole Angle
AVON		MN		C	hanged	Drilling Method
						Drilling Fluid Well Hydrofractured? YES NO
						From ft. to
						Use community supply(municipal)
						Casing Type Drive Shoe? YES NO Hole Diameter (in.)
						Diameter 12 Depth 50
Description		Color	Hardness	From	To (ft.)	
NO RECORD				0	50	
SAND & GRAVEL				50	70	
						Screen Yes Open Hole(ft.) From to
						Diamter Slot Length Set
						0.00 20 50 ft. to 70 ft.
						Static Water Level
						25.00 ft. land surface Date measured 1964/00/00
						57.00 ft after brs. pumpting 0.00 g.p.m.
						Wellhead Completion
						Pitless adapter manufacturer Model
						Casing Protection 12 in. above grade
						At-grate (Environmental Wells and Borings ONLY) Basement offset
						Grouting Information Well grouted? YES NO NOT SPECIFIED
						Necrest Known Source of Contamination
						feet Direction Type
						Well disinfected upon completion? YES NO
						Pump
						Not Installed Date Installed
						Model number HP 0.00 Volts
						Length of drop pipe Material Capacity 250 g.p.m
						Type Submersible
Remarks						Abaπαoned WellS Does property have any not in use and not sealed well(s)? YES NO
						Variance
						Was a variance granted from the MDH for this well?
						Well Contractor Cerfication
						Minnesota Department of Health MDH
						License Business Name Lic. or Reg No.
First Bedrock		Aquifer	Quat. Water Ta	ble Aquife	er #	
County Wall Index v S	REDO	RT	Printed on	5/15/20	19 19	Name of Driller Date HE-01205-07 (Rev. 2/00)

Unique Well Number	County Stearns		MIN	NESOTA	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Entry Date 2004/05/19
696861	Quad Avon		WE	LL AN	D BORING RECORD Update Date 2014/03/10
030001	Quad Id 157C		Λ	<i>MINNESO</i>	TA STATUTES CHAPTER 1031 Received Date 2003/12/19
Well Name AVON 4					Well Depth Depth Completed Date Well Completed
Township Range Dir	Section Subsection	Field Located	MDH	o f i	255.00 ft 251.00 ft 2003/09/26
125 30 W	22 CCCBCC	Elevation	1140.0	ο π.	
	AVON, CITY OF				Angle
AVON	MN	56310			Drilling Method Non-specified Rotany
					Use community supply(municipal)
					Casing Type Steel (black or low Drive Shoe? YES V NO Hole Diameter (in.)
					Diameter 12 Depth 231 18.0(To 255.0
					12.00 in. from 0.00 to 231.00 ft. 53.52 lbs/ft
		I I	_		
Description	Color	Hardness	From	To (ft.)	
SAND & GRAVEL	BROWN	SOFT	0	51	
	BROWN		51	53	Screen Yes Open Hole(ft.) From to
SAND & GRAVEL	BROWN	SOFT	53	87	Make JOHNSON Type stainless steel
	GRAY		87	96	Diamter Slot Length Set
SAND	GRAT		90	120	$\frac{12.00}{100}$ 100 20 231 ft. to 251 ft.
			120	1/5	
CLAV	BROWN		109	201	
	BROWN		201	201	
	BROWN		201	203	
SAND & GRAVEL	BROWN	SOFT	203	251	Static Water Level
MARI	BLUE	MEDIUM	251	255	21.00 ft. land surface Date measured 2003/09/20
		1			251.00 ft after 151.00 brs pumpting 1200.00 g.p.m.
					Wellhead Completion
					Pitless adapter manufacturer Model
					Casing Protection 12 in. above grade
					At-grate (Environmental Wells and Borings ONLY) Basement offset
					Grouting Information Well grouted?
					Material neat cement From 0.0 To 221.0 ft. 8.50 Cubic yards
					Nearest Known Source of Contamination
					100 feet VV Direction O Type Well disinfected upon completion? VES ✓ NO
					Pump
					✓ Not Installed
					Manufacture's name
					Model number HP Volts
					Type
Pomarke					Abandoned Wells
Remarks					Does property have any not in use and not sealed well(s)?
					Variance
					Was a variance granted from the MDH for this well?
					Licence Project Name
First Bedrock	Aquifer	Quat buried art	es, aquif	er	LICENSE BUSINESS NAME LIC. OF REG NO.
Last Strat	Depth to	Bedrock	so. aquin	ft.	RTAIN, R.
County Well Index y 5	REPORT	Printed on	5/15/20	19	Name of Driller Date HE-01205-07 (Rev. 2/99)

Unique Well Number	County	Stearns		MIN	NESOTA	A DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Entry Date 0000/00/00
696862	Quad	Avon		WE	LL AN	ID BORING RECORD Update Date 2014/03/10
	Quad Id	157C		M	INNESO	TA STATUTES CHAPTER 1031 Received Date 2003/12/19
Well Name AVON 5	Section	0				Well Depth Depth Completed Date Well Completed
125 30 W	22	CCCBBD	Elevation	1137.0	0 ft.	240.00 ft 240.00 ft 2003/08/11
well address	AV	ON			-	Drillhole
2 ANGEL FISH AV	,					Angle
AVON		MN	56310	Cł	nanged	Drilling Method Non-specified Rotary
						Drilling Fluid Well Hydrofractured? VES V NO
						Qwik gel From ft. to
						Use community supply(municipal)
						Casing Type Steel (black or Iow Drive Shoe? YES 🗸 NO Hole Diameter (in.)
						Diameter 12 Depth 220 18.0(To 240.0
						12.00 in from 0.00 to 220.00 ft. 53.53 lbs/ft
Description		Color	Hordnooo	Erom	To (ft)	
			ROFT		10 (11.)	
				2	- 2	
		BROWN		<u> ۲</u>	1	Screen Yes Open Hole(ft.) From to
		BROWN	SOFT	1	44 55	Make JOHNSON Type stainless steel
				55	60	Diamter Slot Length Set
				00 60	75	$\frac{12.00 100 20 220 \text{ft. to} 240 \text{ft.}}{100 20 220 \text{ft. to} 240 \text{ft.}}$
				75	02	
		GRAV		22	00	-
				00	104	
		GRAV	ISOFT	104	104	
		GRAV		120	120	Static Water Level
SAND		GRAV	ISOFT	120	124	14.00 ft. land surface Date measured 2003/07/07
		GRAV	ISOFT	124	124	Pumping Level (below land surface)
		GRAV		124	120	53.00 ft. after 1.00 hrs. pumpting 600.00 g.p.m.
		BROWN	ISOFT	135	1/3	Wellhead Completion
		GRAY	ISOFT	143	145	Casing Protection
		GRAV	ISOFT	156	173	At-grate (Environmental Wells and Borings ONLY) Basement offset
		GRAY	ISOFT	173	175	Grouting Information Well grouted?
SAND		GRAY	ISOFT	175	176	Material neat cement From 0.0 To 230.0 ft 75.00 Cubic vards
		BROWN	SOFT	176	178	
SAND		GRAY	SOFT	178	180	
DIRTY SAND		GRAY	SOFT	180	196	
SAND GRAVEI		GRAY	SOFT	196	205	
CLAY		BROWN	SOFT	205	213	Nearest Known Source of Contamination
SAND GRAVEI		GRAY	SOFT	213	240	230 feet N Direction BOW Type
GRANITE		RED	HARD	240	240	Well disinfected upon completion? YES VNO
		-	<u> </u>	-	-	Pump
						Manufacture's name
						Model number HP Volts
						Length of drop pipe Material Capacityg.p.m
						Туре
Remarks						Abandoned Wells
						Variance
						Was a variance granted from the MDH for this well? ✓ NO
						Well Contractor Cerfication
						Mark Traut Wells Inc. 763/3
First Bedrock		Aquifer	Quat. buried art	es, aquife	er	LICE OF REG NO.
Last Strat		Depth to	Bedrock		ft.	
County Well Index v.5	REPO	ORT	Printed on	5/15/20	19	Name of Driller Date HE-01205-07 (Rev. 2/99)

Appendix G

LGU Written Comment



Stearns County Soil & Water Conservation District

Stearns County SWCD 110 2nd Street South – Suite 128 Waite Park, MN 56387 Tel. (320) 251-7800 ext. 3 Fax (855) 205-6907 www.StearnsCountySWCD.net

Date: July 1, 2024

To: Justin Kurtz and Josh Blommer, City of Avon

From: Stephanie Hatzenbihler, Stearns County Soil and Water Conservation District

Re: City of Avon Protection Program

The Stearns County Soil and Water Conservation District submits the following comments in response to the local review request of the Part II Wellhead Protection Plan draft dated May 30, 2024:

- 1. Page 19 section 7.4 Support provided by nonprofit organizations:
 - a. 1W1P, WRAPS, GRAPS, BWSR these should be moved to section 7.3 State Agency and Federal Agency Support
 - b. Stearns SWCD, Stearns County these should be moved to section 7.2 Local Government Controls and Programs
- 2. Table 13, Measure 3 remove the text "The City of Avon must participate in the 1W1P process to be considered for project funding." While it would be ideal for the city to participate it is not a requirement to access funding for projects.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and submit comments on the City of Avon draft wellhead protection plan, Part II. We look forward to continuing to be a community partner as the city continues to protect its drinking water supply. If you have any questions, please direct all communication to Stephanie Hatzenbihler at (320) 251 7800, extension 3.

Sincerely,

Stephanie Hatzenbihler

Stephanie Hatzenbihler, Water Plan Coordinator Stearns County Soil and Water Conservation District Hi guys –

I know the draft went out for review, but I don't think it's too late to do this. When I took a look at the proposed management strategies to remove, #7 sort of raised a flag. I understand the perceived lack of support and understand why #s 8 & 9 would be difficult. But I chatted with Hunter Bloomer (MDH District Engineer) about #7 and I would like to ask that that stay in the Plan. It looks like the City's ordinances prohibit cross connections where private wells may be used (Section 52.06). According to Hunter, there are certain inspection requirements where private wells occur (the school and Casey's were examples he mentioned), and if there were to be contamination due to a cross connection, the city would be liable for cleanup, repairs, etc.

That said, please leave #7 in there, and Hunter and I would be happy to help you with the cross-connection program. Justin, Hunter said that if you have any questions, you are welcome to call him (same stands for me as well).

Thank you! Chad

From: Mark Sherrill <msherrill@sehinc.com>
Sent: Tuesday, June 4, 2024 11:42 AM
To: Anderson, Chad (MDH) <Chad.R.Anderson@state.mn.us>
Cc: Melanie Niday <mniday@sehinc.com>
Subject: RE: City of Avon Wellhead Protection Plan Part II - Link to Plan for your Review

Hi Chad,

No rush on reviewing! One quick update for you - but no action required on your end.

I also wanted to update you that we have edited the management strategies on your recommendation on reducing management strategies - Justin decided that he'd like to remove measures 7, 8, and 9 from the plan (see snip below) which pertain to Tank Site PCS. It doesn't sound like he'd have a lot of support on getting these accomplished and would like to focus his efforts elsewhere. We still have management strategies for tank PCS codes in both measures 19 and 20. If you have any questions or concerns let me know.

7	Moderate	The City will explore the need to implement a cross connection control program.	D	Staff Time	MDH, consultant		•			•		
8	Moderate	Work with City Council to educate them on the importance to adopt the state's tank rules by local ordinance, so the local unit of government could enforce the state's rules locally but not confuse the tank owners and installers with differing requirements for tank installation, maintenance, and removal.	D	Staff Time	MDH, City of Avon	•	•	•	•		•	•
6	Moderate	Work with City Council to explore the need to implement and require new above ground and underground tanks to have corrosion protection, leak detection, spill overfill prevention, and/or secondary containment.	D	Staff Time	MDH, consultant	•	•	•	•		•	•

Thanks,

Mark Sherrill, PG (MN, WI) Environmental Scientist Short Elliott Hendrickson Inc. 651.262.6715 direct | 651.490.2000 main Building a Better World for All of Us®

From:	<u>Schlorf, Becky</u>
To:	Mark Sherrill
Cc:	<u>Blazek, Kyle; justin.k@cityofavonmn.com; Anderson, Chad (MDH)</u>
Subject:	RE: City of Avon Wellhead Protection Program - 60-day comment period - Public Hearing on August 5th at 6.30 PM
Date:	Thursday, June 6, 2024 11:29:04 AM
Attachments:	image002.png
	image003.png
	image004.png

Hi Mark,

The zoning of Avon Township is not shown correctly. Below is the correct zoning shown from the Property Viewer available here: <u>https://stearns-county-gis-stearns.hub.arcgis.com/apps/fbc70d782fc547f9b8220218eac3c966</u>. There are some small areas in the NW area of the WHPA that are zoned Ag-40 (green) and are not Urban Expansion (purple).



The draft plan shows the Avon Township area as all Urban Expansion (light green).



Becky

Rebecca Schlorf | Environmental Services Supervisor

becky.schlorf@stearnscountymn.gov | (320) 656-3613 | 800-450-0852 www.stearnscountymn.gov ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT STEARNS COUNTY SERVICE CENTER 3301 COUNTY RD 138 WAITE PARK MN 56387

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From: Mark Sherrill <msherrill@sehinc.com>

Sent: Tuesday, June 4, 2024 1:28 PM

To: chad_klocker@avontownship.org; Perske, Joseph <Joseph.Perske@stearnscountymn.gov>; area1.stearnscountyswcd@gmail.com; avonarealakesassoc@gmail.com; jmanthe24@gmail.com; Abigail Parker <Abigail@srwdmn.org>; Cymbaluk, Wayne - FPAC-NRCS, MN <Wayne.Cymbaluk@mn.nacdnet.net>; Blazek, Kyle <Kyle.Blazek@stearnscountymn.gov>; Schlorf, Becky <Rebecca.Schlorf@stearnscountymn.gov>; Anderson, Chad (MDH) <Chad.R.Anderson@state.mn.us>; Justin K - City of Avon <justin.k@cityofavonmn.com>; Hatzenbihler, Stephanie - FPAC-NRCS, MN <stephanie.hatzenbihler@mn.nacdnet.net>

Cc: Melanie Niday <mniday@sehinc.com>; Witkowski, Trudi (MDH) <trudi.witkowski@state.mn.us> **Subject:** City of Avon Wellhead Protection Program - 60-day comment period - Public Hearing on August 5th at 6.30 PM

CAUTION:External Message. Please report all suspicious emails to the IT Service Desk using the Outlook Phish Alert button.

On behalf of: Justin Kurtz & Josh Blommer, City of Avon

City of Avon Wellhead Protection Program

City of Avon is in the process of developing a wellhead protection plan for its drinking water supply wells. Enclosed for your review and comment is the draft wellhead protection plan, Part II, for this system as required in the Minnesota Wellhead Protection Rule (part 4720.5350, subparts 1-3). This portion of the plan includes information pertaining to:

- 1. The inventory of potential contaminants of concern within the drinking water supply management area;
- 2. The data that was considered in this portion of the plan;
- 3. Issues, problems, and concerns within the drinking water supply management area;
- 4. Goals, objectives, and action strategies to address the issues and concerns within the drinking water supply management area;
- 5. A plan evaluation strategy; and
- 6. A contingency strategy in the event of water system disruption.

You can view the plan in the following Sharepoint file for download and is also attached to this email:

Your comments on this portion of the plan will be accepted through the 60-day comment period. Email to Justin Kurtz justin.k@cityofavonmn.com and <<u>msherrill@sehinc.com</u>> or please send your written comments before August 5, 2024, to:

Justin Kurtz & Josh Blommer City of Avon 140 Stratford St. E. P.O. Box 69 Avon, MN 56310

Consistent with the Wellhead Protection Rule (part 4720.5350, subpart 4), a Public Hearing at the City of Avon City Hall has been scheduled to discuss issues and address all comments related to the enclosed document at **6:30 p.m. on Monday August 05, 2024,** at:

Avon City Hall 140 Stratford St. E. Avon, MN 56310

We look forward to your participation.

Mark Sherrill, PG (MN, WI) Environmental Scientist Short Elliott Hendrickson Inc. 651.262.6715 direct | 651.490.2000 main Building a Better World for All of Us®



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